

Cambridge Assessment International Education

Cambridge International Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level

CANDIDATE NAME			
CENTRE NUMBER		CANDIDATE NUMBER	
COMPUTER S	CIENCE		9608/32
Paper 3 Advanced Theory		October	/November 2019
		1	hour 30 minutes
Candidates ans	swer on the Question Paper.		

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

No Additional Materials are required.

Write your centre number, candidate number and name in the spaces at the top of this page.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams, graphs or rough working.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer **all** questions.

No calculators allowed.

No marks will be awarded for using brand names of software packages or hardware.

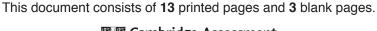
At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

The maximum number of marks is 75.



© UCLES 2019



1 (a) The following incomplete table shows descriptions relating to the security of data transmission.Complete the table with the appropriate terms.

	Description	Term
A	The original data to be transmitted as a message	
В	An electronic document from a trusted authority that ensures authentication	
С	An encryption method produced by a trusted authority that can be used by anyone	

[3]

b) (i) Explain the purpose of a digital signature.

[2]
(ii) Describe how a digital signature is produced for transmission with the message.

2 (a) A Boolean expression produces the following truth table.

	INPUT			
Α	В	С	X	
0	0	0	1	
0	0	1	1	
0	1	0	1	
0	1	1	1	
1	0	0	1	
1	0	1	1	
1	1	0	0	
1	1	1	0	

(i)	Write the Boolean	expression	for the truth	table by	applying the	sum-of-products.

X =		
	[3]

(ii) Complete the Karnaugh Map (K-map) for the truth table in part (a).

AB

		00	01	11	10
С	0				
C	1				

[1]

The K-map can be used to simplify the function in part (a)(i).

- (iii) Draw loop(s) around appropriate groups in the table in **part (a)(ii)**, to produce an optimal sum-of-products. [2]
- (iv) Write, using your answer to **part** (a)(iii), a simplified Boolean expression for your Karnaugh map.

-	-	-	

(b) Simplify the following expression using De Morgan's laws. Show your working.

$(\overline{\overline{W}} + X) \cdot (Y + \overline{Z})$
[3]

A co	omputing department in a school has a Local Area Network (LAN) with a bus topology.
(a)	A description of sending a message on a bus network is given.
	Complete the following description by inserting an appropriate term in each space.
	Computer 1 and Computer 2 are on the same bus network. Computer 1 sends a message to
	Computer 2. Before the message is sent, it is split into
	Computer 1 needs to check that the is free, before sending the
	message, otherwise a will occur that will be managed by the
	protocol.
	[4]
(b)	The computing department's LAN needs to connect to the Internet.
	Explain how each device is used in the operation of the bus network.
	Router
	Network Interface Card (NIC)
	[4]

(c)		computing department's network is being adapted to allow students to connect wireless ices.
	(i)	Identify ${\bf two}$ types of hardware components the computing department will need to allow wireless connection.
		1
		2[2]
	(ii)	Describe how the wireless connection sends and receives data.
		[4]

Phy	sical	memory is managed using virtual memory and paging.
(a)	Des	scribe what is meant by virtual memory .
		[2]
(b)	(i)	Explain how paging is used to manage virtual memory.
		[4]
	(ii)	Give a suitable page replacement algorithm for this process.
		[1]
	(iii)	One drawback of using virtual memory is disk thrashing.
	` ,	Describe what is meant by the term disk thrashing .
		[2]

A w	weather station uses monitoring and control systems.					
(a)	Des	scribe the difference between a monitoring system and a control system.				
			[2			
	••••		L-,			
(b)	(i)	The weather station records how the outside temperature changes over a period of till The system will read the temperature once every hour, over a period of 100 days.	me.			
		The temperature readings are automatically stored in a file. No other data are stored				
		Explain why the weather station has decided to use serial organisation for the file.				
			[2]			
	(ii)	Serial files can be accessed using sequential access.				
		Explain how sequential access could be used for the temperature readings file.				
			[5.			
	(iii)	Name and describe a method of file organisation other than serial or sequential.	L <u>-</u> .			
	(111)	Method				
		Description				

(a)	Sta	State what is meant by a user-defined data type .												
(b)	A ps	seudocode declaration for a user-defined data type for the months of the year is as follow	/S:											
		PE DECLARE Months: (January, February, March, April, May, June, July August, September, October, November, December) DTYPE	⁷ ,											
	(i)	Identify this type of user-defined data type.												
	(ii)	Write a pseudocode statement to declare a variable CurrentMonth of data tylements.												
((iii)	Write a pseudocode statement to assign the value August to the variable CurrentMonth.	ole											

7 The following are the first few lines of a source code program written in a high-level language. The source code program is to be translated by the language compiler.

```
// program written on 15 June 2019

DECLARE IsFound : Boolean;
DECLARE NoOfChildren : Integer;
DECLARE Count : Integer;
Constant TaxRate = 15;

// start of main program
For Count = 1 to 50
...
...
...
```

(a)	Duri	ring the lexical analysis stage, the compiler will use a keyword table and a symbol table.			
	(i)	Identify two types of data in the keyword table.			
		Type 1			
		Type 2			
	(ii)	Identify two types of data in the symbol table.	[2		
		Type 1			
		Type 2	 [2		
((iii)	Explain how the contents of the keyword and symbol tables are used to translate source code program.	the		
			[2		
((iv)	State one additional task completed at the lexical analysis stage that does not involve the use of a keyword or a symbol table.	lve		

(b)	The final stage of compilation can be code optimisation.
	Explain why code is optimised.
	[9]

8 (a) The following 16-bit binary pattern represents a floating-point number stored in two's complement form. The twelve most significant bits are used for the mantissa and the four least significant bits are used for the exponent.

Mos sigr	t nificant	bit											sig	l nifica	Least nt bit
0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1
(i)	Identify	y the b	oinary	value	of the	·									[1]
(ii)	Identify	y the b	oinary	value	of the	mant	issa.								
<i>(</i> 111)															[1]
(iii)	State v						-								
	Positiv	e or n	egativ	e											
	Justific	ation													
															[2]
(iv)	Conve	rt the	binary	floatii	ng-poi	nt nur	nber i	n part	(a) in	to der	ary. S	Show y	our w	orking	
	Workin	ıg													
	Denary	y value	e												[3]

(b)	The number of bits used for the exponent is increased to eight, and the number of bits used for the mantissa is decreased to eight.									
	State the effects of this change.									
	[2]									

BLANK PAGE

BLANK PAGE

BLANK PAGE

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced online in the Cambridge Assessment International Education Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations and is freely available to download at www.cambridgeinternational.org after the live examination series.

Cambridge Assessment International Education is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of the University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which itself is a department of the University of Cambridge.