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**CHEMISTRY****0620/53**

Paper 5 Practical

**October/November 2018**

MARK SCHEME

Maximum Mark: 40

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**Published**

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2018 series for most Cambridge IGCSE™, Cambridge International A and AS Level components and some Cambridge O Level components.

**PUBLISHED****Generic Marking Principles**

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:**

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:**

Marks awarded are always **whole marks** (not half marks, or other fractions).

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:**

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:**

Rules must be applied consistently e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:**

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:**

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

<b>Question</b>	<b>Answer</b>	<b>Marks</b>
1(a)	Table of results for experiments 1–4	
	Initial and final temperature boxes completed correctly	<b>1</b>
	Average temperature boxes completed correctly	<b>1</b>
	Times completed in seconds	<b>1</b>
	Times in descending order	<b>1</b>
1(b)	All points plotted correctly	<b>3</b>
	Smooth line graph (curve)	<b>1</b>
1(c)	Indication on graph	<b>1</b>
	Value from graph	<b>1</b>
	°C	<b>1</b>
1(d)(i)	Experiment 4	<b>1</b>
1(d)(ii)	Particles (of solution L) have more / most (kinetic) energy / move faster	<b>1</b>
	More frequent collisions / particles collide more often	<b>1</b>
1(e)	Insulation / use a lid	<b>1</b>
	To reduce heat losses	<b>1</b>
1(f)	Too slow / slower addition of solution	<b>1</b>
	Measuring time taken / results less accurate	<b>1</b>

Question	Answer	Marks
<b>Tests on solid P</b>		
2(a)	<b>P</b> White(solid / crystals) <b>and</b> <b>Q</b> pink (solid)	<b>1</b>
2(b)(i)	Any two from: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Fizz / bubbles</li><li>• pH / litmus paper</li><li>• turns blue / pH&gt;7 / alkaline</li></ul>	<b>2</b>
2(b)(ii)	ammonia	<b>1</b>
2(c)(i)	No reaction / (remains) colourless / no change	<b>1</b>
2(c)(ii)	Not a sulfate	<b>1</b>
2(d)	red	<b>1</b>
2(e)	lithium	<b>1</b>
	nitrate	<b>1</b>

Question	Answer	Marks
<b>Tests on solid Q</b>		
2(f)	Condensation	<b>1</b>
	Solid turns paler / white	<b>1</b>
2(g)(i)	Beige / light brown precipitate	<b>1</b>
	Dark ring (at surface) / brown (precipitate)	<b>1</b>
2(g)(ii)	White precipitate	<b>1</b>
2(h)	Transition metal / element	<b>1</b>
	Chloride / $Cl^-$	<b>1</b>

Question	Answer	Marks
3	<p>Marks may be awarded from labelled diagrams</p> <p><b>Ignore any process done to single substances.</b> If candidates make the mixture up for themselves then carry on marking.</p> <p><b>Method 1</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1 heat the mixture</li> <li>2 using a Bunsen / electric heater / oil bath</li> <li>3 in a suitable container (flask / boiling tube / test-tube)</li> <li>4 ethanol boils / evaporates first / at 78 °C</li> <li>5 limonene boils next / at 176 °C (and collects / condenses )</li> <li>6 use of the term (fractional) distillation</li> <li>7 use of a condenser</li> <li>8 sodium carbonate residue left</li> </ol> <p><b>Method 2</b> (assuming sodium carbonate does not dissolve)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1 filter (to obtain sodium carbonate)</li> <li>2 heat the filtrate</li> <li>3 using a Bunsen / electric heater / oil bath</li> <li>4 in a suitable container (flask / boiling tube / test-tube)</li> <li>5 ethanol boils / evaporates first/at 78 °C</li> <li>6 limonene boils next / at 176 °C (and collects / condenses) / is the residue</li> <li>7 use of the term (fractional) distillation</li> <li>8 use of a condenser</li> </ol> <p><b>Method 3</b> (assuming sodium carbonate does not dissolve and liquids do not mix). This is <b>MAX 5 ONLY</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1 filter (to obtain sodium carbonate)</li> <li>2 use of separating funnel</li> <li>3 run / let one liquid out</li> <li>4 by opening the tap</li> <li>5 leave other liquid in separating funnel</li> </ol>	<b>max 6</b>