

Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level

AS & A Level			
CANDIDATE NAME			
CENTRE NUMBER		CANDIDATE NUMBER	
PHYSICS			9702/36
Paper 3 Advan	ced Practical Skills 2	Oc	tober/November 2018
			2 hours
Candidates ans	wer on the Question Paper.		
Additional Mate	rials: As listed in the Confidential Instructions.		

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer **both** questions.

You will be allowed to work with the apparatus for a maximum of one hour for each question.

You are expected to record all your observations as soon as these observations are made, and to plan the presentation of the records so that it is not necessary to make a fair copy of them.

You are reminded of the need for good English and clear presentation in your answers.

Electronic calculators may be used.

You may lose marks if you do not show your working or if you do not use appropriate units.

Additional answer paper and graph paper should be used only if it becomes necessary to do so.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

For Exam	iner's Use
1	
2	
Total	

This document consists of **10** printed pages and **2** blank pages.





You may not need to use all of the materials provided.

- 1 In this experiment, you will investigate a system in equilibrium.
 - (a) Assemble the apparatus as shown in Fig. 1.1.

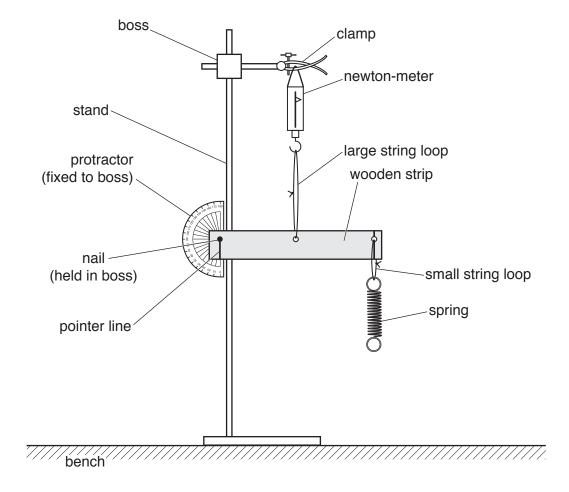


Fig. 1.1

- Adjust the apparatus so that the wooden strip is horizontal, the large string loop and newton-meter are vertical, and the pointer line is aligned with the zero line on the protractor.
- Measure and record the length L_0 of the coiled part of the spring, as shown in Fig. 1.2.

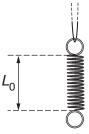


Fig. 1.2

 $L_0 =$ [1]

(b) • Pull the spring down a short distance, keeping the small string loop aligned with the line on the wooden strip, as shown in Fig. 1.3.

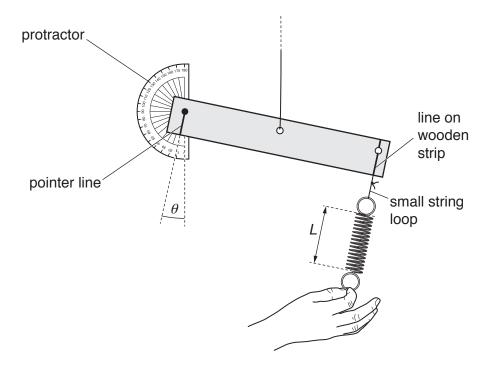


Fig. 1.3

•	Measure and rec	ord the length	L of the coiled	section of the	spring, as	shown in Fig.	1.3

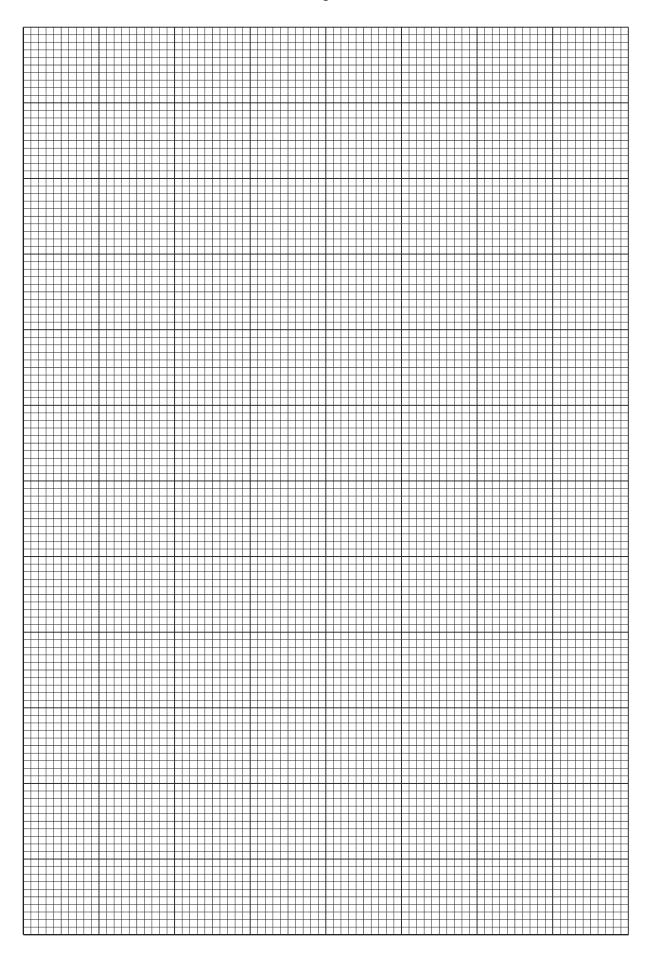
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• Read and record the angle θ of the pointer line from the vertical, as shown in Fig. 1.3.

$\theta =$	 	 	
			[1]

(C)	and	eat (b) using different values of θ less than 45° until you have six sets of values of θ .	J
	Rec table	ord your results in a table. Include values of $(L-L_0)$ and values of $(\sin \theta)(\cos \theta)$ in your	r
	tabi	J.	
		[10]
(d)	(i)	Plot a graph of $(L-L_0)$ on the <i>y</i> -axis against $(\sin \theta)(\cos \theta)$ on the <i>x</i> -axis. [3]]
	(ii)	Draw the straight line of best fit. [1]
((iii)	Determine the gradient and <i>y</i> -intercept of this line.	
		gradient =	
		v-intercept =	

[2]



(e)	It is suggested	that the qu	antities L	and θ are	related I	by the	equation
-----	-----------------	-------------	------------	------------------	-----------	--------	----------

$$(L-L_0) = a (\sin \theta)(\cos \theta) + b$$

where *a* and *b* are constants.

Use your answers in (d)(iii) to determine the values of a and b. Give appropriate units.

a =	•••••	 	 	
b=		 	 	
				[2]

[Total: 20]

You may not need to use all of the materials provided.

- 2 In this experiment, you will investigate the motion of a hacksaw blade.
 - (a) Assemble the apparatus as shown in Fig. 2.1.

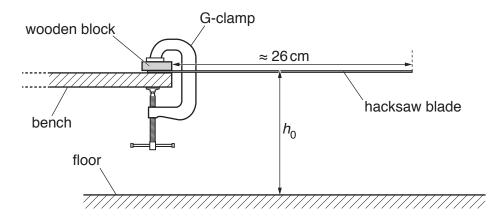


Fig. 2.1 (not to scale)

• The vertical distance from the floor to the top surface of the hacksaw blade is h_0 , as shown in Fig. 2.1.

Measure and record h_0 .

$$h_0 =$$
[1]

(b) (i) • Place the 100 g mass on the blade with its centre approximately 19 cm from the bench and tape it in position.

When released, the hacksaw blade will bend down, as shown in Fig. 2.2.

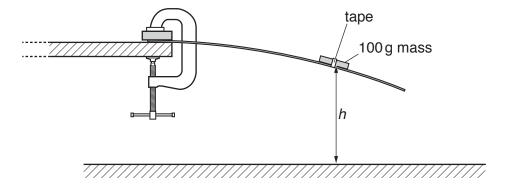


Fig. 2.2 (not to scale)

 The vertical distance from the floor to the top surface of the hacksaw blade at the centre of the mass is h.

Measure and record h.

(ii) Calculate y, where $y = h_0 - h$.

		y =[1]
(c)	Estimate the percentage uncertainty in your value	
	nercentage uncertain	nty =[1]
(4)	Push the end of the hacksaw blade down a sma	
(u)	oscillate.	ill distance and then release it. The blade wil
	Determine the period T of the oscillations.	
		T =[2]
(e)	Move the slotted mass approximately 3 cm	
()	 Measure and record h. 	·
		h =
	 Repeat (b)(ii) and (d). 	
		<i>y</i> =
		T =[3]

		•	
(f)	It is	suggested that the relationship between T and y is	
		$T = c\sqrt{y}$	
	whe	ere <i>c</i> is a constant.	
	(i)	Using your data, calculate two values of <i>c</i> .	
		first value of $c = \dots$	
		second value of $c = \dots$	
			1]
	(ii)	Explain whether your results support the suggested relationship.	
			•••
			1]
(g)	The	eory suggests that an approximate value of the acceleration of free fall g is given by A_{π^2}	
		$g = \frac{4\pi^2}{c^2} \ .$	
		ng your second value of c , calculate g . e an appropriate unit.	

(h) (i)	Describe four sources of uncertainty or limitations of the procedure for this experiment.
	1
	2
	3
	4
(ii)	Describe four improvements that could be made to this experiment. You may suggest the use of other apparatus or different procedures.
	1
	2
	3
	4
	[4]

[Total: 20]

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