

Cambridge Assessment International Education

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MATHEMATICS 0580/43
Paper 4 (Extended) May/June 2018

MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 130

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

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Generic Marking Principles

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always whole marks (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit
 is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme,
 referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these
 features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The
 meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

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Abbreviations

cao correct answer only

dep dependent

FT follow through after error

isw ignore subsequent working

oe or equivalent

SC Special Case nfww not from wrong working

soi seen or implied

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
1(a)(i)	13.5	3	M2 for $\frac{45.4[0]-40}{40}$ [× 100] or $\frac{45.4[0]}{40}$ × 100
			or M1 for $\frac{45.4[0]}{40}$ [× 100]
1(a)(ii)	35.5[0]	3	M2 for $42.6[0] \div \left(1 + \frac{20}{100}\right)$ or better or M1 for recognising $42.6[0]$ as $120[\%]$
1(b)	150 cao	2	M1 for $\frac{500 \times 2 \times 15}{100}$ oe
1(c)(i)	7800 cao	3	B2 for 7790 or 7785 to 7786
			or M1 for $21000 \times \left(1 - \frac{18}{100}\right)^5$ oe isw
			If 0 or 1 scored, SC1 for <i>their</i> 7785 seen and rounded correctly to nearest 100
1(c)(ii)	9[.00]	3	M2 for $\sqrt[12]{\frac{42190}{15000}}$ or better
			or M1 for $15000 \left(1 + \frac{x}{100} \right)^{12} = [42190]$
2(a)(i)	1,, 16	2	B1 for each
2(a)(ii)	14,, -2	2	B1 for each
2(b)	Fully correct smooth curves	6	B3 for correct curve of $y = 2^x$ or B2FT for 4 or 5 correct points or B1FT for 2 or 3 correct points
			B3 for correct curve of $y = 14 - x^2$ or B2FT for 4 or 5 correct points or B1FT for 2 or 3 correct points
2(c)(i)	3.5 to 3.7	1	
2(c)(ii)	2.65 to 2.8	1	

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Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
2(d)(i)	Correct line	1	Ruled, through (4, 2) and gradient -4
2(d)(ii)	Tangent (2, 10)	2	B1 for each
3(a)(i)	Positive	1	Ignore strong, weak, etc.
3(a)(ii)	Correct ruled line	1	
3(a)(iii)	2	1	
3(b)	[mode =] 0	5	B1
	[median =] 1		B1
	[mean =] 1.04 or 1.041 to 1.042		B3 or M2 for $([10 \times 0] + 8 \times 1 + 3 \times 2 + 2 \times 3 + [0 \times 4] + 1 \times 5)$ $\div 24$ oe or M1 for $[10 \times 0] + 8 \times 1 + 3 \times 2 + 2 \times 3 + [0 \times 4] + 1 \times 5$ oe
3(c)(i)	60.9 or 60.91 nfww	4	M1 for 49, 57, 71 correct
			M1 for use of Σfx with x in the correct interval including both boundaries M1 (dep on 2nd M1) for <i>their</i> $(78 \times 49 + 180 \times 57 + 162 \times 71) \div (78 + 180 + 162)$
3(c)(ii)	Correct histogram	4	B1 for correct widths in correct position B1 height 13 B1 height 18 B1 height 9 If 0 scored B1 for 13, 18 and 9 seen
4(a)(i)	$\frac{8}{20}$ oe	3	M2 for $\frac{2}{5} \times \frac{1}{4} + \frac{3}{5} \times \frac{2}{4}$ or M1 for one of these products OR M1 for probability tree identifying all 20 outcomes with the correct 8 identified OR M1 for completed possibility space / 2-way table identifying the 8 possible outcomes out of 20, oe SC1 for $\frac{13}{25}$ with replacement

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Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
4(a)(ii)	$\frac{9}{25}$ oe	3	M2 for $\frac{2}{5} \times \frac{3}{5} + \frac{3}{5} \times \frac{1}{5}$ oe or M1 for one of these products OR M1 for probability tree identifying all 25 outcomes
			with the correct 9 identified OR M1 for completed possibility space / 2-way table identifying the 9 possible outcomes out of 25, oe
4(a)(iii)	Jojo and e.g. $\frac{40}{100} > \frac{36}{100}$	1	1FT their (i) and (ii) dep on being in range 0 to 1
4(b)	$\frac{24}{60}$ oe	3	M2 for $\frac{2}{5} \times \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{1}{3} + \frac{3}{5} \times \frac{2}{4} \times \frac{1}{3} + \frac{3}{5} \times \frac{2}{4} \times \frac{2}{3}$ oe
			or M1 for any one correct product
			OR M1 for 4, 5, 4 and 5, 4, 4 and 5, 5, 4 clearly identified on a tree or in a list
5(a)	15.6[0]	4	B3 for $20900x = 326040$ or better
			or M2 for $18500x + 2400(x - 2.5[0]) = 320040$
			or M1 for $18500x$ or $2400(x-2.5[0])$
5(b)(i)	(y+12)(y-7) final answer	2	B1 for $(y+a)(y+b)$ where $ab = -84$
			or $a+b=5$ or $y(y+12)-7(y+12)$
			or $y(y-7) + 12(y-7)$
5(b)(ii)	38 cao	3	B2 for $y = 7$
			or M1 for $y(y+5) = 84$ oe
5(c)(i)	168(m - 0.75) + 207m = 100m(m - 0.75) oe	M2	May be all over common denominator M1 for $\frac{168}{m}$ or $\frac{207}{m-0.75}$ used
	OR $207 = 100m - 168 - 75 + \frac{126}{m}$		m m 0.73
	at least one interim line leading to $50m^2 - 225m + 63 = 0$	A1	No errors or omissions

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Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
5(c)(ii)	(10m-3)(5m-21)	B2	M1 for $(10m + a)(5m + b)$ where $ab = 63$ or $5a + 10b = -225$ or $10m(5m - 21) - 3(5m - 21)$ or $5m(10m - 3) - 21(10m - 3)$
	OR		OR
	$m = \frac{-(-225) \pm \sqrt{(-225)^2 - 4(50)(63)}}{2(50)} \text{ oe}$		M1 for $\sqrt{(-225)^2 - 4(50)(63)}$ or for $p = -(-225)$, $r = 2(50)$ if in form $\frac{p + \sqrt{q}}{r}$ or $\frac{p - \sqrt{q}}{r}$
	OR		OR P
	$m = \frac{225}{100} \pm \sqrt{\left(\frac{225}{100}\right)^2 - \frac{63}{50}}$ oe		M1 for $\left(m - \frac{225}{100}\right)^2$ oe
	4.2[0] cao	B1	
6(a)(i)	116.6 or 116.56 to 116.57	4	M1 for $\sin[EAD] = \frac{6}{12}$ oe
			M1 for $tan[BAC] = \frac{6}{12}$ oe
			B1 for [angle DAC] = 60
6(a)(ii)	13.4 or 13.41 to 13.42	2	M1 for $12^2 + 6^2$
6(a)(iii)	10.4 or 10.39	3	M2 for $\sqrt{12^2 - 6^2}$ or M1 for $AE^2 + 6^2 = 12^2$
6(a)(iv)	130 or 129.5 to 129.6	4	M1 for $0.5 \times 6 \times theirAE$ oe M1 for $0.5 \times 12 \times 12 \times sin 60$ oe M1 for $0.5 \times 6 \times 12$ oe
6(b)(i)	3	1	
6(b)(ii)	51.3 or 51.30 to 51.34	4	M3 for $\tan = \frac{8}{\sqrt{4^2 + 5^2}}$ or $\sin = \frac{8}{\sqrt{4^2 + 5^2 + 8^2}}$ oe or M2 for $\sqrt{4^2 + 5^2}$ or $\sqrt{4^2 + 5^2 + 8^2}$
7(a)	204 or 203.5 to 203.6 nfww	4	or M1 for angle ARB clearly indicated M2 for $\pi \times 1.5^2 \times 8 \times 60 \times 60$
			or M1 for $\pi \times 1.5^2$
			M1 for dividing <i>their</i> volume by 1000
			If 0 scored SC1 for an answer figs 204 or figs 2035 to 2036 without working
7(b)(i)	$\pi \times 6 \times 12 + \pi \times 6^2 = 108\pi$	M2	M1 for $\pi \times 6 \times 12$

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Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
7(b)(ii)	[x =] 5.2[0] or 5.196 $[y =] 6$	4	or M1 for $4\pi x^2 = 108\pi$ seen B2
8(a)(i)	× ✓ × × × × ×	4	or M1 for $\frac{1}{2}(4\pi y^2) + \pi y^2$ or better seen B3 for 5 correct B2 for 4 correct B1 for 3 correct
8(a)(ii)	$\binom{5}{3}$	1	Fraction line and/or missing brackets scores 0
8(a)(iii)	$\begin{pmatrix} 4 & 8 \\ 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$	2	B1 for 2 or 3 correct elements (dep on 2 × 2 matrix)
8(a)(iv)	$\frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -1 \\ -4 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \text{ oe isw}$	2	B1 for $k \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -1 \\ -4 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$ or determinant = 2 soi
8(b)	Rotation Origin oe 90 [anticlockwise] oe	3	B1 for each
9(a)	y = -2x + 5 oe	3	B2 for $-2x + 5$ or M1 for gradient = $-1 \div \frac{1}{2}$ or better M1 for substituting $(1, 3)$ into $y = (their \ m)x + c$ oe If 0 scored SC1 for $(1, 3)$ satisfying their wrong equation $(c \ne 0)$ with gradient $\ne \frac{1}{2}$
9(b)(i)	$x \geqslant 2$ oe $y \leqslant 5$ oe $y \geqslant \frac{1}{2}x$ oe	4	SC3 for $x > 2$ and $y < 5$ and $y > \frac{1}{2}x$ OR B1 for $x \ge 2$ B1 for $y \le 5$ B2 for $y \ge \frac{1}{2}x$ or M1 for $y \ge kx$ $(k > 0)$ OR SC2 for all three boundary lines identified but with incorrect sign(s) If 0 scored SC1 for one or two correct boundary lines with incorrect sign(s)

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Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
9(b)(ii)	(5, 4)	2	M1 for one trial of an integer point inside region or for $3x + 5y = 35$ drawn
10(a)(i)	26	2	M1 for g(5) or for $(x^2 + 1)^2 + 1$
10(a)(ii)	$x^2 + 4x + 5$	2	M1 for $(x+2)^2+1$
10(a)(iii)	5	2	M1 for $2x-3=7$
10(a)(iv)	$\frac{x+3}{2}$ oe	2	M1 for $x = 2y - 3$ or $y + 3 = 2x$ or $\frac{y}{2} = x - \frac{3}{2}$ oe
10(b)(i)	[0].70 cao	2	B1 for [0].696 to [0].697
10(b)(ii)	4 cao	1	

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