CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2014 series

0445 DESIGN AND TECHNOLOGY

0445/32 Paper 3 (Resistant Materials), maximum raw mark 50

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2014 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



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Section A

1	(a) Aluminium			[1]
	(b) Lightweight, light, cor	rosion resistant, good strength-	weight ratio, low density	[1]
2	Handle tight, pins in line, I blade is not damaged, bla	plade facing correct way, wood de is sharp	held securely, blade tight, (2×1)	[2]
3	(a) Accuracy of drawing:	two parallel edges for 2 marks	(0–2)	[2]
	(b) Safe edge correctly la	belled		[1]
4				
	Tool	Name	Specific use	
		Guillotine, bench shears	Cutting thin metal/small section metal	
	310	Jack plane	Preparation of material, quick removal of waste material	
			(4×1)	[4]
5	(a) Vacuum forming, inje	ction moulding	, ,	[1]
	(b) Release from mould			[1]
	(c) To add strength, rigidity			[1]
6	2 measurements indicated: floor to behind knee, behind knee to backside, backside to lumber area (2×1)			[2]
7	1 mm thick mild steel: scriber, odd legs, scribing gauge, scribing block			
	3 mm thick acrylic: chinagraph pencil, marker pen, felt-tip, leave backing paper on or apply			[2]
8	Sheet metal shown betwee Folding bars shown in vice Use of mallet or hammer a	e	(1) (1) (1)	[3]

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9 (a) Soft solder [1]

(b) Tinplate work, plumbing [1]

Two advantages of moulded polypropylene include: weather resistance, durability, more easily moved around, comfortable armrests, will not rust, easier to clean, stronger must be qualified (2×1) [2]

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Section B

11	(a)	Awa Mua 1 da Sui	table joints include: M&T, halving, bridle, dowel ard 0–3 dependent upon accuracy of sketch st be in correct orientation otherwise max. 2 marks owel only shown = 2 marks max. table joint named to match sketch not accept tenon or mortise on their own]	(0-3)	[4]
	(b)	(i)	Variety of glues include: trade names such as Evo-Stik Resin W, Cascamite, generic synthetic resin, PVA [Do not accept epoxy resin] Time to set to correspond with named glue: PVA 1–4 hours, synthetic resin 6		ırs
		(ii)	Sash cramps		[1]
		(iii)	2 checks include: square, flat, joints pulled together, removal of excess glue, measure diagonals, use of scrap wood to spread pressure or prevent damag clamped straight, clamps not over tightened, clamps tight/secure	·	
				(2×1)	[2]
	(c)	Sor	ole of drilling machine shown me form of 'wedge' to provide 20° angle or rotate table and lock rk piece secured/clamped	(1) (1) (1)	[3]
	(d)	Ма	me form of base le and female formers/rods thod of retention	(1) (0–2) (1)	
		OR			
		Ret	le and female formers tention at start of bend thod of force	(0–2) (1) (1)	[4]
	(e)	Use	ard up to 3 marks max. for practical method that is hidden behind frame e of glued blocks/KD fittings/visible bracket/corner plates max. 2 marks ard 0–1 for details of sizes and materials	(0–3) (0–1)	[4]
	(f)	Aw	me: ard 1 mark for recognition that frame needs to be in 4 separate parts e of KD fittings/dowel/screws to connect separate pats	(0-1) (0-2)	
			ds: ard 1 mark for recognition that rods need to be in 3 separate parts thod of connecting 3 separate parts for each rod	(0-1) (0-1)	[5]

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12 (a) 2 benefits include: check sizes, appearance, will it work, cheaper than making it from wood [Do not accept references to a template] (2×1) [2]

(b) Suitable method: dowel, M&T, added metal or wood support on surface of base Award 0–3 dependent on technical accuracy (0–3) (0–3)

Award up to max. 3 marks for support shown into mortise without shoulders 1 dowel only = max. 2 marks

Use of screws or nails from underneath = max. 2 marks

1 nail or screw = max. 1 mark

Name of method to correspond to sketch

(1) **[4]**

(c) (i) Quicker, more accurate, cuts fibres of wood, cannot be rubbed off (2×1) [2]

(ii) Acceptable methods:

Use of plane, hand-powered router, band saw table tilted at 45° angle (1)

Wood secured for plane and hand-powered router Band saw requires fence/guide

(1)

Technical accuracy of named tools and equipment

(1) [3]

(d)

Process	Tools/equipment used	
Mark out	Pencil, rule, sliding bevel, marking knife, mitre square	
Saw off waste	Tenon saw, coping saw, various machine saws including Hegner, band saw, jig saw	
Make sawn edges smooth	Sanding disc, file, chisel, plane, glasspaper/sandpaper	

 (3×1) [3]

- (e) (i) Panel pins, oval wire, oval nail, round nail, round head, round wire, lost head [1]
 - (ii) PVA, synthetic resin, contact [impact] ,accept trade names such as Resin W. [1] [Do not accept epoxy resin, animal or scotch glue]
 - (iii) Easier to clean, remove debris, allows water to escape [1]
- **(f)** Problems involve weather/climate:

too hot or cold, too wet or dry, fungal/insect attack, windy conditions woods can shrink or expand, rot metals can rust, plastics can fade

award 1 mark for each sensible problem identified (2×1)

award 1 mark for each method to overcome problem

e.g. painted to protect, choice of material for specific environment (2×1) [4]

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(g)	End of D [or support] shaped to fit under roof	(1)	
	Reinforced using block or strip of wood	(1)	
	[Do not accept screwing of roof to shaped end of support]		
	Details of materials and constructions used	(0-2)	[41

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(e) Practical solution/ concept

Details of sizes and constructions

(a) (i) Award 1 mark for each cut shown above (5×1) [5] Incorrect orientation = 0 marks (ii) Quicker, more accurate, repetitive accuracy Template can be used as a 2D model (2×1) [2] (b) (i) Sketch to show work low in the vice to prevent it cracking (0-2)Added notes to describe how problem is overcome (0-1)[3] (ii) Award work piece clamped in position/use of machine vice (1) Award work piece supported underneath (1) Award slow speed of drill/correct cutting angle/pilot drills (1) [3] (c) Use of wet and dry paper, polishing wheel, mop and compound/polish Award any 2 items of equipment described (2×1) [2] (d) Heated over a line bender/strip heater/hot air gun to become soft (1) Use of former or round bar (1)Softened acrylic draped over former/round bar and held (1) Technical accuracy [4] **(**1)

[Materials used must be appropriate for 4 mm thick acrylic otherwise 0 marks]

(0-3)

(0-3)

[6]