

---

**ACCOUNTING**

**9706/21**

Paper 2 Structured Questions

**October/November 2017**

MARK SCHEME

Maximum Mark: 90

---

**Published**

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2017 series for most Cambridge IGCSE<sup>®</sup>, Cambridge International A and AS Level components and some Cambridge O Level components.

Question	Answer	Marks																					
1(a)	<table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 60%;"></td> <td style="text-align: right; width: 10%;">\$</td> <td style="width: 30%;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Inventory at 6 April 2016</td> <td style="text-align: right;">57 760</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Purchases</td> <td style="text-align: right;">(6 100)</td> <td style="text-align: right;">(1)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Sales (9600 × 4/5)</td> <td style="text-align: right;">7 680</td> <td style="text-align: right;">(1)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Sale or return (2100 × 4/5)</td> <td style="text-align: right;">1 680</td> <td style="text-align: right;">(1)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Customer returns (650 × 4/5)</td> <td style="text-align: right;">(520)</td> <td style="text-align: right;">(1)</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding-top: 10px;">Inventory at 31 March 2016</td> <td style="text-align: right; border-top: 1px solid black; border-bottom: 3px double black;">60 500</td> <td style="text-align: right; vertical-align: bottom;">(10F)</td> </tr> </table>		\$		Inventory at 6 April 2016	57 760		Purchases	(6 100)	(1)	Sales (9600 × 4/5)	7 680	(1)	Sale or return (2100 × 4/5)	1 680	(1)	Customer returns (650 × 4/5)	(520)	(1)	Inventory at 31 March 2016	60 500	(10F)	<b>5</b>
	\$																						
Inventory at 6 April 2016	57 760																						
Purchases	(6 100)	(1)																					
Sales (9600 × 4/5)	7 680	(1)																					
Sale or return (2100 × 4/5)	1 680	(1)																					
Customer returns (650 × 4/5)	(520)	(1)																					
Inventory at 31 March 2016	60 500	(10F)																					

Question	Answer	Marks																																																																														
1(b)	<p style="text-align: center;">Huan Income statement for the year ended 31 March 2016</p> <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 60%;"></th> <th style="width: 20%; text-align: right;">\$</th> <th style="width: 20%; text-align: right;">\$</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Revenue</td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right;">294 200</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Cost of sales</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Opening inventory</td> <td style="text-align: right;">56 800</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Purchases</td> <td style="text-align: right;">239 470</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Returns outwards</td> <td style="text-align: right;"><u>(410)</u></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right;">295 860</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Closing inventory</td> <td style="text-align: right;"><u>(60 500)</u></td> <td style="text-align: right;"><u>235 360</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Gross profit</td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right;">58 840 (1OF)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Profit on disposal of motor vehicle (W1)</td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right;"><u>470</u> (2CF/1OF)</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right;">59 310</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Deduct expenses</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Carriage outwards</td> <td style="text-align: right;">810</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Discount allowed</td> <td style="text-align: right;">1 250</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Insurance</td> <td style="text-align: right;">1 090</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Motor expenses</td> <td style="text-align: right;">6 460</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Other operating expenses</td> <td style="text-align: right;">4 690</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Wages</td> <td style="text-align: right;">12 230</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Advertising expenses (3480 – 200)</td> <td style="text-align: right;">3 280 (1)</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Interest payable (950 + 180)</td> <td style="text-align: right;">1 130 (1)</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Property rental (11 050 – 3250)</td> <td style="text-align: right;">7 800 (1)</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Depreciation motor vehicles (49 600 × 25%)</td> <td style="text-align: right;">12 400 (1)</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Depreciation fixtures and fittings 41 600 × 15%)</td> <td style="text-align: right;">6 240 (1)</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Irrecoverable debt written off</td> <td style="text-align: right;">420 (1)</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Increase in provision for doubtful debts (W2)</td> <td style="text-align: right;"><u>110</u> (1)</td> <td style="text-align: right;"><u>57 910</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Profit for the year</td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right;"><u>1 400</u> (1OF)</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>W1 Accumulated depreciation = <math>(18\,720 \times 25\%) + 4680 \times \frac{9}{12}</math></p> <p>NBV = 10 530 Profit = 11 000 – 10 530 = 470</p> <p>W2 <math>(34\,920 - 420) \times 2\% - 580 = 110</math> increase</p>		\$	\$	Revenue		294 200	Cost of sales			Opening inventory	56 800		Purchases	239 470		Returns outwards	<u>(410)</u>			295 860		Closing inventory	<u>(60 500)</u>	<u>235 360</u>	Gross profit		58 840 (1OF)	Profit on disposal of motor vehicle (W1)		<u>470</u> (2CF/1OF)			59 310	Deduct expenses			Carriage outwards	810		Discount allowed	1 250		Insurance	1 090		Motor expenses	6 460		Other operating expenses	4 690		Wages	12 230		Advertising expenses (3480 – 200)	3 280 (1)		Interest payable (950 + 180)	1 130 (1)		Property rental (11 050 – 3250)	7 800 (1)		Depreciation motor vehicles (49 600 × 25%)	12 400 (1)		Depreciation fixtures and fittings 41 600 × 15%)	6 240 (1)		Irrecoverable debt written off	420 (1)		Increase in provision for doubtful debts (W2)	<u>110</u> (1)	<u>57 910</u>	Profit for the year		<u>1 400</u> (1OF)	13
	\$	\$																																																																														
Revenue		294 200																																																																														
Cost of sales																																																																																
Opening inventory	56 800																																																																															
Purchases	239 470																																																																															
Returns outwards	<u>(410)</u>																																																																															
	295 860																																																																															
Closing inventory	<u>(60 500)</u>	<u>235 360</u>																																																																														
Gross profit		58 840 (1OF)																																																																														
Profit on disposal of motor vehicle (W1)		<u>470</u> (2CF/1OF)																																																																														
		59 310																																																																														
Deduct expenses																																																																																
Carriage outwards	810																																																																															
Discount allowed	1 250																																																																															
Insurance	1 090																																																																															
Motor expenses	6 460																																																																															
Other operating expenses	4 690																																																																															
Wages	12 230																																																																															
Advertising expenses (3480 – 200)	3 280 (1)																																																																															
Interest payable (950 + 180)	1 130 (1)																																																																															
Property rental (11 050 – 3250)	7 800 (1)																																																																															
Depreciation motor vehicles (49 600 × 25%)	12 400 (1)																																																																															
Depreciation fixtures and fittings 41 600 × 15%)	6 240 (1)																																																																															
Irrecoverable debt written off	420 (1)																																																																															
Increase in provision for doubtful debts (W2)	<u>110</u> (1)	<u>57 910</u>																																																																														
Profit for the year		<u>1 400</u> (1OF)																																																																														

Question	Answer	Marks
1(c)	<p>Benefits: <b>(maximum 3 marks)</b>            Provides a total for trade receivables. <b>(1)</b>            Helps in the preparation of the financial statements. <b>(1)</b>            Helps deter/prevent/reduce fraud as it is maintained by different person. <b>(1)</b>            Verifies the arithmetical accuracy / identifies errors in the sales ledger. <b>(1)</b>            Can be reconciled with the sales ledger balances to improve accuracy. <b>(1)</b></p> <p>Limitation: <b>(maximum 1 mark)</b>            Doesn't identify errors of commission/omission/compensating/original entry. <b>(1)</b></p>	<b>4</b>
1(d)(i)	<p><b>operating expenses to revenue (to <u>two</u> decimal places)</b>  <math>(57\,910 - 11\,130) / 294\,200 \times 100 = 19.30\%</math> <b>(1 OF)</b></p>	<b>4</b>
1(d)(ii)	<p><b>inventory turnover (days)</b>  <math>(56\,800 + 60\,500) / 2 \times 365 / 235\,360 = 91</math> days <b>(1 OF)</b></p>	
1(e)(i)	<p>Carla may have better control on operating expenses.            Carla may have lower wages as she does the work herself, so takes higher drawings.            Carla may have less depreciation as she does not need delivery vehicles.            Allow other valid responses.</p> <p><b>Maximum 2 marks</b> (1 for stating and 1 for developing)</p>	<b>4</b>
1(e)(ii)	<p>Carla has a faster turnover of finished goods because all her products are sold on the day they are made.            Any inventory (e.g. flour) is perishable.</p> <p><b>Maximum 2 marks</b> (1 for stating and 1 for developing)</p>	

Question	Answer	Marks																																																								
2(a)	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 50%;">accounts to be debited</th> <th style="width: 50%;">accounts to be credited</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Asset disposal <b>(1)</b></td> <td>Asset at cost <b>(1)</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Asset provision for depreciation <b>(1)</b></td> <td>Asset disposal <b>(1)</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Bank or cash <b>(1)</b></td> <td>Asset disposal <b>(1)</b></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	accounts to be debited	accounts to be credited	Asset disposal <b>(1)</b>	Asset at cost <b>(1)</b>	Asset provision for depreciation <b>(1)</b>	Asset disposal <b>(1)</b>	Bank or cash <b>(1)</b>	Asset disposal <b>(1)</b>	<b>6</b>																																																
accounts to be debited	accounts to be credited																																																									
Asset disposal <b>(1)</b>	Asset at cost <b>(1)</b>																																																									
Asset provision for depreciation <b>(1)</b>	Asset disposal <b>(1)</b>																																																									
Bank or cash <b>(1)</b>	Asset disposal <b>(1)</b>																																																									
2(b)	<p>Provision for depreciation</p> <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tbody> <tr> <td style="width: 30%;">Asset disposal</td> <td style="width: 10%; text-align: right;">6 409</td> <td style="width: 10%;"></td> <td style="width: 10%;"></td> <td style="width: 10%;">Balance b/d</td> <td style="width: 10%; text-align: right;">43 750</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Balance c/d</td> <td style="text-align: right;">55 179</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Income statement</td> <td style="text-align: right;">17 838 <b>(3)</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td style="border-top: 1px solid black; text-align: right;">61 588</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td style="border-top: 1px solid black; text-align: right;">61 588</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Balance b/d</td> <td style="text-align: right;">55 179 <b>(1)OF</b></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Workings:</p> <p>Disposal:</p> <table style="width: 100%;"> <tbody> <tr> <td style="width: 60%;"><math>19\,500 \times 20\% \times 3 / 12</math></td> <td style="width: 10%; text-align: right;">975</td> <td style="width: 10%;"></td> <td style="width: 10%; text-align: right;"><b>(1)</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>18\,525 \times 20\%</math></td> <td style="text-align: right;">3 705</td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right;"><b>(1)</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>14\,820 \times 20\% \times 7 / 12</math></td> <td style="text-align: right;">1 729</td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right;"><b>(1)</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right;">6 409</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Income statement:</p> <table style="width: 100%;"> <tbody> <tr> <td style="width: 60%;"><math>81\,250 - 14\,820 \times 20\%</math></td> <td style="width: 10%; text-align: right;">13 286</td> <td style="width: 10%;"></td> <td style="width: 10%; text-align: right;"><b>(1)</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>28\,230 \times 20\% \times 6 / 12</math></td> <td style="text-align: right;">2 823</td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right;"><b>(1)</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>14\,820 \times 20\% \times 7 / 12</math></td> <td style="text-align: right;">1 729</td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right;"><b>(1)</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right;">17 838</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Asset disposal	6 409			Balance b/d	43 750	Balance c/d	55 179			Income statement	17 838 <b>(3)</b>		61 588				61 588					Balance b/d	55 179 <b>(1)OF</b>	$19\,500 \times 20\% \times 3 / 12$	975		<b>(1)</b>	$18\,525 \times 20\%$	3 705		<b>(1)</b>	$14\,820 \times 20\% \times 7 / 12$	1 729		<b>(1)</b>		6 409			$81\,250 - 14\,820 \times 20\%$	13 286		<b>(1)</b>	$28\,230 \times 20\% \times 6 / 12$	2 823		<b>(1)</b>	$14\,820 \times 20\% \times 7 / 12$	1 729		<b>(1)</b>		17 838			<b>7</b>
Asset disposal	6 409			Balance b/d	43 750																																																					
Balance c/d	55 179			Income statement	17 838 <b>(3)</b>																																																					
	61 588				61 588																																																					
				Balance b/d	55 179 <b>(1)OF</b>																																																					
$19\,500 \times 20\% \times 3 / 12$	975		<b>(1)</b>																																																							
$18\,525 \times 20\%$	3 705		<b>(1)</b>																																																							
$14\,820 \times 20\% \times 7 / 12$	1 729		<b>(1)</b>																																																							
	6 409																																																									
$81\,250 - 14\,820 \times 20\%$	13 286		<b>(1)</b>																																																							
$28\,230 \times 20\% \times 6 / 12$	2 823		<b>(1)</b>																																																							
$14\,820 \times 20\% \times 7 / 12$	1 729		<b>(1)</b>																																																							
	17 838																																																									

Question	Answer	Marks
2(c)	<p><b>Transaction 1:</b> Profit would decrease by \$2823 <b>(1)</b> due to the depreciation cost.</p> <p><b>Transaction 2:</b> Profit would increase by \$1509 <b>(1)</b> due to the profit on disposal of the asset.</p> <p>Alternative: The overall effect on profit for the year would be a decrease of \$1314 <b>(2)</b>.</p>	<b>2</b>

Question	Answer	Marks
3(a)(i)	<p>Ordinary shareholders have voting rights at general meetings, whereas cumulative preference shareholders do not. <b>(1)</b> The cumulative preference dividend is a fixed amount, whereas the ordinary dividend is set annually and can vary depending on profits. <b>(1)</b></p> <p>Unpaid ordinary dividends do not accumulate, whereas cumulative preference dividends Do. <b>(1)</b> If the company is liquidated, cumulative preference shareholders would be paid ahead of ordinary shareholders. <b>(1)</b></p> <p><b>Max 2</b></p>	<b>2</b>
3(a)(ii)	<p>Subscribers pay for shares in a rights issue, but not with a bonus issue. <b>(1)</b> The company's net assets are increased as a result of a rights issue, but unchanged with a bonus issue. <b>(1)</b> Shareholders may or may not exercise their rights, but will automatically receive their bonus shares. <b>(1)</b></p>	<b>3</b>

Question	Answer						Marks																																											
3(b)	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="315 220 622 287">Date</th> <th data-bbox="622 220 884 287">Name of account to be debited</th> <th data-bbox="884 220 1108 287">Amount \$</th> <th data-bbox="1108 220 1400 287">Name of account to be credited</th> <th data-bbox="1400 220 1960 287">Amount \$</th> <th data-bbox="1512 220 1960 287"></th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="315 287 622 319">2015</td> <td data-bbox="622 287 884 319"></td> <td data-bbox="884 287 1108 319"></td> <td data-bbox="1108 287 1400 319"></td> <td data-bbox="1400 287 1960 319"></td> <td data-bbox="1512 287 1960 319"></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="315 319 622 351">June 1</td> <td data-bbox="622 319 884 351">Bank</td> <td data-bbox="884 319 1108 351">100 000</td> <td data-bbox="1108 319 1400 383">Ordinary share capital</td> <td data-bbox="1400 319 1960 351">100 000</td> <td data-bbox="1512 319 1960 351">(1)</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="315 383 622 414"></td> <td data-bbox="622 383 884 414">Bank</td> <td data-bbox="884 383 1108 414">15 000</td> <td data-bbox="1108 383 1400 414">Share premium</td> <td data-bbox="1400 383 1960 414">15 000</td> <td data-bbox="1512 383 1960 414">(1)</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="315 414 622 446">Sept 30</td> <td data-bbox="622 414 884 446">Bank</td> <td data-bbox="884 414 1108 446">30 000</td> <td data-bbox="1108 414 1400 446">Share premium</td> <td data-bbox="1400 414 1960 446">30 000</td> <td data-bbox="1512 414 1960 446">(1)</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="315 446 622 478">2016</td> <td data-bbox="622 446 884 478"></td> <td data-bbox="884 446 1108 478"></td> <td data-bbox="1108 446 1400 478"></td> <td data-bbox="1400 446 1960 478"></td> <td data-bbox="1512 446 1960 478"></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="315 478 622 510">Oct 1</td> <td data-bbox="622 478 884 510">Bank</td> <td data-bbox="884 478 1108 510">25 000</td> <td data-bbox="1108 478 1400 542">Ordinary share capital</td> <td data-bbox="1400 478 1960 510">25 000</td> <td data-bbox="1512 478 1960 510">(1)</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="315 542 622 574">Oct 1</td> <td data-bbox="622 542 884 574">Bank</td> <td data-bbox="884 542 1108 574">4 750</td> <td data-bbox="1108 542 1400 574">Share premium</td> <td data-bbox="1400 542 1960 574">4 750</td> <td data-bbox="1512 542 1960 574">(2)</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p data-bbox="315 630 963 662">*25 000 × (\$1.40 × 85% = \$1.19) – 25 000 = 4750</p>	Date	Name of account to be debited	Amount \$	Name of account to be credited	Amount \$		2015						June 1	Bank	100 000	Ordinary share capital	100 000	(1)		Bank	15 000	Share premium	15 000	(1)	Sept 30	Bank	30 000	Share premium	30 000	(1)	2016						Oct 1	Bank	25 000	Ordinary share capital	25 000	(1)	Oct 1	Bank	4 750	Share premium	4 750	(2)	6
Date	Name of account to be debited	Amount \$	Name of account to be credited	Amount \$																																														
2015																																																		
June 1	Bank	100 000	Ordinary share capital	100 000	(1)																																													
	Bank	15 000	Share premium	15 000	(1)																																													
Sept 30	Bank	30 000	Share premium	30 000	(1)																																													
2016																																																		
Oct 1	Bank	25 000	Ordinary share capital	25 000	(1)																																													
Oct 1	Bank	4 750	Share premium	4 750	(2)																																													
3(c)	<p data-bbox="315 694 1142 726">Shareholders demand would result in a payment of \$60 000 (1)</p> <p data-bbox="315 726 828 758">Retained earnings are only \$45 000 (1)</p> <p data-bbox="315 758 1142 790">Maximum dividend payable equals 45 000 / 125 000 = \$0.36 (1)</p> <p data-bbox="315 790 1691 821">There is sufficient cash in the bank (\$90 000) to pay the dividend, (1) but insufficient retained earnings. (1)</p> <p data-bbox="315 821 952 853">Fewer funds for possible future development. (1)</p> <p data-bbox="315 853 1075 885">Share premium account could be used to issue bonus. (1)</p> <p data-bbox="315 885 414 917"><b>Max 4</b></p> <p data-bbox="315 917 705 949"><b>Accept other valid answers.</b></p>						4																																											

Question	Answer	Marks
4(a)	Method of costing that you apply to the production of a number of identical items. (1) The cost per unit is found by dividing the total batch cost by the number of units in the batch. (1)	2

Question	Answer					Marks																																																		
4(b)	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 30%;"></th> <th style="width: 15%; text-align: center;">Assembly \$</th> <th style="width: 15%; text-align: center;">Machining \$</th> <th style="width: 15%; text-align: center;">Stores \$</th> <th style="width: 15%; text-align: center;">Canteen \$</th> <th></th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Allocated overheads</td> <td style="text-align: center;">36 000</td> <td style="text-align: center;">50 000</td> <td style="text-align: center;">6 250</td> <td style="text-align: center;">2 500</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Re-apportionment of canteen</td> <td style="text-align: center;">1 625</td> <td style="text-align: center;">625</td> <td style="text-align: center;">250</td> <td style="text-align: center;">(2 500)</td> <td><b>(1) row</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Subtotal</td> <td style="text-align: center;">37 625</td> <td style="text-align: center;">50 625</td> <td style="text-align: center;">6 500</td> <td style="text-align: center;">–</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Re-apportionment of stores</td> <td style="text-align: center;">2 600</td> <td style="text-align: center;">3 900</td> <td style="text-align: center;">(6 500)</td> <td style="text-align: center;">–</td> <td><b>(1of) row</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Total</td> <td style="text-align: center;">40 225</td> <td style="text-align: center;">54 525</td> <td style="text-align: center;">–</td> <td style="text-align: center;">–</td> <td><b>(1of) both</b></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>						Assembly \$	Machining \$	Stores \$	Canteen \$		Allocated overheads	36 000	50 000	6 250	2 500		Re-apportionment of canteen	1 625	625	250	(2 500)	<b>(1) row</b>	Subtotal	37 625	50 625	6 500	–		Re-apportionment of stores	2 600	3 900	(6 500)	–	<b>(1of) row</b>	Total	40 225	54 525	–	–	<b>(1of) both</b>	<b>3</b>														
	Assembly \$	Machining \$	Stores \$	Canteen \$																																																				
Allocated overheads	36 000	50 000	6 250	2 500																																																				
Re-apportionment of canteen	1 625	625	250	(2 500)	<b>(1) row</b>																																																			
Subtotal	37 625	50 625	6 500	–																																																				
Re-apportionment of stores	2 600	3 900	(6 500)	–	<b>(1of) row</b>																																																			
Total	40 225	54 525	–	–	<b>(1of) both</b>																																																			
4(c)	<table style="width: 100%; border: none;"> <tr> <td style="width: 50%; text-align: center;">Assembly</td> <td style="width: 50%; text-align: center;">Machining</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;"><math>\frac{\\$40\,225}{6000} = \\$6.70</math> <b>(1of)</b> per labour hr <b>(1)</b></td> <td style="text-align: center;"><math>\frac{\\$54\,525}{5500} = \\$9.91</math> <b>(1of)</b> per machine hr <b>(1)</b></td> </tr> </table>					Assembly	Machining	$\frac{\$40\,225}{6000} = \$6.70$ <b>(1of)</b> per labour hr <b>(1)</b>	$\frac{\$54\,525}{5500} = \$9.91$ <b>(1of)</b> per machine hr <b>(1)</b>	<b>4</b>																																														
Assembly	Machining																																																							
$\frac{\$40\,225}{6000} = \$6.70$ <b>(1of)</b> per labour hr <b>(1)</b>	$\frac{\$54\,525}{5500} = \$9.91$ <b>(1of)</b> per machine hr <b>(1)</b>																																																							
4(d)	<table style="width: 100%; border: none;"> <tr> <td style="width: 60%;"></td> <td style="width: 5%; text-align: center;">\$</td> <td style="width: 30%;"></td> <td style="width: 5%;"></td> <td style="width: 5%;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Direct materials</td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right;">48 000.00</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Direct labour – assembly (500 hrs × \$12)</td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right;">6 000.00</td> <td style="text-align: right;">} <b>(1)</b></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Direct labour – machining (300 hrs × \$8)</td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right;">2 400.00</td> <td style="text-align: right;">} <b>both</b></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Production overheads (assembly 500 hrs × \$6.70)</td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right;">3 350.00</td> <td style="text-align: right;"><b>(1of)</b></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Production overheads (machining 500 hrs × \$9.91)</td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right;">4 955.00</td> <td style="text-align: right;"><b>(1of)</b></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right; border-top: 1px solid black;">64 705.00</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Selling and administration costs costs</td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right;">7 000.00</td> <td style="text-align: right;"><b>(1)</b></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Total cost</td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right; border-top: 1px solid black; border-bottom: 3px double black;">71 705.00</td> <td style="text-align: right;"><b>(1of)</b></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Cost per unit</td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right;"><math>\frac{\\$71\,705}{1000}</math></td> <td style="text-align: right;">= \$71.71</td> <td style="text-align: right;"><b>(1of)</b></td> </tr> </table>						\$				Direct materials		48 000.00			Direct labour – assembly (500 hrs × \$12)		6 000.00	} <b>(1)</b>		Direct labour – machining (300 hrs × \$8)		2 400.00	} <b>both</b>		Production overheads (assembly 500 hrs × \$6.70)		3 350.00	<b>(1of)</b>		Production overheads (machining 500 hrs × \$9.91)		4 955.00	<b>(1of)</b>				64 705.00			Selling and administration costs costs		7 000.00	<b>(1)</b>		Total cost		71 705.00	<b>(1of)</b>		Cost per unit		$\frac{\$71\,705}{1000}$	= \$71.71	<b>(1of)</b>	<b>6</b>
	\$																																																							
Direct materials		48 000.00																																																						
Direct labour – assembly (500 hrs × \$12)		6 000.00	} <b>(1)</b>																																																					
Direct labour – machining (300 hrs × \$8)		2 400.00	} <b>both</b>																																																					
Production overheads (assembly 500 hrs × \$6.70)		3 350.00	<b>(1of)</b>																																																					
Production overheads (machining 500 hrs × \$9.91)		4 955.00	<b>(1of)</b>																																																					
		64 705.00																																																						
Selling and administration costs costs		7 000.00	<b>(1)</b>																																																					
Total cost		71 705.00	<b>(1of)</b>																																																					
Cost per unit		$\frac{\$71\,705}{1000}$	= \$71.71	<b>(1of)</b>																																																				





Question	Answer	Marks
4(h)	<p><b>Non-financial reasons (Max 2)</b></p> <p>If Anna doesn't fulfil the existing orders, the customers will not be happy / loss of reputation. <b>(1)</b>            Could have a knock-on effect for other orders of other products. <b>(1)</b>            Can workforce be used elsewhere if they don't make these orders / lay off workers. <b>(1)</b>            Morale of employees in existing factory.</p> <p><b>Financial reasons (Max 2)</b></p> <p>The orders provide a positive contribution towards fixed costs. <b>(1)</b>            At present current level of demand is below break-even point - factory operates at a loss. <b>(1)</b>            Demand may increase in the future and make the new factory profitable. <b>(1)</b>            How accurate is the financial data. <b>(1)</b>            Will closing the factory result in redundancy costs. <b>(1)</b></p> <p><b>1 mark</b> for advice and overall max <b>3 marks</b> for reasons.</p>	<b>4</b>