



### UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS General Certificate of Education Advanced Subsidiary Level and Advanced Level

| ACCOUNTING Paper 2 Structu | October/Novem       | 9706/23<br>ber 2012 |
|----------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| CENTRE<br>NUMBER           | CANDIDATE<br>NUMBER |                     |
| CANDIDATE<br>NAME          |                     |                     |

October/November 2012 1 hour 30 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper

No Additional Materials are required.

#### **READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST**

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a soft pencil for rough working.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

All accounting statements are to be presented in good style.

International accounting terms and formats should be used as appropriate.

Workings must be shown.

You may use a calculator.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

| For Examiner's Use |  |  |
|--------------------|--|--|
| 1                  |  |  |
| 2                  |  |  |
| 3                  |  |  |
| Total              |  |  |

This document consists of 13 printed pages and 3 blank pages.



1 On 31 March 2012 the following balances were extracted from the books of YCAT.

|  |                  | \$        |
|--|------------------|-----------|
| Inventory – 1 April 2011                   | Raw materials    | 53 000    |
|  | Work in progress | 80 000    |
|  | Finished goods   | 76 000    |
| Raw materials purchased                    |                  | 800 000   |
| Revenue                                    |                  | 2 500 000 |
| Direct wages                               |                  | 450 000   |
| Carriage inwards on raw materials          |                  | 6 000     |
| Indirect wages                             |                  | 68 000    |
| Returns outwards on raw materials          |                  | 18 500    |
| Trade receivables                          |                  | 83 000    |
| Revenue returns                            |                  | 22 000    |
| Rates and insurance                        |                  | 38 000    |
| General factory overheads                  |                  | 93 000    |
| Loan interest paid                         |                  | 5 000     |
| Office salaries                            |                  | 80 000    |
| General office expenses                    |                  | 100 000   |
| Premises                                   |                  | 600 000   |
| Factory machinery at cost                  |                  | 220 000   |
| Provision for depreciation of factory mach | inery            | 40 000    |
| 10% Long term loan                         |                  | 100 000   |
| Provision for doubtful debts               |                  | 3 800     |

### **Additional information**

|   |                           |                  | \$     |
|---|---------------------------|------------------|--------|
| 1 | Inventory – 31 March 2012 | Raw materials    | 47 000 |
|   |                           | Work in progress | 92 000 |
|   |                           | Finished goods   | 68 000 |

- 2 The provision for doubtful debts is to be 5% of trade receivables.
- At 31 March 2012 rates and insurance owing amounted to \$950. Rates and insurance are apportioned between the factory and general office in the ratio of 4:1 respectively.
- Depreciation is to be provided on premises at 5% per annum straight line. This is apportioned between the factory and general office in the ratio of 4:1 respectively.
- Depreciation on factory machinery is to be provided at 15% using the reducing balance method.

## **REQUIRED**

For Examiner's Use

| (a) | Prepare the manufacturing account for the year ended 31 March 2012. |      |
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For Examiner's Use

(b)

(c)

| Define the prudence concept. State <b>three</b> examples of how this has been applied in the financial statements. |     |
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[Total: 30]

For Examiner's Use

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[5]

2 Maurice and Ravel had been in partnership for a number of years, sharing profits and losses equally.

On 1 July 2011, they decided to admit Bach as a partner. Bach paid \$39 000 capital into the partnership and also provided a motor van, valued at \$8000, for partnership use.

A new partnership agreement was drawn up, effective from 1 July 2011 which stated:

- 1 Profits and losses will be shared by Maurice, Ravel, and Bach in the ratio 2:2:1.
- 2 Interest on capital is payable at 10% per annum.
- 3 Interest on drawings is charged at 5% on annual drawings.
- 4 Ravel would receive an annual salary of \$10 000 per annum.

Goodwill in the business was valued at \$40 000 and the partners agreed that this would not remain in the books.

Capital accounts before goodwill – 1 July 2011 Maurice \$120 000 Ravel \$80 000

### **REQUIRED**

(a)

| Prepare the capital accounts for all <b>three</b> partners at 1 July 2011. |
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The following additional information relates to the year ended 30 June 2012 For Use \$ 2 600 000 Revenue Revenue (sales) returns 200 000 1 625 000 Purchases Inventory: 1 July 2011 120 000 Inventory: 30 June 2012 145 000 480 000 General expenses Current accounts - 1 July 2011 Maurice 17 000 Cr Ravel 12 000 Dr **Drawings** 96 000 Maurice Ravel 120 000 Bach 35 000 **REQUIRED** (b) (i) Prepare the income statement for the year ended 30 June 2012 [6] .....

| i) | Prepare the appropriation account for the year ended 30 June 2012. | For<br>Examiner's<br>Use |
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| (c) | Prepare the current accounts for all <b>three</b> partners at 30 June 2012. | For<br>Examiner's<br>Use |
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| (d) | The partners are now considering changing their business from a partnership to a limited company. Explain to the partners the meaning of the term 'limited liability'. | For<br>Examine<br>Use |
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[Total: 30]

**3** ABG Ltd manufactures three products, Alpha, Beta and Gamma, all of which are made from one basic raw material.

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Forecast costs and selling prices are as follows.

| Product<br>Sales <b>per month</b> (units) | Alpha<br>9 000 | Beta<br>12 000 | Gamma<br>7 000 |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|
|   | \$             | \$             | \$             |
| Selling price per unit                    | 72             | 74             | 58             |
| Variable costs per unit:                  |                |                |                |
| Direct material                           | 18             | 25             | 16             |
| Direct labour                             | 19             | 14             | 13             |
| Variable overheads                        | 14             | 13             | 12             |

The total fixed costs are \$250 000 each month.

### **REQUIRED**

(a)

| Calculate the contribution per unit for <b>each</b> product. |     |
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| (b) | Calculate the total monthly profit which can be achieved.   |      | For<br>Examiner's<br>Use |
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|     | to a material shortage, ABG Ltd will only receive 80% of its material requirement e month of April 2013. No other shortages are expected.                         |      |                          |
| REQ | UIRED   |      |                          |
| (c) | Using the quantity of material that is available, prepare a statement to show the maximum profit that could be achieved for the three months ended 30 April 2013. |      |                          |
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For

| (d) | ABG Ltd has received an enquiry for an additional order of 3000 units of Gamma at a special price of \$50 per unit. Additional fixed costs of \$15 000 would be incurred. |     | For<br>Examiner's<br>Use |
|-----|---|-----|--------------------------|
|     | Assuming no material shortage, calculate the profit or loss on this order.  |     |                          |
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|     |   | [4] |                          |
| (e) | Identify <b>three</b> factors which ABG Ltd should consider when deciding whether to accept this additional order for Gamma.  |     |                          |
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|     | [Total:   | 30] |                          |
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