## MARK SCHEME for the October／November 2015 series

## 9706 ACCOUNTING

9706／22
Paper 2 （Structured Questions－Core）， maximum raw mark 90

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates，to indicate the requirements of the examination．It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks．It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners＇meeting before marking began， which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers．

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers．

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Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October／November 2015 series for most
Cambridge IGCSE ${ }^{\circledR}$ ，Cambridge International A and AS Level components and some Cambridge O Level components．

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1 (a)
Winners Athletic Club Shop
Income Statement for the year ended 30 June 2015

|  | \$ | \$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sales (690 (1) + $6670-540$ (1)) |  | 6820 |
| Opening inventory * | 640 |  |
| Add purchases (429 (1) + $2590-376$ (1) ) | 2643 |  |
|  | 3283 |  |
| Less closing inventory * | 530 (1 both *) | 2753 |
| Gross profit |  | 4067 |
| Wages | 2780 (1) |  |
| Bad debt | 60 (1) | 2840 |
| Profit for the year |  | 1227 |

(b)

Winners Athletic Club
Income and Expenditure Account for the year ended 30 June 2015

|  | \$ | \$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Shop profits |  | 1227 |
| Subscriptions |  |  |
| [(485 + 895 + 2100] (1) - [(675 + $345+8690)]$ (1) |  | 6230 (1)OF |
| Events |  |  |
| Less costs (3720-275 (1)-2 120 (1))Life membership |  | 1325 |
|  |  | 460 (1) |
|  |  | 9242 |
| Entry fees (2160 +140) | 2300 (1) |  |
| Bank charges | 126 (1) |  |
| Depreciation | 1768 (1)CF |  |
| Secretary's expenses | 1370 |  |
| Loss on equip. sale | 260 (1)CF | 5824 |
| Surplus for the year |  | 3418 (1)OF |


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(c)

Winners Athletic Club
Statement of Financial Position at 30 June 2015
Non-current assets
Equipment at net book value (W1)
\$ \$ \$

7072 (1)OF
Current assets
Inventory 530
Trade receivables
Subs in arrears
Bank (1970-126)
630 \}
345 \}(1) for both

Current liabilities
1844 (1)

Trade payables 429
Subs in advance
Events in advance
895
Entries in arrears
275 \}
140 \}(1)for both $\underline{1739}$
1610

Financed by
Accumulated fund (W2) 1124 (2)
Add surplus
3418 (1) OF 4542
Life membership fund (W3)

W1 NBV = 8840-1768(OF) = 7072
W2 Opening accumulated fund: $640+540+6700+485$ $=8365(1)-(3690+2500+376+675)(1)=1124$
W3 Life membership $2500+2100-460=4140$
(d) These people are not paid (1), it cannot be entered in the accounts. Money measurement concept (1)
(e) The revenue and income must be matched to the period being reported and if these were not entered then the surplus/deficit maybe under/overstated (1). Matching/accruals concept (1)
[Total: 30]

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2 (a)

|  | Add <br> $(\$)$ | Deduct <br> $(\$)$ | Total <br> $(\$)$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Original net profit |  |  | $1540(\mathbf{2 )}$ |
| Damaged inventory |  | $1440(\mathbf{2 )}$ |  |
| Loan interest |  | $3000(\mathbf{2 )}$ |  |
| Insurance | $4500(2)$ |  |  |
| Depreciation | 4500 | 5980 | 1480 |
|  |  |  | 51920 (1of) |

## Where 2 marks are awardable, award 1 for correct figure, 1 for correct application [10]

(b)

> Francis Flintoff Corrected Statement of Financial Position at 31 December 2014 $\$$

Assets
Non-current assets
Buildings at valuation
Office equipment at book value
Motor vehicles at book value
Current assets
Inventory 64060 (1)OF
Trade receivables
14800
Cash and cash equivalents
14200 (1)CF
93060
Total assets
466560 (1)OF
Capital and liabilities
Capital at 1 January 2014
348200
Amended profit for year
51920 (2)CF
or (1)OF
Non-current liability
6\% loan repayable 2021
24000 (1)
Current liabilities
Trade payables 38000
Other payables (1440 (1)OF + 3000 (1)OF) 4440
42440
466560

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(c) 1 Trade creditors (suppliers)

Need to know the organisation's ability to pay its debts and continue to supply .
2 Providers of finance to the business (e.g. banks).
Need to know that business can pay interest/repay loans/grant finance.
3 Trade unions.
Need to know financial situation as a means of discussing working conditions and pay/job security.

4 Financial analysts (e.g. stockbrokers)
Need information to help advise clients
5 Government and its agencies
Interested in allocation of resources also to provide a basis for national statistics Inland revenue for taxation purposes.

6 The public
Need information regarding jobs and may be local suppliers
$7 \quad$ Trade receivables (customers)
Interested in continuity of business for supply of goods/services
8 Competitors
To compare to their own business.
9 (Potential) investors
Need to know whether the investment is worthwhile.
10 Auditors
Need to examine the accounts.
Maximum two marks per user, one for title and one for their interest to a maximum of ten marks

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3 (a) (i) $\mathrm{SP}=\$ 4400000 / 40000$ units $=\$ 110$
Contribution $=\$ 110(1)-(\$ 1400000+\$ 1000000+\$ 400000(1) / 40000)=\$ 40$
[2]
(ii) Fixed costs $=\$ 300000+\$ 1200000=\$ 1500000$

Breakeven $=\$ 1500000$ (1) $/ \$ 40(1) \mathrm{OF}=37500$ units
[2]OF
(iii) Margin of safety $=40000-37500=2500$ units
(b) (i) Selling price $=\$ 110-\$ 11=\$ 99$ (1)

Sales $=40000 \times 1.2=48000$ units
Variable costs per unit $=\$ 1400000+(1000000 \times 1.03)+\$ 400000$
$=\$ 2830000$ (1) / $40000(1)=\$ 70.75$
Fixed costs $=\$ 1500000 \times 0.9=\$ 1350000$
Contribution per unit $=\$ 99-\$ 70.75=\$ 28.25$ (1)
[4]OF
(ii) Breakeven $=\$ 1350000$ (1) / \$28.25 (1of)= 47788 units
[2]OF
(iii) Margin of safety $=48000-47788=212$ units (1of)
(c) $(\$ 30000 / 12$ months $=\$ 2500$
(1)) $/(\$ 20-\$ 15=\$ 5)=500$ units $\times \$ 20=\$ 10000(1)$
(d)


Allow 1 mark for correct labelling of both axes

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(e) 1 All variable costs per unit remain constant.

2 Fixed costs do not change within the relevant range.
3 Deals with only a single product or a constant sales mix.
4 Total costs and total revenue are linear.
5 Costs can be accurately classified into fixed or variable.
6 Chart applies to the relevant range only.
7 Chart covers only the short-term.
8 All units produced are sold i.e. there is no inventory.
9 It assumes that the selling price is constant at all levels of output.
(1 per assumption) Max 3
(f) - Making decisions on allocation (1) of scarce/limited resources (1)

- Accept orders below normal selling price (1) if spare capacity (1)
- Determine the selling prices (1) of entering into a new market (1)
- The use of sensitivity analysis (1) if there is a change in output/cost structure (1)
- Accept or reject orders (1) below normal selling price (1)
- Whether to close down a department/discontinue a product (1) positive/negative contribution (1)
- To ascertain the additional overhead (1) in producing one extra unit (1)
- To ascertain the required turnover (1) to achieve a target profit (1)
[Total: 30]

