UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

GCE Advanced Subsidiary Level and GCE Advanced Level

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2010 question paper for the guidance of teachers

9706 ACCOUNTING

9706/41

Paper 4 (Problem Solving (Supplement)), maximum raw mark 120

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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| Pa | ge 2 | Maı | rk Scher | ne: Tea | chers | s' version | | S | yllabus | Pa | per |
|-----|--------------|---------------|------------------|----------------|---------|---------------|---------|----------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | | GCE A/A | S LEVE | _ – Octo | ber/N | Novembe | r 2010 |) | 9706 | 4 | 41 |
| (a) | | | Al | kram, Bh | nupes | sh and Ch | uck | | | | |
| | Prof | it and loss a | appropria | ation acc | ount | for the ye | ar end | led 31 M | arch 201 | 0. | |
| | | | | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | | | |
| | Gross prof | | | | | | | 383 0 | 00 | | |
| | General ex | rpenses | | | | 306 600 | | | | | |
| | Bad debts | | | | 300 | | | plit 500 – | | | |
| | Depreciation | on – buildiı | • | 3 200 | | | all the | ee 2 ma | rks or tw | o 1 mark | |
| | | mach | • | 3 700 } | | | | | | | |
| | | vehicl | les <u>17</u> | <u>7 200</u> J | | <u>42 100</u> | | <u>349 0</u> | | | |
| | • | or the year | | | | | | 34 0 | 00 (1of) | | |
| | Salary Akr | | | | | 8 000 | (1) | | | | |
| | | capital Akr | am | | | 9 600 | | (4) | | | |
| | Bhupesh | | | | | 6 600 | all thr | | 20 | | |
| | Chuck | - 6 | . | | | <u>4 800</u> | | <u>29 0</u> | | | |
| | • | ofit before | | are | | (4.000) | (4 - £) | 5 0 | JU | | |
| | Share of p | rofit/loss A | | | | (1 320) | . , | | | | |
| | | | Shupesh Shuck | | | (880) | | 5.00 | 20 | | [1 ⁻ |
| | | C | HUCK | | | <u>7 200</u> | (201) | <u>5 0</u> 0 | <u> </u> | | Ľ |
| (b) | | | | Curr | ent a | ccounts | | | | | |
| | | Α | В | С | | | | Α | В | С | |
| | | \$ | \$ | \$ | | | | \$ | \$ | \$ | |
| | | | | | | Balance | b/d | 14 000 | 27 000 | 37 000 | (1) |
| | Drawings | 40 000 | 33 400 | 35 000 | (1) | Salary | | 8 000 | | | (1) |
| | | | | | | Int on ca | ар | 9 600 | 6 600 | | (1of) |
| | Loss | 1 320 | 880 | | | Profit | | | | 7 200 | (1of) |
| | Balance c/ | | | 14 000 | | Balance | c/d | 9 720 | 680 | | |
| | | 41 320 | 34 280 | 49 000 | | | | <u>41 320</u> | 34 280 | 49 000 | [|
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (-) | | | | 0.5 | | 4 . | | | | | |
| (c) | ۸ | _ | | Cap | ıtaı ad | ccounts | | | D | | |

| (c) | Capital accounts | | | | | | | |
|----------|------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|----------|------------------------|----------------|----------------|-------|
| | Α | В | С | | Α | В | С | |
| | \$ | \$ | \$ | | \$ | \$ | \$ | |
| Curr acc | 9 720 | 680 | | Bal b/d | 160 000 | 110 000 | 80 000 | (1) |
| Deb's | 50 000 | 50 000 | 50 000 (1) | Curr acc | | | 14 000 | (1of) |
| Shares | 210 000 | (1) 140 000 | (1) 70 000 (1) | Surpl | 106 200 | 70 800 | 35 400 | *(7) |
| Bank | | 9 400 | (1of) | Bank | <u>3 520</u> (1 | of) 9 880 (1o | f) | |
| | <u>269 720</u> | <u>190 680</u> | 129 400 | | <u>269 720</u> | <u>190 680</u> | <u>129 400</u> | |

^{*} $600\ 000\ (1) - (367\ 000\ (1) - 42\ 100\ (1of) + 23\ 500\ (1) + (37\ 000 - 18\ 000)\ (1) + 20\ 200\ (1))$ = 212 400 plus (1of) for the correct profit share between partners. [16]

| (d) | | | | Bank | c accoun | t | | |
|-----|----------|--------|-------|----------|---------------|-------|--|-----|
| | | \$ | | | \$ | | | |
| | Bad debt | 200 | (1) | Balance | 14 000 | (1) | | |
| | EDC Ltd | 30 000 | (1) | Expenses | 20 200 | (1) | | |
| | Akram | 3 520 | (1of) | Chuck | 9 400 | (1of) | | |
| | Bhupesh | 9 880 | (1of) | | | . , | | |
| | · | 43 600 | | | <u>43 600</u> | | | [7] |

[Total: 40]

| Page 3 | Mark Scheme: Teachers' version | Syllabus | Paper |
|--------|--|----------|-------|
| | GCE A/AS LEVEL – October/November 2010 | 9706 | 41 |

2 (a) Reconciliation of profit from operations (operating profit) to net cash flow from operating activities for the year ended 31 March 2010

| | \$000 | |
|--|--------------|------|
| Profit from operations | 393 | (1) |
| Adjustments for: | | |
| Depreciation for the year | 1 378 | |
| 470 (1) + 508 (1) + 400 (1) | | |
| Gains on sale of non-current (fixed) assets | (7) | (1) |
| Loss on sale of non-current (fixed) assets | | (2) |
| Increase in inventories (stock) | (28) | (1) |
| Increase in trade receivables (debtors) | ` ' | (1) |
| Increase in trade payables (creditors) | <u>219</u> | • • |
| Cash from operations | 1 961 | • |
| Interest paid | (30) | • • |
| Income taxes paid | <u>(306)</u> | (1) |
| Net cash (used in) generated by operating activities | <u>1 625</u> | [13] |

Note for marking: candidate may use FRS1 format. If so, give credit for tax paid and interest paid if they appear in (b) instead of in (a).

(b) Costello plc

Statement of cash flows for the year ended 31 March 2010

| · | | \$000 |
|---|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| Net cash (used in) / from operating activities | | 1 625 (1of) |
| Cash flows from investing activities | | |
| Purchase of non-current assets | (3 690) | |
| 450 (1) + 1350 (1) + 620 (1) + 1270 (1) | | |
| Proceeds from sale of non-current assets | <u>43</u> | |
| 6 (1) + 37 (1) | | |
| Net cash (used in) / from investing activities | | (3647) |
| Cash flows from financing activities | | |
| Proceeds from issue of share capital | 1500 | |
| 500 (2) + 1000 (2) | | |
| Repayment of debentures | (140) (1) | |
| Dividends paid | <u>(5)</u> (2) | |
| Net cash (used in) / from financing activities | | <u>1 355</u> |
| Net incr / (decr) in cash and cash equivalents (bank) | | (667) (1of) (2cf) |
| Cash and cash equivalents (bank) at beginning of year | | <u>580</u> |
| Cash and cash equivalents (bank) at end of year | | <u>(87)</u> [16] |

| (c) Net debt 1 April 2009 (580 – 500) | 80 (2) or 0 | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|-----|
| Decrease in cash | (667) (1of) | |
| Debentures repurchase | <u>140</u> (2) or 0 | |
| Net debt 31 March 2010 (87 + 360) | <u>(447)</u> (2) or 0 | [7] |

(d) Legal requirement for some limited companies (2)

Shows how cash and cash equivalents have been used / generated (2) internally and externally

Link between two balance sheets (2) and between cash and profit (2)

Movement in cash receipts and cash payments (2)

Completes the picture given by financial statements (2)

2 marks each [4]

[Total: 40]

| Page 4 | Mark Scheme: Teachers' version | Syllabus | Paper |
|--------|--|----------|-------|
| | GCE A/AS LEVEL – October/November 2010 | 9706 | 41 |

3 (a)

| | | \$ |
|---------------|--|-----------------------|
| Revenue | working 1 | 1 715 610 |
| purchase cost | | (200 000) (1) |
| salary | (30 000 + 36 000 + 43 200 + 51 840 + 62 208) | (223 248) (2) |
| rent | (3600 + 3600 + 4500 + 4500 + 4500) | (20 700) (2) |
| air fare | (1000 × 5) | (5000) (1) |
| | Net cash flow | 1 266 662 (1of) |

working 1

| | \$ |
|---|----------------------|
| 1 000 000 x 1.1 - 1000 000 | 100 000 (1) |
| (1000 000 + 100 000 × .1.1) – 1000 000 | 210 000 (1of) |
| (1000 000 + 210 000 × .1.1) – 1000 000 | 331 000 (1of) |
| (1000 000 + 331 000 × .1.1) – 1000 000 | 464 100 (1of) |
| (1000 000 + 464 100 × .1.1) – 1000 000 | 610 510 (1of) |
| | 1 715 610 |

[22]

(b)

| year | annual net cash flow | dis factor | \$ |
|------|----------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| 0 | (200 000 + 3600) | 1 | (203 600) (1of) |
| 1 | (100 000 – 30 000 – 3600 – 1000) | 0.893 | 58 402.20 (1of) |
| 2 | (210 000 – 36 000 – 4500 – 1000) | 0.797 | 134 294.50 (1of) |
| 3 | (331 000 – 43 200 – 4500 – 1000) | 0.712 | 200 997.60 (1of) |
| 4 | (464 100 – 51 840 – 4500 – 1000) | 0.636 | 258 699.36 (1of) |
| 5 | (610 510 – 62 208 – 1000) | 0.507 | 277 482.11 (1of) |
| | | N.P.V (1) | 726 275.77 (1of) |

[8]

| Page 5 | Mark Scheme: Teachers' version | Syllabus | Paper |
|--------|--|----------|-------|
| | GCE A/AS LEVEL – October/November 2010 | 9706 | 41 |

(c) Brad discounted payback

$$\frac{10\,903.30}{200\,997.60} \frac{\text{(1of)}}{\text{(1of)}} = 0.054 \text{ (1of) plus 2 years (1of)} = 2.054 \text{ years}$$

accept also 2 years and 20 days

2 years and 0.65 months

(d) Tanzeel has a lower NPV over 3 years (1of) At the end of three years Brad has a positive NPV (1of) Tanzeel has a slower payback than Brad (1of) Brad should be employed (1of) as a quicker payback helps to improve liquidity.

However Brad continues to earn after the three years (1) when Tanzeel would need to be replaced (1) could a good replacement be found? (1)

Other factors – Brad is younger- fitter? (1) Less prone to injury? (1) Will he fulfil his potential? (1) If he does will he demand more pay (1) and benefits (1)

Other valid points to be rewarded

[max 6]