# MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2011 question paper

## for the guidance of teachers

# 9706 ACCOUNTING

9706/22

Paper 2 (Structured Questions – Core), maximum raw mark 90

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

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1 (a)

1 (a) <u>Kirsty</u>			
Income Statement (trading and profit and loss accou	nt)		
for the year ended 30 April 2011	<u></u>		
	•		•
\$	\$		\$
Revenue (sales) (108 000 – 4 800)			103 200 <b>(1)</b>
Opening Inventory (Stock) 3 6			
Ordinary goods purchased (Purchases) (56 000 – 1 800 (1) – 2 500 (1)) <u>51 70</u>	<u>00</u>		
	55 300		
Less Closing Inventory (Stock)	4 200		
Cost of Sales			<u>51 100</u>
Gross Profit			52 100
Discounts received	400	(1)	
Commission received	880		
Provision for doubtful debts*	<u>216</u>	(3of)	
			1 496
			53 596
Less Expenses			
Rent	4 000		
General expenses	4 800		
Insurance	2 840		
Salaries	14 000		
Electricity	2 380		
Motor expenses	4 900		
Bad debts	200	(1)	
Loan interest	1 500	(1)	
Carriage outwards	700		
Discounts allowed	600	(1)	
Depreciation – equipment	4 920	(1)	
Depreciation – motor vehicles	<u>6 300</u>	(1)	
			<u>47 140</u>
Profit for the year (Net Profit)			6 456
			[4:0]
			[12]

\* 6200 – 200 – 800 = 5200  $\times$  2% = 104 + 200 = 304 deducted from 520 = 216

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(b)

• •						
	<u>Kirsty</u>					
	Statement of Financial Position (Balance	e Sheet) a	at 30 April	<u>2011</u>		
		\$	\$	\$		
	Non-Current (Fixed) Assets					
	Equipment			29 880		
	Motor vehicles			<u>18 900</u>		
				48 780	(1)	
	Current Assets					
	Inventory (stock)		4 200			
	Trade receivables (debtors)		5 096			
	Insurance prepaid		460 <b>(1</b>	)		
	Bank		3 400			
	Commission receivable		<u> </u>	)		
			13 306			
	Current Liabilities					
	Trade payables (creditors)	3 800				
	Loan interest owing	250				
	Electricity owing	380 <b>(1</b>	)			
	Loan	<u>7 500</u> (1	)			
			<u>11 930</u>			
	Working capital			1 376		
	Total assets less current liabilities			50 156		
	Non-Current (long term) Liabilities					
	Loan		<u>7 500</u> (1	)		
				7 500		
				<u>42 656</u>		
	Financed by:					
	Capital			44 000		
	Profit for the year (Net Profit)			<u>6 456 (</u>	1of)	
				50 456		
	Drawings			7 800	(1)	
				<u>42 656</u>		
						[8]
(c)	54 000 + 1 000 + 2 000 = 57 000 <b>(2)</b>					[2]
(3)						r_1
/ N						
(d)	(57 000 – 4 000 <b>(1)</b> ) / 5 = 10 600 <b>(1)</b>					[2]

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## (e)

## **Disposal of Machinery**

	\$			\$	
Machinery	57 000	(1)	Depreciation	42 400	(1)
			Bank <b>(1)</b>	12 000	(1)
			Profit and Loss (1)	2 600	(1)
	<u>57 000</u>			<u>57 000</u>	

[Total 30]

[6]

2 (A) (a)

\$			\$	
43 900	(1)	Bank	436 300	
522 250	(1)	Returns Inwards	30 110	(1)
2 200		Bad Debts	9 250	(1)
30	(1)	Contra (purchases ledger)	5 190	(1)
		Discount allowed	28 800	
		Balance c/d (closing debtors)	58 730	
<u>568 380</u>			<u>568 380</u>	
	43 900 522 250 2 200	43 900 (1) 522 250 (1) 2 200	43 900(1)Bank522 250(1)Returns Inwards2 200Bad Debts30(1)Contra (purchases ledger)Discount allowed	43 900 (1) Bank 436 300   522 250 (1) Returns Inwards 30 110   2 200 Bad Debts 9 250   30 (1) Contra (purchases ledger) 5 190   Discount allowed 28 800   Balance c/d (closing debtors) 58 730

### Alternative answer

Sales Ledger Control Account								
	\$			\$				
Balance b/d	63 530	(1)	Bad debts	850	(1)			
Interest charged	30	(1)	Contra / set off	1 980	(1)			
			Goods on return basis	400	(1)			
			Sales returns	1 600	(1)			
			Balance c/d (closing debtors)	58 730				
	<u>568 380</u>			<u>568 380</u>				

(b)

\_

Schedule of Trade Receivables (	debtors)

	\$	
Opening balance	61 140	(1)
Error 1	180	(1)
Error 3	-240	(2)
Error 4	-1 980	(1)
Error 5	30	(1)
Error 6	_400	(1)
	<u>58 730</u>	(1of)

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 (c) Provides an independent check on the postings in the sales ledger. Errors in the ledger can be located quickly. Segregation of duties helps in the prevention of fraud because members of staff who complete the control accounts are not involved in completing the sales ledger. Totals of trade receivables (debtors) from control accounts can be determined quickly and used in preparation of the trial balance and final accounts.

#### (Any two points – 2 each)

[4]

**2(B) (a)** Profit for the year = (880 000 × 25%) – 130 000 = \$90 000 (2) [2]

(b)	(i)	Return on capital employed	=	Profit for year Capital Employed 90 000 1125 000 ×100
			=	<u>8%</u> (2of)
	(ii)	Inventory Turnover	=	Cost of sales Average stock
			=	$\frac{880000}{(45000+65000)/2}$
			=	880 000 55 000
			=	<u>16 times</u> (2)
	(iii)	Liquid (acid test) ratio	=	Current Assets – Closing Stock Current Liabilities
			=	$\frac{(65000+150000)-65000}{100000+50000}$
			=	150 000
			=	150 000 <u>1 : 1</u> ( <b>2</b> )

#### (c) Paradis Foods

- 1. The return on capital employed is high at 15%. It is higher than S Turner is currently obtaining.
- 2. The current ratio is good and possibly too high with excess stock. The level of the current ratio is well in excess of S Turners'.
- 3. The liquid ratio seems low for a general trading business.

#### Jones Wholesaler

- 1. The return on capital employed is low at 6%. It is much lower than S Turner is currently obtaining.
- 2. The current ratio is good and within the range of 1.5 and 2.0 that we would expect to see.
- 3. The liquid ratio is high at 1.4 : 1 indicating high debtors or cash.

#### (Any three points – 1 each + 1of for decision)

[4]

[6]

Page 6			Mark Scheme: Teachers' version					Syllabus	Paper
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(a) (	(i)	Selliı	ng price p	per unit		35 <b>(1)</b>			
	Variable costs per unit Direct materials Direct labour Direct overheads				1	6 (1) 0 (1) 2 (1)			
	Contribution per ur						<u>20</u> 15 <b>(1of)</b>		[5
(i	•		000 <b>(1)</b> / <sup>/</sup> 000 <b>(1of</b> )	• •					[3
(ii	•	-		ety = 25 000 (* 00 (1) × 100 =	•	(1of)	= 13 000 unit	S	[4
l F L	Adm Insu Rate Loar	in co rance s n inte	osts e erest	Rent Advertising, Indirect wag alternative.					
(	(Any three examples – 1 mark each)								[3

(c) Stepped costs occur when a business increases capacity. As a result of expansion overheads such as insurance, rent and rates and bank interest payments are likely to increase. On a break even chart these increases would result in a horizontal fixed cost line moving to a higher level beyond the output at which increased capacity occurs.

(2 × 1 mark)

[2]



Marks awarded for label or figure and label where both are given

(e) If budgeted data is reasonably accurate and the budgeted level of activity could be maintained in future years then the business would generate more profits (\$225 000 v \$195 000) by increasing capacity.

The **margin of safety** will also be higher in unit terms (15 000 v 13 000) but lower in percentage terms (37.5% v 52%).

The business will make no profit following expansion if sales return to the previous level as the new **break-even** is the same as the previous sales / output.

The **capital cost** of \$3 000 000 is likely to result in interest payments which would have to be met irrespective of profit performance.

#### (2 × 3 marks + 1 mark for evaluation)

[7]

[6]

[Total: 30]