



Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level

CANDIDATE NAME						
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDA NUMBER	TE [

ACCOUNTING 9706/22

Paper 2 Structured Questions

May/June 2017
1 hour 30 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

No Additional Materials are required.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs or for rough working.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

DO **NOT** WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

All accounting statements are to be presented in good style.

International accounting terms and formats should be used as appropriate.

Workings must be shown.

You may use a calculator.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.



1 B Limited is a private limited company trading as a wholesaler of garden equipment. The draft trial balance at 30 June 2016 has been extracted from the books of account and is shown below.

	Debit \$	Credit \$
Bank loan	•	26 400
Bank		14 040
Cash	650	
Directors' remuneration	53 200	
Fixtures and fittings		
Cost	18 110	
Provision for depreciation at 1 July 2015		5310
Land and buildings		
Cost	135 000	
Provision for depreciation at 1 July 2015		21 840
Motor vehicles	44.000	
Cost	41 600	40.000
Provision for depreciation at 1 July 2015	5 000	19 200
Interest paid	5920	
Inventory at 1 July 2015	62400	
Office costs	18 330	
Property costs	21 940	
Purchases	268 200	00.570
Retained earnings		30 570
Revenue	00.400	563 800
Selling and distribution costs	36 120	00.000
Share capital (ordinary shares of \$1 each)		60 000
Trade payables	74.000	39810
Trade receivables	71 000	
Wages and salaries	48 500 700 070	700.070
	<u>780 970</u>	<u>780 970</u>

Additional information

- 1 The value of inventory at 30 June 2016 was \$70 300 at cost.
- 2 Land and buildings at 30 June 2016 were as follows:

\$ Land 70 000 Buildings 65 000

3 Depreciation is to be provided as follows:

Asset	Annual Rate	Method	Charge to		
Fixtures and fittings	15%	Reducing balance	Office costs		
Buildings	2%	Straight-line	Property costs		
Motor vehicles	25%	Reducing balance	Selling and distribution costs		

4 Wages and salaries are to be charged as follows:

Selling and distribution costs 60% Office costs 40%

- 5 B Limited took out a 5% debenture (repayable between 2021 and 2025) for \$50 000 on 30 June 2016 and repaid the bank loan in full. Neither of these transactions has yet been recorded in the books of account.
- 6 A prepayment of \$1240 is to be accounted for on property costs at 30 June 2016.
- 7 An accrual of \$2680 is to be accounted for on selling and distribution costs at 30 June 2016.
- 8 The directors require a provision for doubtful debts to be created representing 2% of trade receivables at 30 June 2016, to be charged to office costs.

REQUIRED

(a) Prepare the income statement for the year ended 30 June 2016. Use the space on the next page for your workings.

B Limited Income Statement for the year ended 30 June 2016

	\$ \$
Revenue	
Cost of sales	
Opening inventory	
Purchases	
Closing inventory	
Gross profit	
Deduct: expenses	
Directors' remuneration	
Office costs	
Property costs	
Selling and distribution costs	
Profit from operations	
Finance costs	
Profit for the year	

Use this space for your workings.
[17]
Prepare an extract showing the current assets section of the statement of financial position at 30 June 2016.
B Limited Extract from Statement of Financial Position at 30 June 2016
[5]

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(c)	Explain why a company should provide for depreciation on its non-current assets.
	[4]
(d)	Explain two differences between ordinary shares and preference shares.
	1
	2
	[4]
	[Total: 30]

2	Wiggins	has	provided	the	following	summary	financial	information	for	the	year	ended
	30 April 2	2017:										

	\$
Bank overdraft	19 000
Cash in hand	1725
Inventory at 1 May 2016	?
Inventory at 30 April 2017	152 000
Purchases	860 000
Revenue	1 042 500
Trade receivables	31 275

- 1 40% of sales are on a cash basis. All remaining sales are on a credit basis.
- 2 All purchases are on credit.
- 3 The gross margin on all sales was 20%.
- 4 The trade payables turnover (days) for the year ended 30 April 2017 was 54.75 days (to two decimal places).

REQUIRED

(a)	State two limitations of using ratio analysis to analyse the performance of a business.	
	1	
	2	
		2
(b)	Calculate the current ratio to two decimal places.	
	[4

(c)	Calculate the liquid (acid test) ratio to two decimal places.
	[1]
(d)	Calculate the rate of inventory turnover (times).
	[4]

Wiggins wishes to expand his business by taking a bank loan of \$30000 repayable over five years.

REQUIRED

(e)	Advise Wiggins whether or not he should take the loan. Justify your answer.
	[4]
	[Total: 15]

3 Amit, Wang and Susi have been trading in partnership for several years and prepare their financial statements annually to 31 March. They have never had a partnership agreement.

REQUIRED

(a)	State four provisions which would apply in the absence of a partnership agreement.
	1
	2
	3
	4
	[4]

Question 3(b) is on the next page.

The statement of financial position for the partnership at 31 March 2016 was as follows:

Amit, Wang and Susi Statement of Financial Position at 31 March 2016

	\$
Assets Non-current assets	100.000
Freehold premises Fixtures and fittings	109 000 <u>64 900</u> <u>173 900</u>
Current assets Trade receivables	14 500
Bank account	5600 20100
Total assets	194 000
Capital and liabilities Capital accounts	
Amit	40 000 40 000
Wang Susi	40 000
	120 000
Current accounts	
Amit	27600
Wang Susi	18 500 22 200
	68 300
Current liabilities Trade payables	5100
Other payables	600
-	5700
Total capital and liabilities	<u>194 000</u>

On 1 April 2016 Amit retired from the partnership and the following was agreed:

- Goodwill was valued at \$42000. A goodwill account is not to be maintained in the books of account.
- 2 Assets were revalued at the following amounts:

	\$
Freehold premises	120 000
Fixtures and fittings	62 200
Trade receivables	13 700

- Amit received \$15 000 from the partnership bank account. The remaining balance owed to him was left as an interest-free loan to the partnership to be repaid by 31 March 2021.
- 4 Wang and Susi agreed to continue in partnership and to share profits and losses equally.

REQUIRED

(b)	Prepare the partners' capital accounts to record the retirement of Amit from the partnership.
	Amit, Wang and Susi Capital accounts
	[6]
4da	ditional information
	it has recently advised the partners that he is having financial difficulties. He has asked Wang Susi for the payment of the balance on his loan account as soon as possible.
RE	QUIRED
(c)	Advise Wang and Susi whether or not they should agree to Amit's request. Justify your answer.
	[5]

4 FPL Limited manufactures one type of product. Their sales staff receive 10% commission on the selling price.

The following information was available for the quarter ended 30 September 2016:

\$
203 000
48 140
38 860
23 200
20 450
32 250
35 900

Selling expenses include the sales commission, but all other selling expenses are fixed.

REQUIRED

(a)	Prepare a marginal cost income statement for the quarter ended 30 September 2016.
	[4

(b)	Calculate the break-even point in units for the quarter.
	[2]

The directors' target profit is \$20000 per quarter. They were concerned that the profit for the quarter ended 30 September 2016 was below the target profit.

The directors realised that action must be taken in order to increase the profit.

In order to improve the profits they are considering two proposals.

Proposal A

- 1 Retain the current selling price.
- 2 Reduce the number of employees in administrative staff, saving \$48,000 per annum.
- 3 Source less expensive materials to reduce direct material cost by \$0.10 per unit.
- 4 Reduce the sales commission by 2%.

Proposal B

- 1 Improve the product and increase the selling price by 10%. This will increase the direct material cost by \$0.15 per unit.
- 2 Spend \$5000 per quarter on advertising to raise awareness of the improved product.
- 3 Reduce the numbers of administrative staff, saving \$48,000 per annum.
- 4 Retain the sales commission at 10%.

REQUIRED

(c)	Cal for:	culate the number of units required to be sold per quarter to achieve a profit of \$200	000
	(i)	Proposal A	
	(ii)	Proposal B	
	` '		
			[6]

(d)	Recommend to the directors which proposal they should adopt. Justify your answer by discussing the benefits and drawbacks of each proposal.
	Recommendation
	Proposal A
	Benefits
	Drawbacks
	Proposal B
	Benefits
	Drawbacks

[8]

(e) State three advantages and three disadvantages of a system of budget preparation.

Advantages
1
2
3
Disadvantages
1
2
3
[6]

[Total: 30]

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