## MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2012 question paper

## for the guidance of teachers

# 9706 ACCOUNTING

9706/22

Paper 2 (Structured Questions – Core), maximum raw mark 90

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

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Page 2		Mark Scheme: To GCE AS/A LEVEL	Syllabus 9706	Paper 22					
1	(a)	Manufacturing Account for the year ended 30 April 2012							
	Add Pur Less Pur Less Inv	y (1.05.11) chases of raw materials rchase returns entory (30.04.12) raw materials consumed	\$ 238 000 <b>1</b> <u>10 000</u> <b>1</b>	\$ 20 000 <b>1</b> 228 000 248 000 <u>56 000</u> <b>1</b> 192 000 <b>1</b>					
		turing wages		<u>265 000</u> <b>1</b> 457 000 <b>1</b>					
	Indirect f Insuranc General Factory Heat and	Overhead factory wages $(46 + 5)$ te $(14 - 7) \times 70\%$ expenses supervision salaries d light 6 000 $\times$ 80% ation (260 - 60) $\times$ 20%	51 000 <b>2</b> 4 900 <b>2</b> 6 000 15 000 <b>1</b> 4 800 <b>2</b> 40 000 <b>2</b>	<u>121 700</u> 578 700					
	Add inve	progress entory (1.05.11) entory (30.4.12)	52 000 <b>1</b> 58 000 <b>1</b>	<u>(6 000</u> )					
	Factory	cost of production	10F	572 700	[19]				

If Depreciation on Factory Premises, \$120 000 is included, ignore it. Factory cost of production will now be \$692 700 if all else is correct.

### (b) Income Statement for the year ended 30 April 2012

Sales Less Cost of Sales		799 000
Inventory of finished goods (1.05.11) Transfer value of finished goods	78 000 <u>572 700</u> 650 700	10F
Less inventory of finished goods (30.04.12) Gross profit	72 000	<u>578 700</u> 220 300 <b>10F</b>
Decrease in provision DD		<u>800</u> <b>1</b> 221 100
Insurance Heat and light Admin expenses Office salaries Depreciation	2 100 <b>1</b> 1 200 <b>1</b> 33 000 55 000 - <b>1</b> 20 800 <b>1</b>	112 100
Net profit		109 000 <b>10F</b>

[8]

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- (c) Examples
  - 1 Value of opening and closing inventory at lower of cost or net realisable value.
  - 2 Depreciation of non-current assets charges the estimated amount of the asset consumed against profit.
  - 3 Any other valid point, provision for depreciation, accruals/prepayments.

#### One mark per valid point.

Not provision for unrealised profit – must apply to Bart's accounts.

[Total: 30]

[3]

2	(a)	Sales	Net profit					
		200 000 400 000 500 000 860 000 Net profit	12 000 32 000 40 000 86 000 170 000 <b>1</b>					
		Not pront	170 000 1	Average	42 500 <b>1</b>			
				Two years	85 000 <b>1</b>			[3]
	(b)			Capital	accounts			
			М	А		М	А	
			\$	\$		\$	\$	
			2	2		1		
		Goodwill	51 000	34 000	Balance b/d	442 000		
			10F	10F		1		
		Balance c/d	476 000	286 000	Goodwill	85 000		
					Bank		200 000	
					Vehicles		94 000	
					Inventory	<u></u>	26 000	1
			<u>527 000</u>	320 000		<u>527 000</u>	320 000	

If Mhairi's Goodwill is combined and a net figure of \$34,000 shown on credit side, award 3 marks.

Balances b/d 476 000

286 000

[11]

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#### (c) Statement of Financial Position (Balance Sheet) at 1 May 2012

	\$	\$
Non-current assets		
Equipment		232 000
Fixtures		160 000
Vehicles		94 000
		486 000 <b>2</b>
Current Assets		
Inventory (86 + 26)	112 000	2
Trade receivables	16 000	
Bank (200 – 14)	<u>186 000</u>	2
	314 000	
Current liabilities		
Trade payables	<u>38 000</u>	
Net current assets		276 000
Net assets		<u>762 000</u>
Capital		
Mhairi		476 000 <b>10F</b>
Aiden		<u>286 000</u> 10F
		762 000

(d) The advantages are:

- More capital is available;
- Different partners may have different skills that are beneficial to the business;
- The management of the business can be shared;
  - The business is more efficient
  - There are more ideas
  - The responsibility is shared, so less stress
- Losses can be shared;
- Liquidity is improved.

Two marks per valid point to maximum of 8.

[8]

[8]

[Total: 30]

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3	(a)	Cost		Basis		Machining		Assembly	Maintenance	Canteen
		Indirect w Repairs a	•	Number of employees Direct	1	742 000		1 102 400	169 600	106 000
		maintena	nce	machine hours	1	369 000		41 000		
		Rent and Machiner		Floor area Machine	1	23 850		21 200	5 300	2 650
		insurance Premises		cost	1	15 600		8 400		
		insurance Electricity		Floor area Power		12 600	1	11 200	2 800	1 400
		power Depreciat	tion	usage (%)		26 400	1	16 800	2 400	2 400
		of machir Consuma		Machine cos Consumable		9 100 9 550		4 900 9 800	550	1 250
		Reapport Maintena		Canteen		39 795 <u>149 068</u>		68 220 <u>37 267</u>	<b>1</b> 5 685 <b>1</b> ( <u>186 335</u> )	( <u>113 700</u> )
						<u>1 396 963</u>		<u>1 321 187</u>		[12]
	(b)	Overhead	d rate	<u>1 396 963</u> 202 500	1	<u>1 321 18</u> 314 5		1		
				\$6.89858 DMH	10F	\$4.200 DL		10F		[4]

Accept correct to 2 decimal places \$6.90 and \$4.20.

(c)	Machining		Assembly		
Actual overhead	1 410 000		1 312 000		
Absorbed overhead	1 345 500		1 335 600		
	64 500	10F	23 600	10F	
	under absorbed	10F	over absorbed	10F	[4]

Accept approximations depending on use of decimal places in answers to **(b)**, around 64 777 and 23 889

(d) The machine department has not worked the planned hours. **10F** Its actual overheads were greater than the budgeted therefore increasing overall costs. **10F** 

The assembly department has worked more than the planned hours. **10F** Its actual overheads were less than the budgeted therefore saving on overall costs. **10F** 

#### Maximum of 2 marks for each department.

[4]

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#### (e) Use of estimated data which could be inaccurate, leading to under/over absorption.

Over–absorption, too much overhead charged to production, overpriced and uncompetitive, fall in demand and subsequent loss of revenue/reduction in profit.

Under-absorption, insufficient overhead charged to production, lower price to customer, costs not covered and subsequent reduction in profits.

 $(2 \times 3 \text{ mark})$ 

[6]

[Total: 30]