UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS General Certificate of Education Advanced Level

## ACCOUNTING

9706/31
Paper 3 Multiple Choice
May/June 2012
1 hour
Additional Materials: Multiple Choice Answer Sheet
Soft clean eraser
Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

## READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write in soft pencil.
Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.
Write your name, Centre number and candidate number on the Answer Sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.

There are thirty questions on this paper. Answer all questions. For each question there are four possible answers A, B, C and D.
Choose the one you consider correct and record your choice in soft pencil on the separate Answer Sheet.

## Read the instructions on the Answer Sheet very carefully.

Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer.
Any rough working should be done in this booklet.
Calculators may be used.

1 X and Y are in partnership. The following information has been extracted from their current accounts.

|  | X <br> $\$$ | Y <br> $\$$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| opening balances | 2000 dr | 3000 cr |
| drawings for the year | 15000 | 18000 |
| closing balances | 1000 cr | 4000 cr |

What was the net profit for the year before appropriation?
A $\$ 29000$
B $\$ 33000$
C $\$ 37000$
D $\$ 39000$
$2 \mathrm{X}, \mathrm{Y} \& \mathrm{Z}$ are in partnership sharing the profits and losses equally. The balances on their capital accounts are $\$ 40000, \$ 35000$ and $\$ 32000$ respectively.
$Z$ retires and as part of his settlement takes a car at an agreed value of $\$ 4000$. The car has a book value of $\$ 4600$. Goodwill is valued at $\$ 15000$.

How much cash will $Z$ receive when he leaves the partnership?
A $\$ 32400$
B $\$ 32800$
C $\$ 33000$
D $\$ 37000$

3 When goodwill is not adjusted in the books which of the following statements are correct?
1 A new partner does not have to introduce an amount as capital.
2 Non-current assets are undervalued.
3 Partners do not receive credit for their efforts in building up the business.
4 Retiring partners will receive a lower amount of money when leaving the business.
A 1 and 2
B 1 and 4
C 2 and 3
D 3 and 4

4 A company redeems 10000 preference shares of $\$ 5$ each at a premium of $5 \%$. The shares were originally issued at a premium of $10 \%$ but the share premium account has been fully utilised.

How much will be debited to the income statement?
A $\$ 2500$
B $\$ 50000$
C $\$ 52500$
D $\$ 55000$

5 A company provides the following financial information at the end of the financial year.

|  | $\$ 000$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| Retained earnings at the start of the year | 50 |
| Profit for the year attributable to equity holders | 120 |
| Ordinary dividends paid during the year | 70 |
| Ordinary dividends proposed payable in the next financial year | 30 |
| Transfer to general reserve | 20 |

What is the amount of retained earnings at the end of the financial year?
A $\$ 50000$
B $\$ 70000$
C $\$ 80000$
D $\$ 100000$

6 Which pair of statements about the reserves of a limited company is correct?

|  | revenue reserves | capital reserves |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | can be credited back to retained <br> earnings if no longer needed | created from retained earnings |
| B | can be used to issue bonus shares | can be credited back to retained <br> earnings if no longer needed <br> C |
| can be used to pay cash dividends to issue bonus shares |  |  |
| D | reduces the amount available <br> to pay dividends when created | can be used to pay cash dividends |

7 A company makes a 1 for 2 bonus issue.
What effect will this have?
A improve cash flow
B increase shareholders' funds
C reduce an ordinary shareholder's percentage holding
D reduce the value of an ordinary share

8 A limited company purchases a partnership. It issues to the partners $10 \%$ debentures and pays them cash in full settlement of the purchase price.

Which of the following statements is correct?
A The company's gearing is reduced.
B The company intended to expand its business.
C The company's reserves are reduced.
D The partners now own some of the equity in the company.

9 A company buys a business by issuing shares in full payment. The shares have a par value of $\$ 1.00$ each and an agreed market value of $\$ 2.50$ each. The assets and liabilities of the business together with the agreed values are as follows.

|  | net book value \$ | agreed valuation \$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| plant and machinery | 15000 | 22000 |
| motor vehicles | 17500 | 13250 |
| inventory | 24000 | 21500 |
| trade receivables | 2500 | 2250 |
| trade payables | 8000 | 9000 |

How many shares will be issued to satisfy the purchase of the business?
A 20000
B 20100
C 20400
D 51000

10 The table shows the capital structure of a company.

|  | $\$$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| 100000 ordinary shares of $\$ 1$ each | 100000 |
| $10 \%$ debentures | 50000 |
| reserves | 100000 |

It increases the debentures by $\$ 50000$ and makes a bonus issue of one share for every two held. It then makes a rights issue of a further 100000 shares at $\$ 1$ each.

How will these transactions affect the statement of financial position?

|  | gearing | reserves | bank |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | decrease | decrease | decrease |
| B | increase | decrease | decrease |
| C | increase | decrease | increase |
| D | decrease | increase | increase |

11 The business of a sole trader is bought by a limited company. Details of the sale are shown in the following table.

| net assets at valuation | $\$ 250000$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| agreed purchase price | $\$ 280000$ |
| cash paid in part settlement | $\$ 40000$ |
| number of $\$ 1.00$ shares issued | 120000 |

What is the premium per share?
A $\$ 0.75$
B $\$ 1.00$
C $\$ 1.75$
D $\$ 2.00$

12 A business has assets with a fair value of $\$ 150000$. There is agreed negative goodwill of $\$ 30000$. 16000 ordinary shares of $\$ 2.00$ each were issued at a premium of $\$ 3$ each to acquire the net assets.

How much were the liabilities acquired?
A $\$ 40000$
B $\$ 70000$
C $\$ 88000$
D $\$ 100000$

13 At the end of the year, the following information has been extracted from a company's statement of cash flows.

|  | $\$$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| total cash from operating activities | 200 |
| net cash used by investing activities | $(300)$ |
| net cash used by financing activities | $(150)$ |
| closing cash and cash equivalents | $(50)$ |

What was the opening figure for cash and cash equivalents?
A $\$(200)$
B $\$(300)$
C $\$ 200$
D $\$ 300$

14 Which items are part of the published accounts of a limited company?
1 chairman's statement
2 income statement
3 report of the directors
4 statement of cash flows
A 1 only
B 1 and 2 only
C 1, 2 and 3
D 2,3 and 4

15 To which asset is impairment normally applied each year?
A goodwill
B inventory
C plant and machinery
D trade receivables

16 The following information is taken from the financial statements of a limited company.

|  | $\$ 000$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| retained earnings at the start of the year | 50 |
| profit attributable to equity holders | 30 |
| dividends paid during the year | 15 |
| dividends proposed payable in the next financial year | 10 |
| surplus on revaluation of land during the year | 20 |

What are the retained earnings at the end of the year?
A $\$ 55000$
B $\$ 65000$
C $\$ 80000$
D $\$ 100000$

17 Which two actions would both increase a company's working capital cycle?
1 increase trade payables; reduce trade receivables
2 increase trade receivables; reduce trade payables
3 reduce inventory; increase trade payables
4 reduce trade payables; increase inventory
A 1 and 2
B 1 and 3
C 2 and 4
D 3 and 4

18 A company's annual published accounts shows the following information.

|  | $\$$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| profit for the year attributed to equity holders | 32000 |
| preference dividends paid during the year | 4000 |
| ordinary dividends paid and proposed for the year | 20000 |
| retained earnings brought forward | 68000 |

What is the dividend cover for the ordinary shares?
A 3.8 times
B 1.6 times
C 1.4 times
D 0.4 times

19 A company has provided the following information.
dividends paid during the year - $\$ 4$ per share
dividends proposed at the year end - $\$ 2$ per share
market price per share - $\$ 50$
nominal value per share - $\$ 80$
What is the company's dividend yield?
A $5.0 \%$
B 7.5\%
C $8.0 \%$
D 12.0\%

20 Which ratio can be calculated from the statement of financial position of a limited company?
A the dividend yield per ordinary share
B the earnings per ordinary share
C the market value of an ordinary share
D the net asset value per ordinary share

21 Which transaction will reduce a company's gearing?
A an issue of bonus shares
B an issue of new preference shares
C obtaining a long term loan
D redeeming debentures

22 A manufacturing company adds $10 \%$ to the factory cost of goods produced to determine the price at which goods are transferred from factory to warehouse.

The table shows information taken from the company's income statement at the end of the financial year.

|  | $\$$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| opening inventory of finished goods | 137500 |
| closing inventory of finished goods | 159500 |

How much should be debited in the income statement for the year for the provision for unrealised profit on stock?
A $\$ 2000$
B $\$ 2200$
C $\$ 14500$
D $\$ 20000$

23 A company manufactures three products. The following information is obtained in respect of next month's budgeted production.

|  | product X | product Y | product Z |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| contribution per unit | $\$ 7$ | $\$ 6$ | $\$ 8$ |
| contribution per kilo | $\$ 3$ | $\$ 4$ | $\$ 6$ |
| kilos of material required <br> for production | 400 | 600 | 1000 |

Due to problems with suppliers, the company has been advised that only 1800 kilos of material will be available for production next month.

What is the maximum contribution the company can earn?
A $\$ 9000$
B $\$ 9600$
C $\$ 13000$
D $\$ 13200$

24 A process has an input of 6000 kilos at a cost of $\$ 118200$. Normal wastage is $10 \%$ of input and this is sold for $\$ 6$ per kilo. There are no abnormal gains or losses.

What is the cost per kilo of output from the process, to the nearest cent?
A $\$ 19.10$
B $\$ 19.70$
C $\quad \$ 21.22$
D $\$ 21.89$

25 The following relates to the production and costs of a manufacturer.

| production for the period | 2400 units |
| :--- | ---: |
| closing stock | 400 units |
| direct material costs | $\$ 12000$ |
| direct labour costs | $\$ 6000$ |
| factory fixed expenses | $\$ 4080$ |

Closing stock is valued at marginal cost.
What is the marginal cost per unit of the finished goods?
A $\$ 7.50$
B $\quad \$ 9.00$
C $\$ 9.20$
D $\$ 11.04$

26 The data shows the budget of a small manufacturing company.

| sales in units | 6000 | 12000 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\$$ | $\$$ |
| direct materials | 18000 | 36000 |
| direct labour | 6000 | 12000 |
| production overheads | 33000 | 45000 |
| administrative overheads | 27000 | 27000 |

The units are sold for $\$ 12$ each.
What is the break-even point in units?
A 4500
B 6750
C 8000
D 9000

27 The table shows budgeted production costs for the next period.

| costs | output <br> 2000 units | output <br> 4000 units |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\$$ | $\$$ |
| direct material | 30000 | 60000 |
| direct labour | 48000 | 96000 |
| production overhead | 76000 | 92000 |
|  | 154000 | 248000 |

What would be the budgeted production cost of 3000 units?
A $\$ 141000$
B $\$ 147000$
C $\$ 171000$
D $\$ 201000$

28 The following data is available for a company which sells packed fruit products.

|  | kg |
| :--- | ---: |
| inventory at 1 January | 8000 |
| Inventory at 31 January | 10000 |
| forecast sales in January | 118000 |

$20 \%$ of the fruit purchased is wasted prior to packing.
What will be the budgeted fruit purchase requirement for January?
A 116000 kg
B 120000 kg
C $\quad 145000 \mathrm{~kg}$
D 150000 kg

29 The following information is available in respect of a company's sales for the last month.
budgeted sales - 30000 units at $\$ 4$ per unit
actual sales - 32000 units at a total sales revenue of $\$ 115000$
What was the sales volume variance for the month?
A $\$ 8000$ adverse
B $\$ 8000$ favourable
C $\$ 13000$ adverse
D $\$ 13000$ favourable

30 A product requires a standard 6 hours labour at a standard cost of $\$ 13.50$ per labour hour.
During the month, 3000 units were made and actual labour time charged to the product was 19000 hours at a cost of $\$ 250800$.

What is the labour rate variance?
A $\$ 5400$ adverse
B $\$ 5400$ favourable
C $\$ 5700$ adverse
D $\$ 5700$ favourable

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