UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS
General Certificate of Education
Advanced Level

## ACCOUNTING

9706／33
Paper 3 Multiple Choice
May／June 2012
1 hour
Additional Materials：Multiple Choice Answer Sheet
Soft clean eraser
Soft pencil（type B or HB is recommended）

## READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write in soft pencil．
Do not use staples，paper clips，highlighters，glue or correction fluid．
Write your name，Centre number and candidate number on the Answer Sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you．

There are thirty questions on this paper．Answer all questions．For each question there are four possible answers A，B，C and D．
Choose the one you consider correct and record your choice in soft pencil on the separate Answer Sheet．

## Read the instructions on the Answer Sheet very carefully．

Each correct answer will score one mark．A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer．
Any rough working should be done in this booklet．
Calculators may be used．

This document consists of 11 printed pages and 1 blank page．

1 X and Y are in partnership sharing profits in the ratio of 2:1.
They agree to dissolve their partnership.
At 30 September, their capitals were $X \$ 172000$ and $Y \$ 99500$.
During October they made a trading profit of $\$ 19$ 500, before selling all their net assets for $\$ 285000$, less legal costs of $\$ 3000$.

How much does each partner receive on the dissolution?

|  | X <br> $\$$ | Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | 166000 | 96500 |
| B | 179000 | 103000 |
| C | 183000 | 105000 |
| D | 191000 | 109000 |

2 X and Y are in partnership. The following information has been extracted from their current accounts.

|  | X <br> $\$$ | Y <br> $\$$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| opening balances | 2000 dr | 3000 cr |
| drawings for the year | 15000 | 18000 |
| closing balances | 1000 cr | 4000 cr |

What was the net profit for the year before appropriation?
A $\$ 29000$
B $\$ 33000$
C $\$ 37000$
D $\$ 39000$

3 A company redeems 10000 preference shares of $\$ 5$ each at a premium of $5 \%$. The shares were originally issued at a premium of $10 \%$ but the share premium account has been fully utilised.

How much will be debited to the income statement?
A $\$ 2500$
B $\$ 50000$
C $\$ 52500$
D $\$ 55000$

4 A company provides the following financial information at the end of the financial year.

|  | $\$ 000$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| Retained earnings at the start of the year | 50 |
| Profit for the year attributable to equity holders | 120 |
| Ordinary dividends paid during the year | 70 |
| Ordinary dividends proposed payable in the next financial year | 30 |
| Transfer to general reserve | 20 |

What is the amount of retained earnings at the end of the financial year?
A $\$ 50000$
B $\$ 70000$
C $\$ 80000$
D $\$ 100000$

5 Which pair of statements about the reserves of a limited company is correct?

|  | revenue reserves | capital reserves |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | can be credited back to retained <br> earnings if no longer needed | created from retained earnings |
| B | can be used to issue bonus shares | can be credited back to retained <br> earnings if no longer needed |
| C | can be used to pay cash dividends <br> ceduces the amount available used to issue bonus shares <br> D | can be used to pay cash dividends |

6 An extract from a company's financial statements is as follows

|  | $\$$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| ordinary share capital (shares of \$1.00) | 1000000 |
| retained earnings | $\frac{(300000)}{700000}$ |

The directors have decided to write off the debit balance on the retained earnings account together with goodwill of $\$ 100000$.

The shareholders agreed to exchange their shares for new ordinary shares of $\$ 0.50$.
How many shares will the directors have to issue to the shareholders?
A 600000
B 700000
C 1200000
D 1400000

7 A company has the following capital and reserves:

|  | $\$ 000$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| ordinary shares of $\$ 1$ each, fully paid | 1250 |
| share premium account | 100 |
| revaluation reserve | 200 |
| general reserve | 150 |
| retained earnings | 210 |

It is company policy to maintain reserves in their most flexible form.
The company makes a 1 -for- 5 bonus issue.
What is the maximum amount of distributable reserves after the bonus issue?
A $\$ 110000$
B $\quad \$ 310000$
C $\$ 360000$
D $\$ 410000$

8 Which of the following actions will improve a company's liquidity?
A making an issue of bonus shares
B making a rights issue of shares
C reducing the provision for doubtful debts
D reducing the rate of depreciation on non current assets

9 The table shows the capital structure of a company.

|  | $\$$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| 100000 ordinary shares of $\$ 1$ each | 100000 |
| $10 \%$ debentures | 50000 |
| reserves | 100000 |

It increases the debentures by $\$ 50000$ and makes a bonus issue of one share for every two held. It then makes a rights issue of a further 100000 shares at $\$ 1$ each.

How will these transactions affect the statement of financial position?

|  | gearing | reserves | bank |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | decrease | decrease | decrease |
| B | increase | decrease | decrease |
| C | increase | decrease | increase |
| D | decrease | increase | increase |

10 The business of a sole trader is bought by a limited company. Details of the sale are shown in the following table.

| net assets at valuation | $\$ 250000$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| agreed purchase price | $\$ 280000$ |
| cash paid in part settlement | $\$ 40000$ |
| number of $\$ 1.00$ shares issued | 120000 |

What is the premium per share?
A $\$ 0.75$
B $\$ 1.00$
C $\$ 1.75$
D $\$ 2.00$

11 A business has assets with a fair value of $\$ 150000$. There is agreed negative goodwill of $\$ 30000$. 16000 ordinary shares of $\$ 2.00$ each were issued at a premium of $\$ 3$ each to acquire the net assets.

How much were the liabilities acquired?
A $\$ 40000$
B $\$ 70000$
C $\$ 88000$
D $\$ 100000$

12 At the end of the year, the following information has been extracted from a company's statement of cash flows.

|  | $\$$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| total cash from operating activities | 200 |
| net cash used by investing activities | $(300)$ |
| net cash used by financing activities | $(150)$ |
| closing cash and cash equivalents | $(50)$ |

What was the opening figure for cash and cash equivalents?
A $\$(200)$
B $\quad \$(300)$
C $\$ 200$
D $\$ 300$

13 Which items are part of the published accounts of a limited company?
1 chairman's statement
2 income statement
3 report of the directors
4 statement of cash flows
A 1 only
B 1 and 2 only
C 1, 2 and 3
D 2, 3 and 4

14 To which asset is impairment normally applied each year?
A goodwill
B inventory
C plant and machinery
D trade receivables

15 The following information relates to the shares of a limited company.

| price earnings (P/E) ratio | 14 |
| :--- | :---: |
|  | $\$$ |
| earnings per share (EPS) | 0.60 |
| dividend per share | 0.40 |

What is the market price of an ordinary share?
A $\$ 2.80$
B $\$ 5.60$
C $\$ 8.40$
D $\$ 14.00$

16 A company owns three non-current assets. An impairment review reveals the following.

| asset | carrying value <br> $\$$ | value in use <br> $\$$ | fair value less <br> costs to sell <br> $\$$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 40000 | 50000 | 30000 |
| 2 | 30000 | 25000 | 27000 |
| 3 | 20000 | 22000 | 24000 |

What total value of non-current assets will be shown in the statement of financial position?
A $\$ 75000$
B $\$ 79000$
C $\$ 87000$
D $\$ 90000$

17 A company's annual published accounts shows the following information.

|  | $\$$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| profit for the year attributed to equity holders | 32000 |
| preference dividends paid during the year | 4000 |
| ordinary dividends paid and proposed for the year | 20000 |
| retained earnings brought forward | 68000 |

What is the dividend cover for the ordinary shares?
A 3.8 times
B 1.6 times
C 1.4 times
D 0.4 times

18 A company has provided the following information.
dividends paid during the year - $\$ 4$ per share
dividends proposed at the year end $-\$ 2$ per share
market price per share - $\$ 50$
nominal value per share - $\$ 80$
What is the company's dividend yield?
A $5.0 \%$
B $7.5 \%$
C $8.0 \%$
D 12.0\%

19 Which ratio can be calculated from the statement of financial position of a limited company?
A the dividend yield per ordinary share
B the earnings per ordinary share
C the market value of an ordinary share
D the net asset value per ordinary share

20 Which transaction will reduce a company's gearing?
A an issue of bonus shares
B an issue of new preference shares
C obtaining a long term loan
D redeeming debentures

21 A manufacturing company transfers goods from the manufacturing account to the finished goods account at cost plus $20 \%$.

The following information is available for the production during June.
opening inventory of finished goods - 2000 units at a cost price of $\$ 10000$
transfers from the manufacturing account - 8000 units at a transfer price of $\$ 48000$
closing inventory of finished goods - 1500 units at a transfer price of $\$ 9000$
Which journal entry shows the adjustment for unrealised profit?

|  | income <br> statement | $\$$ | provision for <br> unrealised profit <br> account | $\$ \$$ |
| :---: | :---: | ---: | :---: | ---: |
| A | credit | 500 | debit | 500 |
| B | credit | 2000 | debit | 2000 |
| C | debit | 500 | credit | 500 |
| D | debit | 1500 | credit | 1500 |

22 The following information relates to the production and costs of a manufacturer.

| production for the period | 1200 units |
| :--- | ---: |
| closing inventory | 200 units |
| direct material costs | $\$ 10000$ |
| direct labour costs | $\$ 2000$ |
| factory fixed expenses | $\$ 3000$ |

Production and closing inventory are valued using the total absorption costing method.
What is the cost per unit of the finished goods?
A $\$ 10.00$
B $\$ 12.00$
C $\$ 12.50$
D $\$ 15.00$

23 The maximum amount of material available for the manufacture of products X and Y is 6400 kilos.

Information regarding the products is as follows

| product | X | Y |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| maximum demand (units) | 2000 | 2000 |
| contribution per unit | $\$ 15$ | $\$ 11$ |
| material required (kilos per unit) | 4 | 2 |
| contribution per kilo of material | $\$ 3.75$ | $\$ 5.50$ |

Which planned production will produce the maximum profit?

|  | product $X$ | product $Y$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | none | 2000 units |
| B | 600 units | 2000 units |
| C | 1000 units | 1200 units |
| D | 1600 units | none |

24 The data shows the budget of a small manufacturing company.

| sales in units | 6000 | 12000 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\$$ | $\$$ |
| direct materials | 18000 | 36000 |
| direct labour | 6000 | 12000 |
| production overheads | 33000 | 45000 |
| administrative overheads | 27000 | 27000 |

The units are sold for $\$ 12$ each.
What is the break-even point in units?
A 4500
B 6750
C 8000
D 9000

25 The table shows budgeted production costs for the next period.

| costs | output <br> 2000 units | output <br> 4000 units |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\$$ | $\$$ |
| direct material | 30000 | 60000 |
| direct labour | 48000 | 96000 |
| production overhead | $\frac{76000}{154000}$ | $\frac{92000}{248000}$ |

What would be the budgeted production cost of 3000 units?
A $\$ 141000$
B $\$ 147000$
C $\$ 171000$
D $\$ 201000$

26 The following data is available for a company which sells packed fruit products.

|  | kg |
| :--- | ---: |
| inventory at 1 January | 8000 |
| Inventory at 31 January | 10000 |
| forecast sales in January | 118000 |

$20 \%$ of the fruit purchased is wasted prior to packing.
What will be the budgeted fruit purchase requirement for January?
A 116000 kg
B 120000 kg
C $\quad 145000 \mathrm{~kg}$
D $\quad 150000 \mathrm{~kg}$

27 A company makes a single product. The following information is available for last month.

|  | budget | actual |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| sales (in units) | 100000 | 120000 |


|  | $\$$ | $\$$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| sales | 500000 | 580000 |
| direct costs | 120000 | 150000 |
| variable overheads | 80000 | 92000 |
| fixed overheads | 170000 | 188000 |
| profit | 130000 | 150000 |

What is the budgeted profit for actual output?
A $\$ 156000$
B $\$ 170000$
C $\$ 172000$
D $\$ 190000$

28 The following information is available in respect of a company's sales for the last month.
budgeted sales - 30000 units at $\$ 4$ per unit
actual sales - 32000 units at a total sales revenue of $\$ 115000$
What was the sales volume variance for the month?
A $\$ 8000$ adverse
B $\$ 8000$ favourable
C $\$ 13000$ adverse
D $\$ 13000$ favourable

29 A product requires a standard 6 hours labour at a standard cost of $\$ 13.50$ per labour hour.
During the month, 3000 units were made and actual labour time charged to the product was 19000 hours at a cost of $\$ 250800$.

What is the labour rate variance?
A $\$ 5400$ adverse
B $\$ 5400$ favourable
C $\$ 5700$ adverse
D $\$ 5700$ favourable

30 The graph below relates to a project being considered by a company as a possible investment opportunity.


What does point $\mathbf{X}$ represent?
A accounting rate of return
B break-even point
C internal rate of return
D payback period

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