# www.papaCambridge.com MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2013 series

# 0420 COMPUTER STUDIES

0420/13

Paper 1; maximum raw mark 100

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2013 series for most IGCSE. GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.

		-	2
	Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus
		IGCSE – October/November 2013	0420
I	(a) Any thr	ee from:	Cambr.
	– dat	a should be obtained/processed fairly/lawfully	3
		a should be obtained only for one or more specified	purposes
	– dat	a should be adequate/relevant/not excessive (in rela	ition to its purpose)
	– dat	ta should be accurate/up to date	
	– dat	ta should be held no longer than necessary (for the n	urnose for which it was obtained)

#### 1 (a) Any three from:

- data should be obtained/processed fairly/lawfully
- data should be obtained only for one or more specified purposes
  - data should be adequate/relevant/not excessive (in relation to its purpose)
- data should be accurate/up to date
- data should be held no longer than necessary (for the purpose for which it was obtained)
- data should be processed in accordance with the rights of the data subjects
- data should be kept securely/safely (with adequate levels of protection) \_
- data should only be transferred to countries with an adequate level of protection (safe harbour)
- data subjects have the right to see data about them and/or have it altered/removed if incorrect [3]

#### (b) Personal data: any two from:

e.g.

- name (surname and/or forename)
- address
- telephone/mobile number
- passport/id number
- date of birth
- email address

#### Sensitive personal data: any two from:

e.g.

- racial/ethnic origin \_
- political opinions \_
- religious beliefs
- Trades Union membership
- physical/mental health
- sexual life/orientation
- criminal convictions

#### 2 (a) Any two from:

- user can work at their own speed user can learn in their own time/when/where they want user can re-run sections of training package whenever they wish user can pause the training at any point user gets immediate feedback/analysis (on their performance) there is no need to have teachers or classrooms less expensive for the airline/ training department \_
- (b) (i) flight simulator/simulating/simulation
  - (ii) Any two from:

—	can be much safer
	loss supersive them building/areal

- less expensive than building/crashing the real thing
- repetition of scenarios (e.g. potential crashes)
- different scenarios/situations available
- no need for an instructor

[2]

[4]

[2]

[1]





- much faster/easier to access information
- more up to date (since easier to modify than books)
- more convenient than carrying around many text books
- many people can access the data at the same time
- using multi-media (possible to improve learning environment)
- <u>easier</u> to import information into an "essay" (for example)

[2]



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<ul> <li>(ii) - checks whether new goods have (yet) to be ordered - to maintain stock levels </li> <li>(c) (Price of item (\$) &gt; 2) OR (Value of stock (\$) &gt; 300) </li> <li>1 mark&gt; &lt; 1mark&gt; or </li> <li>(Value of stock (\$) &gt; 300) OR (Price of item (\$) &gt; 2) </li> <li>&lt;1 mark&gt; </li> <li>(Value of stock (\$) &gt; 300) OR (Price of item (\$) &gt; 2) </li> <li>&lt;1 mark&gt; </li> <li>(i) - value of count starts at 1 so only 999 iterations - value of count reaches 1000, but before 1000<sup>th</sup> input </li> <li>(ii) - value of count starts at 1 so only 999 iterations - value of count reaches 1000, but before 1000<sup>th</sup> input </li> <li>(ii) - line 1 should read count = 0 - line 5 should read count = 1001 (or count &gt;1000) - change to appropriate loop structure </li> <li>(b) - 1 mark for naming data type + 1 mark for example related to month - normal/valid (test data) - any value un given range (1 to 12) e.g. 4 - abnormal/invalid (test data) - any value which is outside the range/any value not acceptable - i.e. letters, negative numbers, values &gt; 12 e.g. adfrk, -20, 36 - extreme/boundary (test data) - data which is on the boundaries/edges of the acceptable range - i.e. 1 or 12 for extreme; 0, 1, 12 or 13 for boundary </li> </ul>	Page	e 7	Mark Scheme	Syllabus Syllabus	
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<ul> <li>Month names, instead of values, are acceptable e.g. April</li> <li>[6]</li> </ul>	- - -	data	which is on the boundaries/edges of the acceptable	e range	
	-	Mon	th names, instead of values, are acceptable e.g. Ap	ril	[6]



(1 mark for EACH correct logic gate)

[4]

Page 9			Mark Sch	eme		Syllabus	No. 1
		IGCSE –	October/No	ovember 20	)13	0420	120
(b)							andri
	A	В	С	x			MAN, Daba Cambridge.
	0	0	0	0	_ ໄ	1 mark	
4	0	0	1	0	<b>_ _ _</b>	Than	
(	0	1	0	1	]}	1 mark	
4	0	1	1	1	J		
-	1	0	0	0	_ }	1 mark	
-	1	0	1	0	J		
-	1	1	0	0	_ <b>\</b>	1 mark	
	1	1	1	0	<b>`</b>	Ттагк	

[4]



[2]

(b) MAX (D2:D9)

[1]

			474			
Page 11		ark Scheme	Syllabus **	Y		
		tober/November 2013	0420			
	or "Y"			Cambridge.com		
(ii)		F	]	300		
	1	Above world average in year 3?		·con		
		Y Year 5?		~		
	2	v				
	3	Y	1 mark			
		Y				
	4	N				
	5					
	6	Y				
		Y				
	7	Y	1 mark			
	8					
	9	N				
		I				
				[2]		
<b>(d) (i)</b> 5				[1]		
(ii) = CC	OUNTIF (F2:F9, "Y")			[1]		
	•					
<b>13 (a)</b> (52, 14	4)					
1 mk 1				101		
	ПК			[2]		
				<b>[4]</b>		
<b>(b)</b> B				[1]		
(c) (i) –	smallest element that	at makes up a picture				
	short for picture eler			[1]		
<b>(ii)</b> 128	(ii) 128 × 64 = 8192 bytes of memory = 8 kilobytes					
(2 marks	for correct answer,	1 mark for good attempt at cal	culation)	[2]		



[5]

			Syllabus 0420 Baba
Pa	ge 13	Mark Scheme	Syllabus Syllabus
		IGCSE – October/November 2013	0420
I5 ma – – – – – –	input nun test for ho incremen incremen		1 mark 1 mark 1 mark 1 mark 1 mark 1 mark 1 mark 1 mark
_		L four totals + percent value (OUTSIDE a loop)	1 mark

#### sample coding:

single = 0: two = 0: three = 0: four = 0: error = 0	1 mark	
for x = 1 to 5000		1 mark
input number	1 mark	
<b>if</b> number > 999 and number < 10000 <b>then</b> four = for	ur + 1 }	
else if number > 99 then three = three + 1	}	2
else if number > 9 then two = two + 1	}	marks
<pre>else if number &gt; 0 then single = single +</pre>	1 }	
else error = error + 1		1 mark
next x		
percent = error/50		1 mark
print single, two, three, four, percent		1 mark

[6]