

Cambridge International Examinations Cambridge International Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level

COMPUTER SCIENCE

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Paper 1 Written Paper MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 75

Published

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Question	Answer										
1(a)	Many-to-many relationship										
1(b)(i)	SHOP-SUPPLIER SHOP SHOP SHOP SHOP Supplier 1 Correct relationship between SHOP and SHOP-SUPPLIER 1 Correct relationship between SUPPLIER and SHOP-SUPPLIER 1										
1(b)(ii)	Table	Primary key	Foreign keys(s) (if any)	Explanation	5						
	SHOP	ShopID	None								
	SUPPLIER	SupplierID	None								
	SHOP-SUPPLIER	ShopID AND SupplierID	ShopID OR SupplierID (or both)	To create a link with the SHOP or SUPPLIER table.							
	 SHOP has primary key ShopID and SUPPLIER has primary key SupplierID SHOP-SUPPLIER has primary key ShopID + SupplierID Both SHOP and SUPPLIER show foreign key as 'None' SHOP-SUPPLIER shows foreign key ShopID or SupplierID Explanation for SHOP-SUPPLIER foreign key describes ShopID or SupplierID creating a link 										
1(b)(iii)	Two from: • • The database user will frequently want to search on contact name 1 • The contact name attribute has been indexed 1 • It allows for a fast/faster search using contact name 1										
1(c)(i)	SELECT ShopID, Location1FROM SHOP1WHERE RetailSpecialism = 'GROCERY';1										
1(c)(ii)	INSERT INTO SHO (ShopID, Suppli VALUES (8765, '	erID)		1 1 1	3						

Question	Answer												
2(a)	One mark for each pair of rows	One mark for each pair of rows											
	Type of printer												
		Laser Inkjet											
	Impact printer												
	Non-impact printer	~	~										
	Line printer		~										
	Page printer	✓] ∫ 1									
2(b)(i)	Five from:					Max 5							
	 The print head contains a large number of very small nozzles Ink is fed to each nozzle from a reservoir 												
	 The print head fires <u>droplets</u> 		e paper		1								
	• The print head moves horizontally across the paper 1 Either:												
	Tiny resistors create heat inside each nozzle												
	The heat vaporises ink to create a bubble												
	When the bubble pops the ink is deposited on the page												
	 The collapsing bubble creates a partial vacuum in the nozzle And ink is drawn from the reservoir ready for printing the next dot 												
	 Or: There is a piezo crystal at the back of the ink reservoir of each nozzle 1 												
	 The crystal vibrates when it receives a tiny electric charge 1 												
	Ink is forced out of the nozzle by the inward vibration												
	 The outward vibration creates a partial vacuum in the nozzle Replacement ink is pulled into the reservoir 												
2(b)(ii)	Two from:												
	• The (print head) stepper motor is connected to the print head by a belt 1												
	• The (print head) stepper motor moves the print head across the paper 1												
	 The (parking) stepper motor parks the print head assembly when not in use 												
	• The (paper feed)stepper motor turns the rollers that provide the paper feed												
	// The (paper feed)stepper m	otor moves tl	ne paper in sr	nall increments	1								
2(c)(i)	Two from: • External hard drive // External	חחח א			1	Max 2							
	 External hard drive // External External flash drive // External 				1 1								
	 Pen drive 				1								

Question	Answer						
2(c)(ii)	One from: (External) Hard drive1Inexpensive per unit of storage1Larger storage capacity than flash drive1Or: Pen drive // (External) flash drive1No moving parts / noise1Low latency // fast access times1Robust1	Max 1					

Question	Answer	Marks
3(a)	Definition: Max two from: • The number of distinct values available to encode/represent each sample • Specified by the number of bits used to encode the data for one sample • Sometimes referred to as bit depth • Sometimes referred to as bit depth • A larger sampling resolution will mean there are more values available to store each sample • A larger sampling resolution will improve the accuracy of the digitised sound // A larger sampling resolution will decrease the distortion of the sound	Max 3
3(b)(i)	 Increased sampling resolution means a smaller quantization error 1 One from: The <u>number of pixels</u> per <u>unit measurement</u> The number of pixels in an image The number of pixels wide by the number of pixels high Number of pixels per row by the number of rows 	1
3(b)(ii)	4	1
3(b)(iii)	Working: Max two from:• Number of pixels is 8192×256 1• One pixel will be stored as one byte1• Number of kilobytes = $(8192 \times 256) / 1024$ 1Answer: One mark:1Number of kilobytes = 2048 KB 1	3
3(b)(iv)	Two from:• Confirmation that the file is a BMP1• File size1• Location/offset of image data within the file1• Dimensions of the image (in pixels) // image resolution1• Colour depth (bits per pixel, 1, 4, 8, 16, 24 or 32)1• Type of compression used, if any1	Max 2

Question	Answer	Marks								
4(a)(i)	Two from: • The hardware is unusable without an OS // hides complexity of hardware from user 1 • Acts as an interface/ controls communications between user and hardware / hardware and software // or by example 1 • Provides software platform / environment on which other programs can be run									
4(a)(ii)	One mark for the name and one mark for description. Max two management tasks. • Provides the Human Computer Interface (HCI) 1 Controls communications between user and hardware// or by example 1 • Main memory management 1 • Memory protection to ensure that two programs do not try to use the same space // Use of virtual memory // Location of processes within the memory // By example 1 • File / Secondary storage management 1 Maintains directory structures // Provides file naming conventions // Controls access 1 • Peripheral / hardware / device / Input-Output management 1 Installation of appropriate driver software // Controls access to data being sent to/from hardware/peripherals // Controls access to hardware/peripherals // manages communication between devices. 1 • Interrupt handling 1 Identifies priorities of interrupts // Saves data on power outage // Loads appropriate Interrupt Service Routine (ISR) // By example 1 • Security management 1 • Security management 1 • Security management 1 • Security management 1 • Security management	Max 4								
4(b)(i)	File compression software	1								
4(b)(ii)	Backup software	1								
4(b)(iii)	Disk defragmenting software	1								
4(b)(iv)	Anti-virus software	1								

Question	Answer	Marks
5(a)(i)	351	1
5(a)(ii)	355	1
5(a)(iii)	22	1

Question	Answer													Marks					
5(a)(iv)	86										1								
5(b)	Op code Operand											3							
	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0		0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1		
	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1		0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1]	
	Both correct op codes 1 Operand 0100 0011 1 Operand 0000 0111 1																		
5(c)(i)	14 !	14 5E											2						
	14 1 5E 1																		
5(c)(ii)	LDR	#77	1																2
	LDR #77																	1 1	

Question	Answer		Marks					
6(a)	Two from:• The file is made available from a web/email/FTP server• The user's browser is the client software• The client (software browser) requests the file from the server• The desired file is returned to the client computer1							
6(b)	1. The user keys in the Uniform Resource Locator (URL) into the browser Software.		4					
	 E // The Domain Name Service (DNS) uses the domain name from the browser to look up the IP address of the web server. 	1						
	3. D // The web server retrieves the page	1						
	4. F // Sends the web page content to the browser	1						
	5. B // Browser software renders the page and displays	1						
6(c)(i)	Output1, Output2 RunnerID // Runner ID	1 1	2					
6(c)(ii)	6 – 21		1					
6(c)(iii)	13		1					
6(c)(iv)	Checks that the RunnerID entered starts with the characters CAM or VAR	only	1					
6(c)(v)	Two checks from: One mark for check and one mark for description		Max 4					
	• Format check RunnerID is three letter characters followed by two digit characters	1						
	//Position is digit characters only	1						
	• Length check RunnerID has exactly five characters	1 1						
	 Range check The value for Position is between1 and (say) 50 	1 1						
	• Presence check The text box for RunnerID or Position is not empty	1 1						
	• Existence check To ensure that RunnerID has been registered	1 1						
	 Uniqueness check To ensure no two runners have the same number 	1 1						