MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2015 series

9608 COMPUTER SCIENCE

9608/23

Paper 2 (Written Paper), maximum raw mark 75

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

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ge 2		Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge International AS/A Level – October/November 2015	9608	23
(i)	40		[1]
(ii)	314.2(0)		[1]
ii)	16 // ERROR as identifier Z has not been declared		[1]
iv)	TRUE		[1]
(i)	Features for: program editor/writing/editing translation // interpreter/compiler		[1]
(ii)	Syntax checking (on entry) Structure blocks (e.g. IF structure and loops begin/end highlighted) General prettyprint features Automatic indentation Highlights any undeclared variables Highlights any unassigned variables Commenting out/in of blocks of code Visual collapsing / highlighting of blocks of code Single stepping Breakpoints		[MAX 3]
((i i) ((i) (i) (i) (i) (i)	Cambridge International AS/A Level – October/November 2015 ii) 40 ii) 314.2(0) ii) 16 // ERROR as identifier Z has not been declared v) TRUE ii) (Single) software program Features for: program editor/writing/editing translation // interpreter/compiler testing program code // observe outputs 2 points to score ii) Syntax checking (on entry) Structure blocks (e.g. IF structure and loops begin/end highlighted) General prettyprint features Automatic indentation Highlights any undeclared variables	Cambridge International AS/A Level – October/November 2015 9608 i) 40 40 ii) 314.2(0) 16 // ERROR as identifier Z has not been declared v) TRUE TRUE ii) (Single) software program Features for: program editor/writing/editing translation // interpreter/compiler testing program code // observe outputs 2 points to score ii) Syntax checking (on entry) Structure blocks (e.g. IF structure and loops begin/end highlighted) General prettyprint features Automatic indentation Highlights any undeclared variables Highlights any undeclared variables Commenting out/in of blocks of code Visual collapsing / highlighting of blocks of code Single stepping Breakpoints

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3 (a)

-,		Inpu	Output		
	Test Case	InA	InB	OutZ	
	1	TRUE	TRUE	FALSE	[1]
	2	TRUE	FALSE	TRUE	[1]
	3	FALSE	TRUE	TRUE	[1]
	4	FALSE	FALSE	TRUE	[1]

(b) IF InA = TRUE AND InB = TRUE
 THEN
 OutZ ← FALSE
 ELSE
 OutZ ← TRUE
ENDIF

Mark as follows Structure: IF - THEN - ELSE - ENDIF [1] Condition: InA = TRUE AND INB = TRUE [1] Logic: OutZ ← FALSE (when condition true) OutZ ← TRUE (when condition false) [1]

Alternative answer (worth 3 marks):

OutZ ← NOT(InA AND InB) OutZ ← NOT InA OR NOT InB



[MAX 6]

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5 (a)

Identifier	Data type	Description
YearCount	INTEGER	Loop counter /// Age of the car
PurchasePrice	INTEGER	Purchase price of the car
CurrentValue	REAL // CURRENCY Allow: SINGLE Refuse: DOUBLE	The changing depreciated value

Must have correct identifier + Data type + Description to score

(b)	OUTPUT "Enter Purchase price"	
	INPUT PurchasePrice	
	CurrentValue ← PurchasePrice	[1]
	YearCount \leftarrow 1	
	WHILE YearCount < 9 AND CurrentValue >= 1000	[2]
	Note: Penalise: inclusion of \$	
	IF YearCount = 1	[1]
	THEN	
	CurrentValue ← CurrentValue * (1 - 40/100)	
	ELSE	
	CurrentValue ← CurrentValue * 0.8	[1]
	ENDIF	
	OUTPUT YearCount, CurrentValue	
	YearCount \leftarrow YearCount + 1	[1]
	ENDWHILE	

Ρ	age 6	Mark Scheme Syllabus	Paper
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6		<u>Combination</u> of staff and task number // the pair of numbers // the pair of random nun /there will be duplicates /repeats//some staff tasks will not be generated	nbers [1] [1]
	(b) (i) 04 // 03	[1]
	(i	i) 27 // 28	[1]
	(ii	i) 20	[1]
	(ir	v) 11 / 12	[1]
	(c) (i) Zero	[1]
	(i	<pre>i) Completed <> 60 // NewStaffTask = FALSE Allow: Inclusion of the WHILE</pre>	[1]
	(ii	i) Determines whether this combination of StaffNum and TaskNum has been completed Assigns value TRUE if not already generated Flags that this is the first time this staff + task has been selected/to exit the loop Outputs the <u>new</u> staff + task number	[1] [1] [1] [1]
			[MAX 3]
	(i)	<pre> /) TaskGrid : ARRAY[1:5, 1:12] OF BOOLEAN</pre>	[2]
	- F	Pseudocode (SELECT) CASE (OF) + ENDCASE using StaffNo 1 mark 1 mark (CASE) 1: StaffName + "Sadiq" 1 (CASE) 2: StaffName + "Smith" 1 (CASE) 3: StaffName + "Ho" 1 (CASE) 4: StaffName + "Azmah" 1 (CASE) 5: StaffName + "Papadopolis" 1 (CASE) 5: StaffName + "Papadopolis" 1 (Bub cases // ENDSELECT 1	[4]
		Case 1 StaffName = "Sadiq" Case 2 StaffName = "Smith" Case 3 StaffName = "Ho" Case 4 StaffName = "Azmah"	

```
StaffName = "Azmah"
Case 5
StaffName = "Papadopolis"
End Select
```

Ρ	age	7	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
			Cambridge International AS/A Level – October/November 2015	9608	23
7	(a)	(i)	CAT Ignore any opening + closing quotes		[1]
		(ii)	13		[1]
		(iii)	83		[1]
		(iv)	15		[1]
	(b)	Co	out of string rrect syntax (for both prompt and assignment) es MyString identifier		[1]
		St	ringTotal set to O		[1]
		FC	PR loop: FOR – NEXT keywords // (Python) correct indentation Correct start and /end boundaries Note: the end boundary must use the language length function/method // alternative Python syntax		[1] [1]
		lso	late single character number		[1]
			llowed by the use of Asc (VB) // Ord (Python) }		[1]
		Ad	ded to StringTotal		[1]
		Co	rrect syntax for the output of the string and number		[1]
					[MAX 6]
			<i>thon</i> String = input('key in string')		
			<pre>ringTotal = 0 r i in range (0, len(MyString)): NextNum = ord(MyString[i]) StringTotal = StringTotal + NextNum</pre>		
		pr	int(MyString, StringTotal)		

```
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                             Mark Scheme
                                                                 Syllabus
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      Visual Basic...
         Dim MyString As String
         Dim StringTotal As Integer
         Dim i As Integer
         Dim NextNum As Integer
         Console.Write("key in string")
         MyString = Console.ReadLine
         StringTotal = 0
         For i = 1 To Len(MyString) // MyString.Length
             NextNum = Asc(Mid(MyString, i, 1))
             StringTotal = StringTotal + NextNum
         Next
         Console.WriteLine(MyString & " " & Str(StringTotal))
      Pascal ...
      VAR MyString : String ;
      VAR StringTotal : Integer ;
                        : Integer ;
      VAR i
     VAR 1 : Integer ;
VAR NextNum : Integer ;
      VAR SingleChar : Char;
      begin
         Writeln('key in string');
         readln(MyString) ;
         StringTotal := 0 ;
         For i := 1 To Length (MyString) do
             begin
                SingleChar := MyString[i] ;
                NextNum := Ord(SingleChar) ;
                StringTotal := StringTotal + NextNum ;
             end ;
         WriteLn(MyString, StringTotal) ;
         ReadLn() ;
      End.
  (c) Used to provide an integrity/verification check
                                                                                [1]
      Used as a checksum
                                                                                [1]
      The total can be recalculated by the receiving software
                                                                                [1]
      If any of the characters have been incorrectly transmitted the recalculated total and
```

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transmitted total will not match
```

[1] [MAX 2]

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8 (a	a) r Ig	nore inclusion of any quotes		[1]
(1	b) (i) 2 Ignore inclusion of any quotes for part (i), (ii) and (iii)		[1]
	(ii) +		[1]
	(iii) 7		[1]

(c) (i)

יי.								
	N1	N2	N3	N4	BottomAnswer	Op	TopAnswer	OUTPUT
	2	5	3	8	40	-	1	1/40

(ii)

N1	N2	N3	N4	BottomAnswer	Op	TopAnswer	OUTPUT
3	4	1	4	16	+	16	1

[2]

[2]

(iii)

N1	N2	N3	N4	BottomAnswer	Op	TopAnswer	OUTPUT
7	9	2	3	27	+	39	
						12	
							1 12/27

[3]

Page 10	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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(d) (i)	Adaptive (maintenance)		[1]
(ii)	Allow more than two fractions to be added Numerator/denominator more than 1 digit Multiply and division also possible Allow brackets Give answer as decimal number Lowest possible denominator Trap any fraction which has a zero numerator Allow the input of vulgar fraction(s)		[1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1]
			[MAX 3]