CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2014 series

0420 COMPUTER STUDIES

0420/33 Paper 3, maximum raw mark 60

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2014 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – May/June 2014	0420	33

1 (a) One mark for identifying the software, **two** marks for appropriate reasons

Software – Project Management Software Reasons e.g. – allows progress to be tracked

allows <u>easy</u> production and updating of Gantt/PERT charts

allows costs to be trackedallows sharing by email

Software – Spreadsheet

Reasons e.g. - allows progress to be tracked

allows easy production and updating of Gantt/PERT charts

allows costs to be tracked

allows sharing by email[3]

[3]

(b) (i) Method - questionnaire

Explanation any 2 points

asks standard questions

....so results can be easily/quickly analysed

no need for analyst to be present

more efficient for large groups

more efficient for dispersed groups

can provide incentives to return questionnaire

less expensive than interviewing (must be qualified)

respondents can remain anonymous

can be completed at a convenient time

(ii) none of the below are suitable, the explanation must match the method and explain why the method is **not** suitable

Method – interview **Explanation** any 2 points

too many people to interview

-so very time consuming

interviewees could be geographically dispersed

difficult to consolidate a variety of answers

Method – observation **Explanation** any 2 points

many different locations

....as people would probably use a telephone in their own home

people may not want to be visited at home

very time consuming

Method – document search

Explanation any 2 points

wouldn't obtain opinions from people

would have to rely on any written feedback already given to the company

......would probably be very positive or negative

......as customers do not usually write about their booking procedures
 [3]

Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – May/June 2014	0420	33

(c) Content

- appropriate title e.g. Ferris Wheel Ride Booking
- (calendar) for selection of day
- dropdown menu for times
- (dropdown menu) for number of people
- entry of name/ address/ telephone number
- option to post/collect tickets
 - One mark for any one of these to a maximum of 4 marks

Layout

- screen is well laid out e.g. heading, use of company logo etc.
- screen not to cluttered or too empty
- order of boxes etc. is logical
- clearly a smart phone screen
 One mark for any one of these to a maximum of 2 marks

Maximum total marks 5 [5]

(d) Content

- appropriate title e.g. Ferris Wheel Ride Booking
- dropdown menu/select on screen for number of people
- payment method etc.
- One mark for any one of these to a maximum of 3 marks (–1 if any un-necessary information on screen)

Layout

- screen is well laid out
- clearly a touch screen

Maximum total marks 5 [5]

(e) Details

Any **three** from:

- day
- time
- number of people
- pod allocated[3]

Page 4	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – May/June 2014	0420	33

- (f) (i) One mark for per process, max 2
 - Display/check available booking slots/date and time
 - Update booking slots/date and time
 - Taking payment
 - Emailing/sending to smart phone the <u>barcode/ticket</u>

One mark per input, max 2

- Date, time of booking, number of people, email or post
- Personal details, name address, phone no, email
- Credit card details

One mark per data store

- Ferris wheel bookings
- Personal details
- database (only if none of the above are given)

One mark per output

- available booking slots/date and time (on screen)
- Ticket with barcode

[5]

(ii) One mark per symbol and description, must be used in systems flowchart

Lland dials (file)			
Hard disk (file)	Connector (a link to or from another part of diagram)	Input/Output operation	
	Terminator		
Visual Display Unit (Monitor)	(Start and end of the flow diagram)	Data processing operation	
Document output (printed hard copy)	Manual input (e.g. keyboard)	Communication line (e.g. telephone line)	

[4]

(g) One mark per point

- Encrypt the data
- Use SSL (secure socket layer)
- Use HTTPS:
- Use secure cookies
- Make use of passwords (and user names)
- Make use of firewalls
- Anti-malware allow example e.g. anti-virus
- CAPTCHA test to check whether user is human

[3]

Page 5	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – May/June 2014	0420	33

- (h) (i) up to three points from e.g.
 - can be tailored to the meet the requirements for Ferris Wheel ride booking
 - in contact with the actual programmers if there is a problem
 - software can develop as it is used
 - only contains required features

[3]

- (ii) up to two points from e.g.
 - not immediately available
 - more expensive to develop than purchasing "off-the-shelf" software
 - might not be fully tested
 - no Internet tutorials available
 - no support helpline available

[2]

- (i) One mark per type, one mark per example must be for number of people, one mark per reason must match example. The following are examples only there are many correct answers.
 - Normal
 - 3
 - this checks that system can accept appropriate inputs
 - Erroneous/abnormal
 - -2
 - checks that negative numbers are rejected
 - extreme/boundary
 - _ ′
 - checks that extreme data is accepted/boundary data treated appropriately

[9]

Page 6	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – May/June 2014	0420	33

- (j) Marking points
 - Initialisation
 - Loop control
 - Input number of people inside loop
 - Check in range 1
 -to 8
 - If not in range
 - Output error message
 - Increment error count
 - If in range
 - Reset error count
 - Exit if 3 attempts have been made

Sample algorithm

error_count =0	(1)
repeat	
input number_of_people	(1)
<pre>if number_of_people < 1 or number_of_people > 8</pre>	(2)
then	
print "Number of people booked must be between 1 and 8"	(1)
error_count = error_count +1	(1)
else	
error_count =0	(1)
until error_count =0 or error_count =3	(1)
if error_count =3 then exit	(1)
	[6]

- (k) (i) One advantage to the person booking with a matching reason from e.g.
 - Can book at any time Website open 24/7 unlike phone line
 - Can book from anywhere Use of mobile technology
 - (ii) One advantage to the Ferris Wheel company with a matching reason from e.g.
 - Need less staff No telephone booking staff required/less staff required for kiosks
 - Better management of bookings –10 minute timed starts rather than half hour ones
- (I) up to **two** points, must refer to Ferris wheel bookings, from
 - consider if objectives of new system have been met
 - look at results from tests
 - discuss with company whether or not new system works
 - ask the people booking whether or not the new system was easy to use
 - compare usage before and after.

[2]

[2]