UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

# www.papacambridge.com MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2006 question paper

# 0420 COMPUTER STUDIES

0420/01

Paper 1, maximum raw mark 100

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

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The grade thresholds for various grades are published in the report on the examination for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses.

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| Page | 2 Mark Scheme Syllabu Syllabu  | per  |
|------|--|------|
| •    | 2       Mark Scheme       Syllabt         IGCSE - OCT/NOV 2006       0420         Verification       any two points from:         check on input for errors       on screen checking/checked by human         comparing input/use of second operator/by double entry         examples: password entry, email entry |      |
|      |  | Ph.  |
| (a)  | Verification   | "On: |
|      | any <b>two</b> points from:  | .6   |
|      | check on input for errors  |      |
|      | on screen checking/checked by human  |      |
|      | comparing input/use of second operator/by double entry   |      |
|      | examples: password entry, email entry  | [2]  |
|      |  |      |
| (b)  | Video conferencing   |      |
|      | any <b>two</b> from:<br>mosting between two or more participants (at different sites)  |      |
|      | meeting between two or more participants (at different sites)<br>using computer network/WAN/Internet   |      |
|      | to transmit/receive audio and video data   |      |
|      | each participant has a video camera/webcam/microphone/speaker  |      |
|      | images appear in real time (on a window on the participant's monitor)  |      |
|      |  | [2]  |
|      |  |      |
|      | Handshaking  |      |
| (c)  | Handshaking<br>any <b>two</b> from:  |      |
|      | exchange of signals/protocols  |      |
|      | to establish communication/readiness (to send and receive)   |      |
|      | between two devices/computers  |      |
|      | examples: printer and computer, modem and computer   |      |
|      |  | [2]  |
|      |  |      |
| (d)  | Simulation   |      |
| ()   | any <b>two</b> from:   |      |
|      | studying the behaviour of a system   |      |
|      | by using a model/represents real life/mathematical representation  |      |
|      | results can be predicted   |      |
|      | examples: flight simulator, hazardous applications, training   | IC1  |
|      |  | [2]  |
|      |  |      |
| (e)  | Batch processing   |      |
|      | any <b>two</b> points from:  |      |
|      | processing does not start until all data collected<br>reference to JCL   |      |
|      | no need for user interaction   |      |
|      | output is not time sensitive   |      |
|      | examples: payroll system, electricity/gas/water (etc.) billing, cheque processing  |      |
|      |  | [2]  |
|      |  |      |

| Page 3                                 |   | k Scheme<br>OCT/NOV 2006      | Syllaba<br>0420   |  |  |
|--|---|-------------------------------|---|--|--|
|  |   |                               |   |  |  |
| •                                      | ark per device and 1 mark per application)  |                               |   |  |  |
| e.g.                                   | <u>device</u>   | application                   |   |  |  |
| us<br>O<br>us<br>us<br>M<br>m<br>m     | se of bar code readers<br>se of mark sense readers/<br>MR<br>se of touch screens<br>se of sensors<br>ameras<br>ICR<br>icrophones<br>agnetic strip reader<br>eed two different devices a                               |                               | wer stations,<br>ons, counting people)<br>urity<br>security |  |  |
|  | ccept keyboards if applicat   |                               | [4]   |  |  |
| <u>III</u><br>Se<br>ha<br>fra<br>(ir   | ny <b>two</b> from:<br><u>egal/unauthorised</u> copying<br><u>ending</u> viruses<br>acking into systems/access<br>aud/improper transfer of fur<br>ndustrial) sabotage/malicion<br>tering information <u>illegally</u> | nds                           | iracy<br>[2]  |  |  |
| <b>(b)</b> A                           | ny <b>two</b> from:   |                               |   |  |  |
| us<br>ph<br>us<br>lo<br>ar<br>us<br>ta | ata encryption<br>se of passwords/ids/PIN/bio<br>nysical locks<br>se of anti-virus software<br>g users/computer use/time<br>nti-hacking software<br>se call back facility for in-co<br>ke/check references of pot     | d access<br>oming information |   |  |  |
|  | ewall   |                               |   |  |  |

www.papaCambridge.com Page 4 **Mark Scheme** Syllabu **IGCSE - OCT/NOV 2006** 0420 Any three effects from: 4 loss of jobs traditional shops/banks close city/town centres become deserted as shops/banks close gap between rich and poor grows (rich get access to savings by shopping online) less interaction between people increase in small businesses less pollution/less need to travel security fears people will need credit cards/bank accounts/computer systems [3]

### 5 Any two from:

animation editing e.g. changing colours on film tweening synchronising voice output with "cartoon" characters addition of text e.g. subtitles special effects e.g. morphing

## 6 Any four from:

design data collection forms design input forms design system flowcharts/pseudocode design output forms/reports design/select validation rules design/select verification methods design testing strategy/plan specify/select hardware specify/select software design the algorithms/program flowcharts specify the data structure design files (structure)/tables

[4]

[2]

## (a) Any three from:

7

answers questions asked by the system possible answers supplied as..... ......rule base is looked up ......knowledge base is searched ......by inference engine e.g. minerals/map of mineral deposits/% probability of finding mineral

| Page 5     | Mark Scheme  | Syllab          |
|------------|--|-----------------|
|            | IGCSE - OCT/NOV 2006   | 0420            |
|            |  |                 |
| (b)        | Any <b>one</b> from e.g.   | Syllabi<br>0420 |
|            | chess  |                 |
|            | medical diagnosis  |                 |
|            | car/fault diagnostics  |                 |
|            | criminology/forensic science   |                 |
|            |  |                 |
|            | tax/financial calculations<br>weather forecasting  |                 |
|            | weather forecasting  | [1]             |
|            |  | 1.1             |
|            |  |                 |
| (a)        | Any <b>two</b> from:   |                 |
|            | work can be done anywhere (at offices in different countries)  |                 |
|            | quicker transfer of files to other offices<br>employ fewer staff (**)  |                 |
|            | less chance of paper/file loss   |                 |
|            | less paperwork (therefore less storage requirement)  |                 |
|            | can open up files from any computer terminal linked to system  |                 |
|            | easier/quicker to search for/sort a given file   |                 |
|            | easier/quicker to cross reference files<br>easier/quicker to insert/reference sections of files into reports |                 |
|            |  | [2]             |
|            |  |                 |
| (b)        | Any <b>two</b> from:   |                 |
|            |  |                 |
|            | training/need for new skills possible unemployment(**)   |                 |
|            | possible working from home   |                 |
|            | deskilling   |                 |
|            | health effects   |                 |
|            |  | [2]             |
| only allow | v this answer in (a) OR (b) not both   |                 |
|            |  |                 |
| (c)        | (i) Always have a fall-back system in case of failure/problems   |                 |
|            | results from new system can be checked against known res   | ults            |
|            | errors corrected before final implementation   | [1]             |
|            |  | [1]             |
|            | (ii) Control systems   |                 |
|            | e.g. control of power station  |                 |
|            | control of chemical plant  |                 |
|            | traffic lights   | [1]             |
|            |  | [1]             |

| Page 6              |  | Ма   | rk Scheme    |           |           | Syllabu          |
|---------------------|--|--|--------------|-----------|-----------|------------------|
|                     |  | IGCSE -  | OCT/NOV 2    | 2006      |           | 0420             |
| (a)                 |  | error 1: product = 0 on line 2<br>should use product = 1 |              |           |           |                  |
|                     | error 2: loop control, count <= 10 on line 3<br>should use count < 10 or alternatively alter count |  |              |           |           | Syllab.<br>0420  |
|                     | error 3: print v<br>output   | alue of produ<br>should come                             |              |           |           | [3]              |
| (b)                 | Accept either c  | f the followin   | g loop contr | ols:      |           |                  |
|                     | repeat   |  | OR           | for       | count = 1 | to 10            |
|                     | until count = 10<br>(accept repeat   | )  | ŬŔ           | ne        | xt count  |                  |
|                     | until count <u>&gt;</u> 11   |  |              |           |           |                  |
|                     | if line 1 chang  | ed to count =  | 1)           |           |           | [1]              |
| LEFT<br>DOW<br>CLOS | N 5  | }<br>} 1:<br>}   | mark         |           |           |                  |
| UP 5<br>RIGH        | Т 4  | } 1:<br>}  | mark         |           |           |                  |
| DOW<br>OPEN         |  | } 1<br>}   | mark         |           |           | [3]              |
| (a)                 | (column) A<br>or Name  |  |              |           |           | [1]              |
| (b)                 | e.g. = AVERAC  | GE(C2:F2) o  | r =(C2+D2+   | +E2+F2)/4 | or =SUM(  | (C2:F2)/4<br>[1] |

| Page 7 | Mark Scheme  | Syllable oper<br>0420  |
|--------|--|--|
|        | IGCSE - OCT/NOV 2006                               | 0420 780   |
| (c)    | Highlight all data (1) Choose column E to sort (1) | TABA.  |
|        | OR   | Ste  |
|        | Click on any cell in column $E(1)$                 | Syllabt odd<br>0420 obcombine<br>0420 obco |
|        | select sort descending/Z to A button(1)            | [2]  |
|        |  |  |
| (d)    | PASS   |  |
| -      |  | [1]  |
|        |  |  |
| (e)    | Range check OR description                         | [1]  |
|        |  | [']  |
| (f)    | Any <b>one</b> from:                               |  |
| (-7    |  |  |
|        | graphs/charts                                      | [1]  |
|        |  |  |
| (a)    | Any <b>two</b> input devices from:                 |  |
|        | touch screens/light pens                           |  |
|        | roller/tracker ball/mouse/joystick<br>microphone   |  |
|        | touch pads (containing options shown on keys)      | [2]  |
|        |  |  |
| (b)    | Any <b>two</b> examples from:                      |  |
|        | maps/directions                                    |  |
|        | prices of goods/shop products<br>flight details    |  |
|        | bank statements/bills                              |  |
|        | travel offers<br>news updates                      |  |

| Page 8 | Mark Scheme   | Syllaba Aper   |
|--------|---|--|
|        | IGCSE - OCT/NOV 2006  | 0420   |
| (c)    | Any <b>one</b> advantage from:  | Colling .  |
|        | airport can advertise services/products<br>24/7 service   | Tidde  |
|        | airport can get revenue from other advertisers<br>airport can give security information/warnings<br>less staff needed for information desks<br>quicker response to customer enquiries | Syllaba<br>0420<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>Bandana<br>B |
|        |   |  |
|        | Any <b>one</b> disadvantage from:   |  |
|        | (cost of) maintenance<br>central computer might crash/over-reliance<br>hacking  |  |
|        | viruses   | [0]  |
|        |   | [2]  |
| 13 (a) | Any <b>two</b> points from:   |  |
|        | 3D visual world<br>created by a computer<br>computer simulation   |  |
|        | uses special input/output devices to interact   | [2]  |
| (b)    | Any <b>two</b> examples from:   |  |
| . /    | (data) gloves   |  |
|        | (data) goggles/headsets<br>special suits fitted with sensor<br>hardware/motors to provide physical movement   |  |
|        |   | [2]  |
| (c)    | Any <b>two</b> advantages from:   |  |
| . ,    | safer (e.g. view inside a nuclear reactor)<br>can try out a dangerous task beforehand   |  |
|        | feeling of "being there"<br>can perform "actual" tasks without any risk<br>ability to store a whole plant on computer disks   |  |
|        | cheaper (if qualified)  |  |
|        |   | [2]  |

| Page | 9 Mark Scheme  | Syllab.         |
|------|--|-----------------|
|      | IGCSE - OCT/NOV 2006   | 0420            |
| (d)  | Any <b>one</b> example from:   | Syllaba<br>0420 |
|      | medical field  |                 |
|      | training/teaching  |                 |
|      | investigating problems in nuclear/chemical plants<br>3D/arcade games   |                 |
|      | simulators e.g. flight   |                 |
|      | walk throughs e.g. virtual tour of house   | [4]             |
|      |  | [1]             |
| Any  | y <b>three</b> benefits from:  |                 |
| spli | t into small, more manageable tasks/modules  |                 |
|      | sier to debug/test   |                 |
|      | sier to modify/update<br>ds to a structured approach   |                 |
|      | ny programmers can be used/different programmers per module  |                 |
|      |  | [3]             |
|      |  |                 |
| (a)  | Any <b>two</b> advantages from:  |                 |
|      | portable   |                 |
|      | can be used anywhere in school to link to wireless network can be used as a standalone computer away from school |                 |
|      | can be used as a standalone computer away nom school   |                 |
|      |  | [2]             |
|      |  |                 |
| (b)  | Any <b>two</b> disadvantages from e.g.   |                 |
|      | usually more expensive to purchase/repair<br>difficult to use laptop keyboard/in-built mouse                     |                 |

laptops need re-charging from time to time laptops more likely to be stolen/damaged

[2]

| F | Page 10 | )            | Mark Scheme   | Syllaba Sper                      |
|---|---------|--------------|---|-----------------------------------|
|   |         |              | IGCSE - OCT/NOV 2006  | 0420                              |
| 6 | (a)     | (i)          | Any <b>one</b> use from:  | Syllabu per<br>0420 Abbc annonica |
|   |         |              | recording sales<br>keeping accounts   | 3                                 |
|   |         |              | keeping registers   |                                   |
|   |         |              | use as a mark book  |                                   |
|   |         | (ii)         | Any <b>one</b> use from:  |                                   |
|   |         | ()           |   |                                   |
|   |         |              | keeping client details<br>storing course details                                |                                   |
|   |         |              | keeping book lists  |                                   |
|   |         |              |   |                                   |
|   |         | (iii)        | Any <b>one</b> use from:  |                                   |
|   |         |              | designing/producing flyers  |                                   |
|   |         |              | designing/producing leaflets  |                                   |
|   |         |              | designing/producing presentations<br>designing/producing materials for websites |                                   |
|   |         |              | application forms   |                                   |
|   |         |              |   |                                   |
|   |         | (iv)         | Any <b>one</b> use from:  |                                   |
|   |         |              | website design<br>multimedia material   |                                   |
|   |         |              | training material   |                                   |
|   |         |              | remedial lessons  |                                   |
|   |         |              | interactive material  |                                   |
|   |         |              | (creates hypertext/hypermedia documentation)                                    |                                   |
|   |         |              |   | [4]                               |
|   |         |              |   |                                   |
|   | (b)     | Any <b>t</b> | two features from:  |                                   |
|   |         |              | ce font size  |                                   |
|   |         |              | ce side margins/top-bottom margins<br>smaller font size/remove any bold text    |                                   |
|   |         |              | ce size of any pictures/graphs  |                                   |
|   |         |              | ce line spacing   |                                   |
|   |         |              | a larger page size / fit/scale to paper size                                    |                                   |
|   |         | edit t       |   |                                   |
|   |         |              |   | [0]                               |

[2]



| Page 12 |               | Mark Scheme   | Syllabu Sper                    |
|---------|---------------|---|---------------------------------|
|         |               | IGCSE - OCT/NOV 2006  | 0420                            |
| 6 (a)   | (i)           | Reg No  | Syllabu per<br>0420 Anacambridg |
|         | (ii)          | unique identifier<br>used to search the database<br>used to link to other tables of data (foreign data) | [2]                             |
| (b)     | WS<br>NK      | 46 ART<br>55 ARM  | [2]                             |
| (c)     | Eith          | er (Engine (cc) > 1400) OR (Doors < 5)  |                                 |
|         |               | Or (Doors < 5) OR (Engine (cc) > 1400)  |                                 |
|         |               | < 1 mark>< 1 mark>  | [2]                             |
| (d)     | Any           | one from:   |                                 |
|         | cust          | tomer code<br>tomer ref no<br>IT customer name)   | [1]                             |
| ) (a)   | Any           | one from:   |                                 |
|         | pres<br>infra | ared  | [1]                             |
| (b)     | Any           | one from:   |                                 |
|         |               | sor signal is analogue<br>nputers can only understand digital   | [1]                             |



[1]

### 20 Sample program:

| count = 0<br>total1 = 0             |        |
|-------------------------------------|--------|
| total 2 = 0                         |        |
| lowest = 1000                       | 1 mark |
| while count < 200 do                | 1 mark |
| input temp                          | 1 mark |
| if temp < 10 then total1 = total1+1 | 1 mark |
| if temp > 20 then total2 = total2+1 | 1 mark |
| if temp < lowest then lowest = temp | 1 mark |
| count = count + 1                   |        |
| endwhile                            |        |
| output total1, total2, lowest       | 1 mark |

(max of 5 marks)

### Marking points:

Initialisation (but lowest must be set to a suitable value) Correct loop to read in 200 temperatures Correct input for temperatures Check if temperature is less than 10 and increment total1 Check if temperature greater than 20 and increment total2 Identifying the lowest temperature Output results (only give output mark if some data processing has been done, and outside loop)

[5]

