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### **CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS**

**International General Certificate of Secondary Education** 

## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2012 series

# 0420 COMPUTER STUDIES

**0420/12** Paper 1, maximum raw mark 100

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2012 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.

	Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	% \v
		IGCSE – October/November 2012	0420	200
1	<ul><li>data shall</li><li>data shall</li><li>data shall</li><li>data shall</li></ul>	m: be processed/obtained fairly/lawfully only be used for the specific purpose for which it wa be adequate/relevant/not excessive be accurate/up to date not be kept any longer than necessary s have the right to see data about them (and have it		te)

### Any three from:

- data shall be processed/obtained fairly/lawfully
- data shall only be used for the specific purpose for which it was collected
- data shall be adequate/relevant/not excessive
- data shall be accurate/up to date
- data shall not be kept any longer than necessary
- individuals have the right to see data about them (and have it changed if inaccurate)
- sufficient means taken for security/integrity of data
- data shall not be transferred to a country with lower protection laws
- data users must be registered

[3]

#### 2 Any **four** from:

- gather information from human experts
- populate/create/design the knowledge base
- create/design the inference engine
- create/design the rules base
- create/design the user interface
- create/design output formats
- create expert system shell
- -- test system with data with known outcomes

[4]

3

List of hardware items	Application	
webcam, microphone, speakers	<ul><li>video conferencing/chat</li></ul>	
barcode reader, POS terminal	e.g.  - supermarket checkout  - shop sales point  - stock control system  - library systems	
pressure sensor, ADC, lights, siren	<ul> <li>burglar/intruder alarm</li> </ul>	
data gloves, data goggles	<ul> <li>virtual reality (applications) (NOT VR)</li> <li>simulation</li> <li>e.g. motor racing simulator</li> </ul>	
light pen, plotter, 3D printer	<ul><li>CAD (applications)</li><li>e.g. <u>designing</u> buildings/cars</li></ul>	

	Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
		IGCSE – October/November 2012	0420
4	Any <b>three</b> be	enefits and <b>one</b> drawback from:	Candy
<b>benefits:</b> <ul><li>greater p</li><li>robots are</li></ul>		oductivity not paid/humans need wages	age:con
	<ul> <li>less exper</li> </ul>	nsive in the long term sistent product produced	

### Any **three** benefits and **one** drawback from:

### benefits:

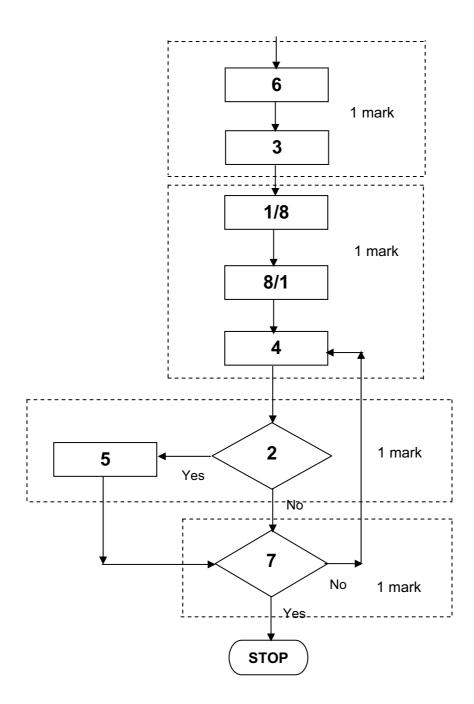
- greater productivity
- robots are not paid/humans need wages
- less expensive in the long term
- more consistent product produced
- don't go on strike/holidays/breaks/become ill/feel tired
- no need for expensive re-training programmes
- can put more people into quality control/research/more interesting jobs
- no need for high quality lighting/air con systems in factories (no people!!)
- work in extreme/hazardous conditions

### drawbacks:

- expensive initial outlay/maintenance
- introduces new hazards into work place
- programming/robot errors lead to faulty production runs
- cost of redundancies/retraining
- robot breaks down production is halted

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Pad	ge 5	Mark Scheme Syl	labus
,	<u> </u>		420
one	ma	rk for name of method + <b>one</b> mark for corresponding benefit	labus 420 Cannon
ema	ails:	<ul> <li>fast delivery of messages (to recipient's mail box)</li> </ul>	
•		<ul> <li>able to send attachments</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>can store messages for later use</li> </ul>	•
		<ul> <li>auto-translation no language problems</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>can open email at a convenient time</li> </ul>	
vide	:o cc	onferencing/calling/chat:	
		<ul> <li>removes need to travel (saves time and money)</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>allows face to face discussions</li> </ul>	
		<ul><li>works in real time (only allow once)</li></ul>	
VolF	<b>&gt;</b> :	<ul> <li>much cheaper than normal international calls</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>direct communication between people</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>works in real time (only allow once)</li> </ul>	
chat	t roc	ms/instant messaging:	
		<ul> <li>instantaneous reply</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>anyone can join in</li> </ul>	
soci	al n	etworking:	
		<ul> <li>can ensure only your "friends" are in communication</li> </ul>	
		usually free to join and use  talk to (multiple) friends at the same time.	ra
		<ul> <li>talk to (multiple) friends at the same time</li> </ul>	[6
(a)	Δnv	<b>two</b> from:	
(a)	—	she had actually described <i>verification</i>	
	_	data could be incorrect, therefore same incorrect data typed in	twice
	-	accept description of validation process e.g. range check	[2
(b)	(i)	Any <b>one</b> from:	
		<ul> <li>the computer appears to "freeze"/"hang"</li> </ul>	
		<ul><li>computer won't respond</li><li>failure of hardware (stops computer normal functioning)</li></ul>	
		<ul> <li>failure of nardware (stops computer normal functioning)</li> <li>failure of software (stops computer normal functioning)</li> </ul>	[1
		ianare er certifare (etepe cempater fremariametrining)	
	(ii)	Any <b>one</b> from:	
		<ul><li>back up her files (onto CD/DVD/memory stick)</li><li>send files to a central database on the Internet</li></ul>	
		<ul> <li>cloud computing</li> </ul>	[1
			( '
(c)	Anኣ	one from:	
(-)	_	file too large	
	_	she didn't have correct software on her computer to open the a	ttachment

- she didn't have correct software on her computer to open the attachment
- the file was somehow corrupted during transfer person forgot to attach file password protected

- encrypted invalid digital signature rejected by virus checker

[1]

				Syllabus 0420	
	Pa	ge 6	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	<b>V</b> r
		•	IGCSE – October/November 2012	0420	
	(d)	Any <b>one</b>	e benefit and <b>one</b> drawback	13	Phys.
		benefit:	: trailing wires	`	'age
			restriction on movement of mouse		
			work anywhere (as long as in range)		
	•	drawbac			
			tricted range of operation eds batteries		
			ssible interference		[2]
		NO	T WiFi security		
8	(a)	Any two			
		•	or/low resolution bit map image		
			ufficient pixel density/picture has less pixels		[2]
	(b)	Any <b>two</b>			
			picture is enlarged covers larger area . so pixel density gets smaller and sharpness of imag	ıe is lost	
			els become too big	0 10 1000	[2]
	(c)	Any <b>one</b>			
			nter (e.g. dot matrix)		
			evision/monitor/screen jector		[1]
		pi oj	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		[.]
	(d)	– use	es up large amount of memory/ <u>storage</u> space		
		– dow	vnload/upload takes longer		[1]
9	(a)	Any <b>two</b>			
			er costs in wages er rental costs (for office)		
			ter coverage of time zones		
			k can be done in the developing counties when there	e are strikes in Europe	
		– crea	ation of new jobs in the <u>developing counties</u>		[2]
	(b)	Any <b>two</b>	o from:		
	(-)	– prol	blems with dialects/accents/language		
		– diffe	erent cultures		

stick to "scripts" so can be frustrating to the customer

be aware of European legislation (e.g. Data Protection Acts)

[2]

long distances may lead to poor reception negative public reaction to overseas call centres

time e.g. to set up centres, train staff cost of setting up new centres/training staff

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### (c) Any two from:

- potential job losses (in Europe)
- de-motivation of remaining work force
- re-training of some staff
- relocation for some staff

### (d) Risk + reason one mark any two from:

- RSI/ carpal tunnel syndrome from using keyboard continuously/long time periods
- RSI/carpal tunnel syndrome from repeated clicking of the mouse buttons
- headaches/eye strain/dry eye from screen glare/staring at the screen
- back/neck problems from poor seating position/sitting for long periods of time
- electric shock from cables, water etc.
- potential for heavy equipment falling if desks used are inadequate
- trip hazards from trailing wires

[2]

### 10 one mark for naming security risk + one mark for a correct description

viruses: - malicious code which self replicates

designed to delete, alter or corrupt files

### phishing:

- sending emails to recipients claiming to be a legitimate company
- when email opened, recipient is directed to a bogus website/gets details about customer

### pharming:

- malicious code installed on PC or a server
- code misdirects user to a fraudulent website (without their knowledge)

#### hacking:

- unauthorised access to a computer system
- in an effort to use data illegally (e.g. fraud)
- to change/delete/corrupt data on a computer

#### key logging/spyware

- program installed on a computer to monitor all key presses
- each key press is relayed back to the program writer

#### or spyware

- scan files on hard drive
- 'snoop' applications

#### shoulder surfing:

- the act of watching a person key in secure data (e.g. PIN, password, etc.)
- stealing security data by using binoculars, CCTV near ATMs etc. to watch key presses etc.

#### war driving:

- locating a wireless network by touring round an area
- requires a laptop, special software and an antenna

[6]

www.PapaCambridge.com Syllabus 0420 Page 8 Mark Scheme IGCSE – October/November 2012 11 (a) NOT 1 mark **AND** OR X 1 mark NOT 1 mark 1 mark AND 1 mark NOT

Note: accept answers using MIL symbols e.g.

AND —

[5]

(b)					•	
	Р	Т	w	X		
	0	0	0	1	4	
	0	0	1	0	1 mark	
	0	1	0	1	1 mark	
	0	1	1	1	I IIIaik	
	1	0	0	1	1 mark	
	1	0	1	0	Tillark	
	1	1	0	0	1 mark	
	1	1	1	0	man	

(NOTE: 1 mark per pair of rows)

							·	3h		
	Pa	ge 9		N	Mark Scheme	<b>,</b>	Sylla	bus	3 V	
				IGCSE – O	ctober/Nove	mber 2012	042	20	200	
12	(a)	Any - - - - -	over trans  requ	from: ence of digital sign a communications fer of data at a hig so there appears to res reliable/fast bro ence to buffering o	path/the Intelled h speed be no time laboraband	ag	red		PapaCar	[2]
	(b)	(i) (ii)	_ _ _ Any _	two from: don't have to wait for need to store larger to demand playbactive problems from ternet/broadband speed internet contradequate buffering	rge files ck/watch films : connection n nection	at any time ot very fast (the			res high	[2]
	(c)		- - web vide lister	f website/Internet of websites can withd may require specificam sending image oconferencing hing to music e game playing g news from a web	down, can't ad raw film files o c software to	ccess film files without notice				[2] [1]
13	(a)	Any - - - - - -	sens conv data if it is  use actu	points from: ors send information erted to a digital signification compared to store didentified as a drip a signal is sent out of DAC to convert settor/motor used to sage sent to screen	gnal by an AE d data (sounce in the outer by the compu- signal to analo- close valve in	OC I level) in compo pipe uter (to the actua ogue the inner pipe	ators)			[5]
	(b)	Any - - - -	com 24/7 a hu no/re	points from: puter response is noting is posseman may miss "sigomoves human erromatic graph/general	ible/no breaks ns of leakage ors (therefore	s taken "/computer doe: safer)	sn't get tired			[2]

	Page 10		Mark So			Syllabus
	IGCSE – October/November 2012			2012	0420	
14	one mark pe	r correct colu	mn in the tab	le		
	s	С	N	Т	ОИТРИТ	
	0	1	15	0.15		
	1	2	8	0.08		
	1		1	1	1	1

## 14 one mark per correct column in the table

s	С	N	Т	ОИТРИТ
0	1	15	0.15	
1	2	8	0.08	
	3	251	2.51	
	4	35	0.35	
2	5	60	0.60	
3	6	3	0.03	
	7	2	0.02	
	8	1516	15.16	
	9	19	0.19	
4	10	55	0.55	
5	11			
				5

# 15 (a) Minus one mark for each different error

	E
1	Minimum number of nights
2	(=)(E2 =) B2/(C2 * D2)
3	(=)(E3 =) B3/(C3 * D3)
4	(=)(E4 =) B4/(C4 * D4)
5	(=)(E5 =) B5/(C5 * D5)
6	(=)(E6 =) B6/(C6 * D6)

[5]

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	IGCSE – October/November 2012	0420	900-	

**(b)** (=)(C7 =) SUM(C2:C6)/5

OR

(=)(C7 =) AVERAGE(C2:C6)

OF

(=)(C7 =) (C2 + C3 + C4 + C5 + C6)/5

- (c) Any two from:
  - add 0.5 to the number .....
  - ..... format cell and choose number, 0 decimal places

OR

- use the INT function .....
- ..... and add 1

OR

use INT(E2+0.9)

(one mark for correct term INT and one mark for correct values in brackets)

OR

use ROUNDUP(E2, 0)

(one mark for correct term ROUNDUP and one mark for correct values in brackets)

**16** (a) (i) 44 100 × 16 × 2 = 1 411 200 bits/second

1 411 200/8 = **176 400 (bytes)** 

(**two** marks for correct answer. If answer is incorrect, award **one** mark for a good attempt at the calculation.)

(ii) 3 minutes = 180 seconds

 $176\ 400 \times 180 = 31\ 752\ 000\ bytes$ 

= 30.281 (megabytes) (allow 0, 1, 2 or more decimal places)

(**two** marks for correct answer. If answer is incorrect, award **one** mark for a good attempt at the calculation, allowing follow through from (i)) [2]

- **(b)** Any **one** from:
  - similar to how ZIP/Jpeg files work
  - file is compressed
  - lossless compression

**AND** 

#### Any **one** from:

- using perceptual music shaping
- uses human ear characteristics to remove unneeded data//removes sounds that the human ear can't hear
- only keeps the sounds that the human ear hears better than others
- if 2 sounds played together, human ear can only hear louder one and not the softer one which is consequently discarded
   [2]

[1]

[2]

Page 12	Mark Scheme		Syllabus	100
	IGCSE – October/November 20	12	0420	182
17 (a) sample	e program:			Camb
x = 0: y	y = 0	(1 mark)		Bridge
<b>input</b> number		(1 mark)		, e
while number < > -1 do		(1 mark)		On
<b>if</b> number > $1000$ <b>then</b> x = x + 1		(1 mark)		
	<b>else if</b> number < 1000 <b>then</b> y = y + 1	(1 mark)		
inr	nut number	•		

### 17 (a) sample program:

x = 0: $y = 0$	(1 mark)
input number	(1 mark)
while number < > -1 do	(1 mark)
<b>if</b> number > 1000 <b>then</b> $x = x + 1$	(1 mark)
<b>else if</b> number < 1000 <b>then</b> y = y + 1	(1 mark)
input number	
endwhile	
print x, y	(1 mark)

### marking points:

- initialisation of variables
- first and subsequent inputs in the correct place
- correct loop control (only **repeat** or **while** loops work here)
- check if number > 1000 and increment total
- check if number < 1000 and increment total
- output totals outside the loop

[4]

## (b) sample program

```
T = 0
for N = 1 to 50
                                                    (1 mark)
    read D1, D2, D3, D4
                                                    (1 mark)
        if D1 = D4 and D2 = D3 then T = T+1
                                                    (2 marks)
next N
percent = T * 2
print percent
                                                    (1 mark)
```

### marking points

- correct loop (for, repeat or while loops all work)
- correct input
- check whether D1 = D4 and D2 = D3
- summation if D1 = D4 and D2 = D3
- calculate percentage and output the value outside the loop