MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2015 series

9608 COMPUTER SCIENCE

9608/23

Paper 2 (Written Paper), maximum raw mark 75

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1 (a)

Identifier	Data Type	Description
HorseName	STRING	Name of the horse
NumberOfPreviousWins	INTEGER	Number of previous wins
RacePenaltyWeight	INTEGER / REAL / SINGLE	Penalty weight

[1]

[1]

(b) (i) Stepwise refinement // top-down design

(ii)	INPUT HorseName	
()	INPUT NumberOfPreviousWins	
	RacePenaltyWeight 🗲 0	
	IF NumberOfPreviousWins = 1 OR NumberOfF	PreviousWins = 2
	THEN	
	RacePenaltyWeight 🗲 4	
	ENDIF	
	IF NumberOfPreviousWins > 2 THEN	
	RacePenaltyWeight 🗲 8	
	ENDIF	
	OUTPUT HorseName, RacePenaltyWeight	
	Mark as follows:	
	(OUTPUT) + INPUT x 2	(1 mark)

(OUTPUT) + INPUT x 2	(1 mark)	
Two/three conditions in evidence correctly formed	(1 mark)	
(penalise Assignment used for equals)		
Condition for penalty weight = 0 + assignment = 0	(1 mark)	
Other conditions X 2 + Assignment of 4 and 8	(1 mark)	
Final output of horse name + penalty weight	(1 mark)	[5]

(ii) 2 9 [1]



[2]

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(b) (i)

Input value	Output			Commont	
Amount	Fifty Dollar	Twenty Dollar	Ten Dollar	- Comment	
70	1	1	0	Least possible number of notes	
85	(0	0	0)	Error message	
130	2	1	1	Least possible number of notes	
600	(0	0	0)	Error message	

Penalise any number entries on the 85 and 600 rows

[3]

(ii) INPUT Amount

IF Amount > 500 THEN OUTPUT "Refused - amount too large" ELSE IF (Amount MOD 10) <> 0 / >0 THEN OUTPUT "Refused - not a multiple of \$10" ELSE FiftyDollar ← Amount DIV 50 Temp ← Amount MOD 50 // (Amount - 50 * FiftyDollar) (Amount MOD 50) DIV 20 Temp - Temp MOD 20 TenDollar - Temp DIV 10 ENDIF ENDIF

[max 5]

3 (i)

А	Width	in any order
В	Length	
С	JobID	
D	CustomerName	in any order
Е	JobCost	

[5]

Page	Page 4 Mark Scheme Syllab			
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(11)	<i>ma</i> idei jobo	DCEDURE CalculateJobCost (BYREF JobCost : INTEGER/CURRENCY/REAL, BYVALUE Length : INTEGER, BYVALUE Width : INTEGER) <i>rk as follows:</i> ntifier + data type × 3 (3 marks) cost (only) BYREF (1 mark) gth, width (only) BYVALUE/BYREF (1 mark)		[5]
4 (a)) (i)	ERROR		[1]
	(ii)	parityerrorcheck		[1]
	(iii)	Binary Coded Decimal // Binary▼Coded▼Decimal		[2]
(b)) (i)	OPENFILE "DISPENSERS" FOR WRITE REPEAT (1 mark) OUTPUT "Enter dispenser code (XXXXX to end)" INPUT DispenserCode IF DispenserCode <> "XXXXX" THEN OUTPUT "Enter bank code" INPUT BankCode LineString ← CONCAT (DispenserCode, "▼",BankC // now write the new line to the file	·	1 mark) 1 mark)
		<pre>WRITEFILE ("DISPENSERS"), LineString ENDIF UNTIL DispenserCode = "XXXXX" CLOSE ("DISPENSERS") // CLOSEFILE OUTPUT "DISPENSERS file now created"</pre>	(1 mark) 1 mark) 1 mark) [6]
	(ii)	 Bank code/ Dispenser code is digit characters only Bank code is exactly 3 digits // Dispenser code is exactly 5 digits Range check on Bank code between 1 and 999 // range check on dispenser code between 1 and 99999 		
		Note: If no reference made to either Bank code or Dispenser code M	AX 1	[max 2]
	(iii)	data of the existing 15 dispensers will be lost/overwritten		[1]
	(iv)	Append // Illustrated with program code statement		[1]

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(c) M	ark as follows:			
(C) 1/10 •	Variables declared/commented (at least X2)	(1 mark)		
•	Input of 'ThisBank' with prompt	(1 mark)		
•	File open statement	(1 mark)		
•	File mode is 'Input' File close	(1 mark)		
•	Loop (Not a FOR loop) Until all records considered	(1 mark)		
•	Isolate LineBankCode Isolate LineDispenserCode	(1 mark)		
•	Count initialised	(1 mark)		
•	Count incremented	(1 mark)		
•	Output – List of dispenser codes	(1 mark)		
•	Output – dispenser count	(1 mark)		[max 10]
Vi	sual Basic			
	Dim DispenserRecord As String Dim DispenserCode As String : Dim Dim DispenserCount As Integer Dim ThisBank As String FileOpen(1, "C:\DISPENSERS.txt",	-		
	Console.WriteLine() Console.Write("Which bank(Thre ThisBank = Console.ReadLine	e digit code)? ")	
	DispenserCount = 0 Do			
	DispenserRecord = LineInput(1) DispenserCode = Left(Dispenser Bank = Mid(DispenserRecord, 7,	Record, 5)		
	<pre>If Bank = ThisBank Then DispenserCount = DispenserCour Console.WriteLine(DispenserCoor End If Loop Until EOF(1) FileClose(1)</pre>			
	Console.WriteLine() Console.WriteLine("There are " & for this bank")	DispenserCount &	" disper	isers

```
Python ...
```

```
# DispenserLine
                        - String
# DispenserCode
                         - String
# Bank
                         - String
# DispenserCount
                         - Integer
# ThisBank
                         - String
MyFile = open("c:\DISPENSERS.txt", "r")
ThisBank = input ("Which bank .. (Three digit code)? ")
DispenserCount = 0
while 1:
   DispenserLine = MyFile.readline()
   if not DispenserLine:
      break
   DispenserCode = DispenserLine[0:5]
   # slices chars 0,1,2,3,4
   Bank = DispenserLine[6:9] # slices chars 6,7,8
   if Bank == ThisBank:
      DispenserCount = DispenserCount + 1
      print(DispenserCode)
MyFile.close()
print
print("There are " + str(DispenserCount)
" dispensers for this bank")
Pascal ...
var DispenserRecord : String ;
var DispenserCode : String ;
var Bank
var DispenserCount : Integer ;
var ThisBank : String ;
var Bank
                     : String ;
var TheFile
                      : Text ;
begin
assign(TheFile, 'K:\DISPENSERS.txt') ;
reset(TheFile) ;
WriteLn() ;
Write('Which bank .. (Three digit code)? ') ;
Readln(ThisBank) ;
C
DispenserCount := 0 ;
repeat
       readln(TheFile, DispenserRecord) ;
   DispenserCode := Copy(DispenserRecord, 1, 5) ;
   Bank := copy(DispenserRecord, 7, 3) ;
   If Bank = ThisBank Then
      begin
       DispenserCount := DispenserCount + 1 ;
```

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```
Writeln(DispenserCode)
end;
until EOF(TheFile);
close(TheFile);
writeLn();
writeLn('Dispenser count: ', DispenserCount);
readln;
end.
```

- 5 (a) (i) Set of data items have a common name (1 mark) Items are referenced using a subscript/index (1 mark)
 Accept: all data items are of the same data type (1 mark) [max 2]
 (ii) 24 [1]
 (iii) The total number of amplifiers 'produced' by workers 1, 2 and 3/three workers (1 mark)
 - on day 2_ (1 mark) [2]

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(b)		_	
		Worker	Total

			Wo	orkerT	otal	
WorkerNum	DayNum	WorkerAverage	OUTPUT	1	2	
1				0		\int
2					0	
3						0
1	1			10		
	2			21		
	3			31		
	4			45		_
2	1				20	
	2				36	
	3				60	
	4				80	
3	1					9
	2					20
	3					33
	4					50
1		2.25				
2		2				
3		1.25	INVESTIGATE 3	$h \vdash$		

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(c) (i)	DayNum : INTEGER (WorkerTotal : ARRAY OF INTEGER (1 mark) (1 mark)	1 mark) 1 mark)	
	WorkerAverage : REAL (*	1 mark)	[max 4]
(ii)	PROCEDURE AnalyseProductionData(NumDays : INTEGER INTEGER)	, NumWorł	kers :
	FOR WorkerNum ← 1 TO 3 WorkerTotal [WorkerNum] ← 0 ENDFOR		
	FOR WorkerNum ← 1 TO 3 FOR DayNum ← 1 TO 4 WorkerTotal[WorkerNum] ← WorkerTotal[WorkerNum] ProductionData[WorkerNum]		DavNum]
	ENDFOR ENDFOR	,	
	<pre>FOR WorkerNum ← 1 TO 3 WorkerAverage = WorkerTotal[WorkerNum] / (4* DailyHoursWorked[WorkerNum] IF WorkerAverage < 2 THEN OUTPUT "Investigate" WorkerNum ENDIF ENDFOR</pre>		
	ENDPROCEDURE		
	Mark as follows: All '3's changed to NumWorkers		
	All '4's changed to NumDays WorkerAverage '4' changed to NumDays		[3]
(iii)	(CALL) AnalyseProductionData(7, 13)		[1]