

Cambridge International Examinations Cambridge International Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level

#### ENGLISH LANGUAGE

Paper 4 Language Topics

9093/42 May/June 2017 2 hours 15 minutes

No Additional Materials are required.

#### **READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST**

An answer booklet is provided inside this question paper. You should follow the instructions on the front cover of the answer booklet. If you need additional answer paper, ask the invigilator for a continuation booklet.

Answer two questions.

You should spend about 15 minutes reading the passages and questions before you start writing your answers. You are reminded of the need for good English and clear presentation in your answers.

All questions in this paper carry equal marks.

This document consists of 6 printed pages, 2 blank pages and 1 Insert.



#### Answer two questions.

## 1 Spoken language and social groups

The following text is a transcription of part of a conversation involving four adults. David and Rachel have been staying with their friends, John and Shauna, and are leaving to catch a train home early the next morning.

**Discuss ways in which the speakers are using language here to communicate.** You should refer to specific details from the transcription, relating your observations to ideas from your wider study of spoken language and social groups.

Shauna:	its probably about (.) er (.) a fifteen minute walk	
John:	quick (.) a <u>quick</u> walk	
Rachel:	oh i'll (.) we can do that cant we $\nearrow$	
David:	mm (1) so we need to leave here (.) need to leave here at six thirty	
John:	do you want to know where the station is <i>7</i>	5
Rachel:	might help mightnt it [ <i>laughs</i> ] //	
David:	might be useful	
Rachel:	which way do we go≯	
John:	go out of the driveway (.) so you turn right	
Rachel:	yeah	10
John:	ok (.) so facing out towards the road (.) our road (.) you go right all the way down to the roundabout	
Rachel:	just go to the roundabout <sup>1</sup> //	
John:	the <u>first</u> roundabout //	
David:	the roundabout	15
John:	so the first roundabout (.) then you go <u>left</u> there (.) then the next roundabout has the shops	
Shauna:	the shops	
Rachel:	yeah	
John:	and you do a <u>right</u> and a <u>left</u>	20
Rachel:	so (.) left (.) so right out of the house (.) left right left	

John:	yeah (.) so when you get to the shops and the roundabout you want to do a <u>right</u> there (.) at the shops	
David:	// lets draw a little map	
Rachel:	yeah draw a map //	25
John:	and theres a little road that goes down to the station (.) youll see a sign	
Shauna:	have you got an iphone↗	
Rachel:	no (.) why ↗	
David:	just do a quick sketch //	30
Rachel:	yes (.) lets do it the old fashioned way	
David:	so you say its (.) its about fifteen minutes brisk walk	
Shauna:	it wont take more than fifteen minutes	
John:	it used to take me thirteen minutes to walk when I went down there every morning	35
Rachel:	we're brisk arent we≯	
John:	so fifteen minutes will do	

<sup>1</sup> *roundabout*: a road junction at which traffic moves round a central island to reach one of the roads converging on it.

## TRANSCRIPTION KEY

(1) = pause in seconds
(.) = micro-pause
<u>underlined</u> = stressed sound/syllable(s)
// = speech overlap
[*italics*] = paralinguistic features

✓ = upward intonation

#### 2 English as a global language

The following passage deals with the idea of 'Globish' as a simplified, global form of English. It was published on Forbes.com, an international business website, in 2012.

Discuss what you feel are the most important issues raised here relating to the changing use of English as a global language. You should refer to specific details from the passage as well as to ideas and examples from your wider study.

#### A New International Business Language: Globish

English is the global language of business, yet English is also the native tongue of relatively few people, and it is notoriously hard to learn.

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Globish?

For everyone else, why not start with

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## 3 Language acquisition by children and teenagers

The following text is a transcription of a conversation between Alice (age 2 years 0 months) and her mother. Alice is in the bath with James, her brother, who is 4 years old.

**Discuss ways in which Alice and her mother are using language here.** You should refer to specific details from the transcription, relating your observations to ideas from your studies of language acquisition.

Mother:	what are you doing <i>≯</i>	
Alice:	im (3) bath	
Mother:	did you wash your face ↗	
Alice:	yes	
Mother:	what did you have <u>all</u> over your face ↗	5
Alice:	yoghurt	
Mother:	yoghurt↗ (.) did you↗	
Alice:	yes	
Mother:	was it <u>ev</u> erywhere ↗	
Alice:	yes	10
Mother:	whos in the bath with you↗	
Alice:	james	
Mother:	and is it nearly bedtime ↗	
Alice:	yes (1) yes	
Mother:	it is	15
Alice:	it is (2) ni (.) nightime	
Mother:	night time	
Alice:	nightime (1) [ <i>turns to James</i> ] james	
James:	yeah≯	
Alice:	[whispers] nightime	20
Mother:	are you going to nursery tomorrow ↗	
Alice:	yes	
Mother:	whos at nursery <i>≯</i>	

Alice:	boys	
Mother:	boys↗	25
Alice:	yes (1) horrible boys	
Mother:	oh (1) horrible boys≯	
Alice:	yes	
Mother:	and what about your friends <i>7</i>	
Alice:	danielle	30
Mother:	yeah (1) are you going to see danielle↗	
Alice:	yes	
Mother:	who else ↗	
Alice:	(5) LILY	
Mother:	who *	35
Alice:	LILY	
Mother:	who else ↗	
Alice:	harry	
Mother:	harry ∧ (1) is harry at nursery ∧	
Alice:	yes (2) and natasha	40
Mother:	natasha too≯	
Alice:	yes (2) danny aswell	
Mother:	danielle <sup>≠</sup> or danny as well <sup>≠</sup>	
Alice:	mummy aswell	
Mother:	mummy will take you to nursery and come home and then get you later	45

# **TRANSCRIPTION KEY**

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