MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2015 series

0680 ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

0680/11

Paper 1, maximum raw mark 60

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

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Page 2		2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Ŭ		Cambridge IGCSE – October/November 2015	0680	11
1	(a)	oxy car	ogen gen bon dioxide ree correct for two marks. One or two correct for one mark.		[2]
	(b)	(i) (ii)	correct plot (with error margin of half a square above); burning gas and burning oil correct in the key; key of plot matches the plot chosen; deforestation/eq.; reduces trees taking in carbon dioxide/photosynthesis;		[3]
			OR urbanisation/increase in use of machines in farming; carbon dioxide-emitting activities described such as burning of foss <i>Allow other correct examples.</i>	sil fuels;	[2]
		(iii)	the gas traps additional heat radiating from Earth's surface/causes effect/this causes warming of atmosphere/global warming; which might lead to climate change;	s greenhous	
			Up to three correct consequence(s) of climate change for the environe.g. sea level rise; ice cap melting; weather pattern changes;	onment:	[3]
2	(a)	(i)	photosynthesis water light/eq.		
			Three correct for two marks. Two or one correct for one mark.		[2]
		(ii)	fertilisers: it adds nutrients/minerals/a named mineral to soil (to increase gro	wth);	
			pesticides: to remove pests, which eat fruit/roots/transmit disease/compete v crop;	vith/parasiti	se the [2]
	(b)		5/1.75 × 100; .9/2.86%;		[2]

Page 3	;	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
		Cambridge IGCSE – October/November 2015	0680	11
(c)	a fa mig	prower: a fair price means grower can receive more money*/a sensible suggestion as to what night do for them if more money not stated/having money in advance means grower und next year's crop/guaranteed market for coffee;		•
		rer: ect buying means guaranteed/stable source of coffee/gives the buye ing/protected from coffee price fluctuations;	er an edge v	when
	mo	op owner: re people will buy this coffee/will sell more of this coffee/improves re ney (from higher volume of sales)*;	eputation/n	nake more
		tomer: ls good/doing duty, knowing that a person is getting a fair price;		
	Allo	ow * only once.		[4]
8 (a)	(i)	explanation in terms of:		
		(right angles/vertically at the Equator)/oblique at the poles; direct/concentrated rays at the Equator/indirect at poles; less area at the Equator than poles; less atmosphere to go through at the Equator than poles; ref. to no sunlight at poles for long periods;		[2]
	(ii)	the temperature is expected to be consistent, but it actually varies f the land is colder than expected/the sea is warmer than expected; warmer in (north) Atlantic/or Pacific than expected; colder in N America/SE Eurasia than expected/warmer in NW Eur ref. (ocean) currents; correct ref. to the different heat absorption of land vs. water/eq.;		
		Max. two marks for description or for explanations.		[3]
(b)	(i)	wind; tidal; wave; HEP; geothermal; biomass; nuclear;		[2]
	(ii)	(local) solar panels; (local) wind turbines; on houses or other correct ref. to where installed; (fossil-fuel powered) generator;		
		with government cash subsidy/grant/government pay for;		[3]

Ρ	age 4	4	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
_			Cambridge IGCSE – October/November 2015	0680	11
4	(a)	(ma tem bigg ref. ref. ref. ref. ref. ref. ref. ref.	ar coasts/eq.; ainly) above and below the tropics/above Tropic of Cancer and below operate waters; ger area north of the Equator/more fisheries south of the Equator/in to cold currents/high oxygen/ref. to meeting of warm and cold curre upwelling of nutrients; continental shelf; lack of thermocline/eq.; shallow water; light penetration; photosynthesis; plankton; where humans are/important part of income/way of life;	Pacific Oc	
		Allo	ow one mark for a comprehensive list of where they all are/only one	at the Equa	ntor. [4]
	(b)		using a resource in way which does not stop it being used in the fut that meets the needs of the present without compromising the abilit generations to meet their own needs; description of how close data is to 70%/large percentage/agree/d e.g., to a great extent/strongly/because not quite what book says; data is 60 (overfished) + 6 (depleted) = 66% is unsustainable;	ty of future	[1]
		(iii)	ORA (2 + 9 + 23 = 34% is sustainable) net types; size; mesh size; quotas; restricted area; closed/restricted season; conservation laws/monitoring/licence; education of fishermen about conservation;		[2]
			Allow another mark for developing any point.		[3]

Ρ	age :	5	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
			Cambridge IGCSE – October/November 2015	0680	11
5	(a)	(i) (ii)	north/south but slower than the Eurasian plate/towards the Eurasi plates (always) move; (collisions of plate) cause a build up of pressure;	ian plate;	[1]
			due to friction/eq.; resulting in shaking;		[2]
	(b)	(i)	6 to 50 000/49 994;		[1]
		(ii)	time of day it occurs; location, qualified (e.g. different population density); might be followed by tsunami;		
			preparedness/earthquake-resistant buildings/what to do in an ear Allow up to two examples for two marks.	thquake;	[3]
	(c)	isol ofte pre	canoes are: ated; en allow more time to escape; dictable/can evacuate; alised;		
		OR	A for earthquakes.		[3]
6	(a)	(i)	climatic: temperature / humidity / wind / light;		
			soil: salinity/water/pH/nutrients;		
			non-human: predators/producers/consumers/competitors;		
			12 items correct for four marks. 9–11 items correct for three marks two marks. 3–5 items correct items for one mark.	. 6–8 items (correct for [4]
		(ii)	One mark per example. e.g. deforestation; farming; polluting; draining; burning of fossil fuel	s; etc.	[2]

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(b) (i	 cause: e.g. removal of vegetation/overgrazing/over-cultivation/clearance irrigation; 	e of slopes/p	Door
	explanation: e.g. soil has no cover/no roots to bind soil/no barrier to wind/incr relevant explanation;	eases run-of	ff/other [2]
(ii) tree planting; terracing; contour ploughing; wind breaks; etc.		
	description of how this helps for the second mark;		[2]

[Total: 60]