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CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2012 series

0680 ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

0680/43

Paper 4 (Alternative to Coursework), maximum raw mark 60

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2012 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.

Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus
	IGCSE – October/November 2012	0680
Mark schemes	s will use these abbreviations:	Carly
• ;	separates marking points	Tide .
• /	alternatives	36.CO
• ®	reject	137
_		

Mark schemes will use these abbreviations:

•	congrated marking	nainta
•	separates marking	DOMES

accept (for answers correctly cued by the question) Α

[l]ignore

AW alternative wording (where responses vary more than usual)

AVP additional valid point (where there are a variety of possible additional valid

answers)

<u>underline</u> actual word given must be used by candidate (grammatical variants excepted)

D, L, T, Q quality of drawing / labelling / table / writing as indicated by mark scheme

indicates the maximum number of marks that can be given max

equivalent eq

ORA or reverse argument

IDEA OF where candidates are expected to make an argument which expresses a particular

idea, but the ways in which they will do this will be many and varied

Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	.0
	IGCSE – October/November 2012	0680	20-

1 (a) (i) to help people get jobs / more skilled jobs / eq / reduce unemployment / improstandard of living / example of raised standard of living such as family planning;

(ii) to stop loss of revenue / improve international standing / rule of law / reduce corruption eq / AVP (e.g. to maintain biodiversity);

(b) (i) B;

replicates present / an average can be taken / not relying on one result;

same number of seeds;

more seeds:

same quantity of water;

(**A** = no marks, **C** = max 2 for replicates and same quantity of water)

[max 4]

(ii) soil pH;

soil type;

soil texture;

particle size(s);

drainage;

mineral / nutrient / organic content;

[max 2]

(iii) not stimulated by light (due to shading) / soil too dry /release chemical to stop germination / chemical from roots / chemical from leaves;

[1]

(c) (i) to gain maximum yield;

more profit / eq;

to reduce competition with other plants;

reduce growth of alang alang / weeding;

reduce soil erosion;

easy to harvest;

[max 2]

(ii) sustainable:

carbon neutral;

this idea described;

renewable / can regrow the oil palm.

not sustainable:

fuels burnt in transport / describe example;

soil fertility lost over time;

encourages deforestation / reduces biodiversity;

AVP (e.g. other land must be used to grow food crops);

[max 3]

(iii) the number / amount of (different) species (in an area / habitat) or ref. to different biological groups; A other valid definition A types [1]

(iv) medicinal plants still available / genetic resource / genes kept for the future /rare / eq species help to promote ecotourism / maintain food webs / chains / balance of nature; [1]

							ma	
	Paç	ge 4	,		Mark Scheme		Syllabus	3.
				IGCSE -	 October/Noven 	nber 2012	0680	Pac
	(d) (i) orientation;both axes labelled (yield in tonnes per hectare and years);plots;; (allow one error on each plot)		ears);	error carried				
	(ii) 16 and 21; (A 15–17 and 21–22) (A other correct reading from graph as an error forward)		error carried [1]					
	(iii)	IDEA	A OF the extra o	ost of the fertilise	must be less t	han the extra value of th	ne crop; [1]
	(iv)		2.5, 3.0, 3.0, 6.0 prrect = 2 marks	0, 4.0;; , 4–5 correct = 1 r	nark, 0-3 corre	ct = 0 mark)	[2]
	((v)	6 / 1	3 × 100 = 46.1 ((allow 46, 46.15, 4	-6.2)		[1]
	(vi)	earn	more money / e	easier / cheaper to	harvest / proc	ess / eq;	[1]
	(e)	less regiclor rice ref. ref. env son help soil goo so I AVI	s work ular in nes gi e / othe to me to sh vironm ne for os to u s not s not od inter ess fl P (for	ncome; ve more producter crops grown; edicinal plants un orter time to firster. est grow back / maintain biodivers likely to be erood damaged further erception; ooding risk;	sed; t harvest; eq; ersity / prevent furled / lose fertility;			[max 6] [Total: 32]
2	(a)	(i)	less less soil r soil o ref. t	not held by roots changes propert o transpiration;	e surface run off;	-	/ eq;	[max 3]
		(ii)		-		-	re / described example;	[1]
		('' <i>)</i> [iii)			er lungs / more in		•	[1]
	'	••••	GUOL	, , , caso to wear	o. lango / moro m	.5551.15) (71.0	···· - /	ניו

(if answer given is 'change is greater in children' (no mark), then max 1 total if further

[max 2]

(iv) rate doubled for children / eq;

qualification is given as below)

quote the increase figures 3 or 5%;

adults show smaller increase (however expressed);

				Mark.
	Page	5	Mark Scheme	Syllabus
			IGCSE – October/November 2012	0680
	(b) (i)	sam sam sam sam sam all a both	ne people; ne numbers; ne season; ne area; ne questions; ne results table; nges; n sexes; ncted at random;	Syllabus 0680 Tr. OARD Tr. OAR
		00.0	otou at random,	[
	(ii)	more so n	e (stagnant / standing) water; nore breeding mosquitoes / described; no valid answers possible so 0 marks	[2] [Total: 11]
3	(a) (i)	19.7	7; ([l] \$ sign)	[1]
	(ii)		justified by working to support answer (e.g. 41 – 19) –19.7 =20.3	9.7 = 21.3); [1]
	(iii)	June	e 2008;	[1]
	(b) (i)	plan less fewe	er leaves on plants near road; ats shorter; (dense) vegetation; er species / types of plant / less biodiversity; plants next to the road;	
		no p	palm trees;	[max 2]
	(ii)	afte	r three years any of the points in (b) (i) have improve ks are for two reasons, only one reason = only 1 ma	
	(iii)	trans each use reco	aple at stated distance from road; sect line; h side of the road sampled; of quadrat / defined area; ord species inside quadrat / eq; ord results in a notebook; to other sensible method;	[max 2]

Page 6	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	
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(c) (i) marks or for reasons in support of either mine – table shows reasons in support Mine one or Mine two – maximum marks can be obtained by a coherent argument either of the two mines as below

Either	Or	
Mine one:	Mine two:	
larger reserves so worth mining; (78 million tonnes)	smaller reserves so mining over more quickly; (35 million tonnes)	
longer life (15 yrs) of mine so jobs for longer;	worth mining even if it only lasts 10 years;	
investment worthwhile;	enough coal to make investment worthwhile;	
more profit to government;	profit possible for government;	
more profit to mining company;	profit possible for mining company;	
smaller area (5000 hectares) so less environmental damage;	only a slightly larger area (6000 hectares) so not much more environmental damage;	
long way (40 km) from the river so pollution very unlikely;	close to river (5 km) for easy / cheap transport;	

A any sensible comment about the nature reserve for either answer;

[max 6]

(ii) save rare / endangered species; stop or reduce poaching; protect biodiversity; saved for breeding / genetic resource; genes can be use to make GMO's; value to encourage tourism; moral argument; AVP (e.g. genes available for selective breeding);

[max 2]

[Total: 17]