| | UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL I | |
|-------------------|---|---------------------|
| | International General Certificate of Secondary Educ | cation |
| CANDIDATE NAME | | |
| CENTRE NUMBER | | CANDIDATE NUMBER |
| ENVIRONMEN | ITAL MANAGEMENT | 0680/21 |
| Paper 2 | | May/June 2011 |
| Candidates an | swer on the Question Paper. | 1 hour 45 minutes |
| Additional Mat | - | |

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in. Write in dark blue or black pen. You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams, graphs or rough working. Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid. DO **NOT** WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer **both** questions.

1 4

> At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together. The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

| For Examiner's Use | | |
|--------------------|--|--|
| 1 | | |
| 2 | | |
| Total | | |

This document consists of **15** printed pages and **1** blank page.



(a) (i) In the spaces, name the two weather instruments and state what ear 1 measures.



(b) Wind can be used as a power resource.

www.papacambridge.com Costs of electricity generation in the UK in 2005 by power sources

| power source | cost (US cents per kilowatt hour) |
|----------------|--------------------------------------|
| fossil fuels | 5 |
| nuclear | 7 |
| wind | 8 |
| wave and tidal | 22 |
| solar | 72 |

(i) Draw a bar graph to show these values.



[4]

(ii) Looking at the graph, how likely is it that further use will be made of wind power to generate electricity in the UK in the future? Explain your view.

.....[3]

- 4 (iii) In other countries the cost of generating electricity from these sources the cost of generating electricity from the cost of generating electricity from the cost of generating electricity electri
- (c) The strongest winds in the world occur in cyclones. Look at the section through a tropical cyclone.

Section through a tropical cyclone



(i) In which one of the locations labelled **A**, **B** and **C** on the section will the winds be strongest?

Explain your choice of location.

| | 5 Where, when and why do cyclones form? where | |
|-------|---|-------|
| (ii) | Where, when and why do cyclones form? | |
| | where | bride |
| | when | .e. |
| | why | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | [4] | |
| (iii) | Describe how very strong winds in cyclones can cause loss of life and injuries to people. | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | [2] | |

(iv) Cyclones which affect the Caribbean are called hurricanes. Look at the summary of the 2005 hurricane season in the Caribbean.

| named storms | expected number per year | actual number in 2005 | difference between expected and actual number in 2005 | previous record number |
|---|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|------------------------------|
| total number at all strengths | 10 | 26 | | 21 (in 1933) |
| number at hurricane strength | 6 | 14 | | 12 (in 1969) |
| number at highest hurricane strength (category 5) | 1 | 3 | | 2 |

Complete the table by filling in the differences for the number in 2005 compared with the number expected. [1]

(v) Describe what the table shows about the 2005 hurricane season in the Caribbean.

(d) Information about the effects of four of the hurricanes in the 2005 season below.

2005 Hurricane season in the Caribbean

Hurricane Katrina (USA)

www.papaCambridge.com A direct hit on the city of New Orleans left 1321 people dead and thousands homeless; most were poorer people who did not have cars or the money to escape inland before Katrina arrived. Production from oil and gas fields in the Gulf of Mexico was disrupted. But the USA as a whole was little affected because the Gulf States contribute only 2 per cent to the total economy.

Hurricane Rita (USA)

Millions of Texans from large cities such as Houston got into their cars and tried to go north, further inland, to escape the threat of Hurricane Rita. They caused traffic jams more than 150km long.

Hurricane Stan (El Salvador and Guatemala)

Very heavy rains set off mudslides and avalanches, killing up to 1000 people as homes and villages were destroyed.

Hurricane Wilma (Mexico)

The country counted the cost in lost tourist dollars as thousands of visitors from overseas were driven home early when Wilma destroyed beaches and hotels.

Give examples of the human costs of the 2005 hurricane season using the headings (i) social and economic.

social economic[3]

Describe how the evidence from the 2005 hurricane season shows that, as usual (ii) with climatic hazards, the poor (both people and countries) were more badly affected than the wealthy.

.....

| | 4 | |
|-------|---|----|
| | 7 | |
| | No. | |
| (iii) | 7 How can the negative impact of climatic hazards be reduced? Describe structure that can be used before the hazard happens. | |
| | 1996 | C |
| | | -0 |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| (iv) | Is it ever going to be possible to stop people dying from the effects of climatic hazards? Give your views on this and explain them as fully as you can. | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | [4] | |

[Total: 40 marks]

| 2 | (a) (i) | 8 Water is essential for life on Earth. Why? | T |
|---|---------|---|---|
| | (ii) | [2] | |
| | | Name the water cycle processes at A, B and C. | |
| | | А | |
| | | C [3] | |
| | (iii) | Rock layers P and Q have different effects on water movement underground. How and why are they different? | |
| | | | |
| | | [2] | |
| | | | |



- (c) Look at the world map of water availability. It shows
 - areas already at risk from severe water shortages
- www.papaCambridge.com countries expected to be at risk from severe water shortages by 2025, likely to be bad enough to restrict water use.



Water shortages

(d) Most places at risk from severe water shortages have climates which are dry or part of the year. One possible source of water for farmers in these areas is underground stores.

Look at the section across part of the Sahara Desert.





www.papaCambridge.com (e) Many environmentalists believe that there should be improved efficiency in water irrigation, before farmers look for new supplies of water.

Look at the sketch showing channel (furrow) irrigation.



How is water lost and wasted when this method of irrigation is used? (i)

| | |
|------|---------|
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | [2] |
| | [4] |

(ii) An environmental problem which often results from using this method of in is salinisation.

Below is a partly completed flow diagram to show how and why the problem on salinisation occurs.



www.papaCambidge.com Draw a labelled diagram to show a different method of irrigation, which make efficient use of water than channel irrigation. Describe how it makes better us (iii) the water available.

| | [4] |
|------|---|
| (iv) | Is salinisation more or less likely to occur with this method than with channel irrigation? Explain your answer. |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | [2] |
| (v) | When supplies of irrigation water run out, what other farming methods can be used to make sure that crops can still be grown? |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | [3] |
| | [Total: 40 marks] |



BLANK PAGE

Copyright Acknowledgements:

Question 2d © adaptation from: R B Bunnett; *Physical Geography in Diagrams;* Longman; 1976.

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

University of Cambridge International Examinations is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of University of