Centre Number	Candidate Number N	Vame Solution
-		Name INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS ficate of Secondary Education 0680/02
ENVIRONM	ENTAL MANAGEMENT	0680/02
Paper 2		
		May/June 2004
Candidates ans Additional Mate	wer on the Question Paper. rials: Ruler (cm/mm)	1 hour 45 minutes
READ THESE INSTRU	CTIONS FIRST	
	or candidate number and n	
Write in dark blue or bla You may use a soft per Do not use staples, pap Answer <b>both</b> questions	ick pen in the spaces provide icil for any diagrams, graphs ier clips, highlighters, glue or	or rough working.
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(iii) Between which two dates was the rate of population growth fastest?

.....[1]

(iv) State the evidence from the graph that shows future world population growth is expected to slow down.

.....[1]



Ghana is a country of young people. Half its population is aged 15 and under. During the next 20 years many children will reach child bearing age. This means that Ghana's population explosion is unlikely to be stopped. Government policy is to reduce the birth rate, but it is going to be a major task to educate people and to provide contraception.

In rural areas, where 70% of Ghana's people still live and where most are farmers, children are seen as assets. They provide income and status for the family. Despite the government working with churches, schools, hospitals and village chiefs, in only 15% of families is birth control practised.

In urban areas, peoples' attitudes are different. One government worker said 'I am the youngest of 8 children. My seven brothers and sisters, who still live in rural areas, have a total of 26 children already, but my wife and I have just 2 children. We are planning not to have any more children. Prices are high in the city and life is hard'.

(i) Why was population growth high in the mid-1990s in Ghana? Use the values stated for birth and death rates.



Inlikely to fall by a great amount for many years. State two different reason is. [2] Why are government strategies for reducing population growth usually more uccessful in cities than in rural areas in developing countries? [2] Why are country in which there are government strategies for reducing iopulation growth. [2] Ware one country in which there are government strategies for reducing iopulation growth. Describe the strategies used in this country and explain how successful they have been. [3] Why are of country		4
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Why are government strategies for reducing population growth usually more successful in cities than in rural areas in developing countries? [2] Name one country in which there are government strategies for reducing population growth. Describe the strategies used in this country and explain how successful they have been. Name of country		2
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		5	
	(v)	5 Why have birth rates fallen more quickly in some developing countries	\$
			COR
		[2]	
(c)	Wor	orld population growth is putting great pressure on the Earth's natural resources.	
		e time taken to replace the amount of crops, animals and biomass used by people in <b>months</b> is <b>14.4 months</b> .	
	Ном	w does this show an <b>unsustainable</b> use of the Earth's natural resources?	

.....[2]



## How hi-tech fishing leads to greater decline in stocks

432	
7	For Examiner's
7 Look at the diagram below. It shows how modern technology helps to decrease stocks. How hi-tech fishing leads to greater decline in stocks Satellites provide boats with weather data.	Use bh
How hi-tech fishing leads to greater decline in stocks	age.c.
Satellites provide boats with weather data. Drift nets catch many unwanted fish – up to 40% thrown away Provide boats with weather data. Drift nets catch many unwanted fish – up to 40% thrown away Provide boats with weather data. Specialised radar spots fish feeding on surface Sonar locates shoals and identifies size and species	
(i) Explain how the use of modern technology can lead to over-fishing.	
[3]	
<ul><li>(ii) Name and describe one strategy for a sustainable way of harvesting fish from oceans.</li></ul>	
[2]	
(iii) What might prevent this strategy from being successful?	
[2]	



	4332
	9
(g) (i)	9 Name one area in which deforestation is occurring. Give reasons we deforestation is taking place. Name of area Reasons
	Name of area
	Reasons
	[4]
(ii)	Explain why humans depend on forests to recycle carbon dioxide.
	[3]
	[Total: 40]

2	(a)	Information about greenhouse gases is given in the table below.
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(a) Information a	<b>1(</b> bout greenhouse gases is giv		4 Number of years it stays in the atmosphere
1 Greenhouse gas	2 Sources	3 % contribution to the greenhouse effect	4 Number of years it stays in the atmosphere
Carbon dioxide		64	up to 200
Methane			12
CFCs			1000 or more
Nitrogen oxides	chemical fertilisers car exhausts		120

- Complete column 2 in the table by naming some of the sources of carbon dioxide, (i) methane and CFCs in the atmosphere. [4]
- (ii) Fill in column 3 in the table using percentages shown in the graph below.

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••••	•••								



[2]





www.papaCambridge.com 11 Explain how the information in the table shows that CFCs make a (iii) contribution to the greenhouse effect than methane. ..... ..... \_\_\_\_\_ .....[2] (iv) Describe two strategies for reducing emissions of greenhouse gases into the atmosphere. 1 ..... ..... 2 ..... ..... .....[4]







## (e) Read this newspaper report from August 2002 about the Asian brown cloud.

www.papaCambridge.com Yesterday a group of international scientists said that they had discovered the 'Asian brown cloud'. This is a three kilometre thick haze of pollutants, caused by human activities, across much of the continent of Asia. The area it covered in August 2002 is shown on the map below.



'We used to think that human impact on climate was just global warming', said a scientist, 'Now we know that it is not as simple as this. Greenhouse gases like carbon dioxide are distributed equally across the Earth, but the pollutants that make up the brown cloud are concentrated only in certain parts of the world'. The cloud is described as being like a 'heavy soup' - a mixture of pollutants from motor vehicles and industries, and small soot particles from forest burning and from burning wood for cooking in many rural houses.

Up to 15% of sunlight is blocked by this cloud. This reduces plant photosynthesis. It causes less evaporation from the sea, so that monsoon rains are reduced. Up to 3 billion people in Asia rely upon monsoon rains for farming, which means that the cloud can have big effects on the livelihoods and health of people.

Air pollutants can be carried many thousands of kilometres by winds. Most of the emissions are coming from India and China. The pollution is likely to worsen as population increases and countries such as these industrialise rapidly. Scientists have also discovered smaller pollution clouds over parts of Africa and South America, which may be helping to make the weather less predictable around the globe.

(i) Describe where the Asian brown cloud was located in August 2002.

.....[2]







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