## Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge
IGCSE

## Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CANDIDATE NAME



Candidates answer on the Question Paper.
Additional Materials: Electronic calculator Geometrical instruments Tracing paper (optional)

## READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.
Write in dark blue or black pen.
You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.
DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.
If working is needed for any question it must be shown below that question.
Electronic calculators should be used.
If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place.
For $\pi$, use either your calculator value or 3.142.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.
The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.
The total of the marks for this paper is 104.

1 (a) A group of 20 boys were asked which type of movie they liked best. Each boy's choice is shown below.

| Action | Science Fiction | Comedy | Drama | Comedy |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Horror | Action | Science Fiction | Science Fiction | Comedy |
| Comedy | Horror | Comedy | Horror | Comedy |
| Horror | Action | Action | Horror | Drama |

(i) Complete the frequency table for the results.

You may use the tally column to help you.

| Type of movie | Tally | Frequency |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Action |  |  |
| Horror |  |  |
| Science Fiction |  |  |
| Comedy |  |  |
| Drama |  |  |
| Total |  | 20 |
|  |  |  |

(ii) Draw a bar chart to show this information.

Complete the scale on the frequency axis.

(b) A group of 24 girls were also asked which type of movie they liked best.

The results are shown in the table below.

| Type of movie | Frequency |
| :--- | :---: |
| Action | 5 |
| Horror | 3 |
| Science Fiction | 2 |
| Comedy | 6 |
| Drama | 8 |

One of these girls is picked at random.
Find the probability that she liked comedy or drama best.

> Answer(b)
(c) Khalid says:

## Comedy movies are equally popular with boys and girls.

Is he correct?
Give a reason for your answer.
Answer(c) $\qquad$ because $\qquad$
(d) A group of 25 people were asked how many movies they had watched in the last two weeks. The results are shown in the table below.

| Number of movies | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Frequency | 4 | 6 | 5 | 3 | 5 | 0 | 2 |

(i) Find the median.

> Answer(d)(i)
(ii) Calculate the mean.

2 (a) Lei earns $\$ 6.75$ per hour.
One week she works for 37 hours.
How much does she earn this week?

## Answer(a) \$

(b) One month Lei earns $\$ 1080$.
$20 \%$ of her earnings are taken off for tax.

Show that the amount of money she has left is $\$ 864$.

Answer(b)
(c) Lei divides $\$ 864$ in the ratio bills: spending money: savings $=9: 4: 2$.
(i) Work out how much spending money she has.

Answer(c)(i) \$.
[2]
(ii) What fraction of the $\$ 864$ does she use for bills? Give your answer in its simplest form.
(d) Lei wants to buy a computer.
(i)

> Computer $\$ 425+$ sales tax

The sales tax is $15 \%$.
Work out the total cost of this computer.

> Answer(d)(i) \$.
(ii) Lei goes on holiday to London.

The exchange rate between dollars and pounds $(\mathfrak{f})$ is $\$ 1=\mathfrak{£} 0.52$.
The total cost of the same computer in London is $£ 235$.
Work out how much less, in pounds, the computer costs in London.

Answer(d)(ii) £.............................................. [2]
(e) Lei inherits $\$ 1400$.

She spends $\$ 175$ on a camera.
(i) Work out $\$ 175$ as a percentage of $\$ 1400$.

> Answer(e)(i).
(ii) Lei invests the remaining $\$ 1225$ for 3 years at a rate of $4.5 \%$ per year compound interest.

How much interest does she receive after 3 years?

> Answer(e)(ii) \$.

3 Sylvain leaves his house at 0930 to cycle to Southfield Lake.
He cycles for 4 km then waits for his friend Michel.
Both boys then cycle to the lake together.
The travel graph shows Sylvain's journey.

(a) Write down how long Sylvain waits for Michel.

Answer(a) $\qquad$ min
(b) Is Sylvain's speed faster before or after he meets Michel?

Explain how you know.

Answer(b) $\qquad$ because $\qquad$
$\qquad$
(c) Write down the time Sylvain and Michel arrive at the lake.

> Answer(c)
(d) Sylvain and Michel stay at the lake for 50 minutes.

They then cycle back to Sylvain's house at a speed of $10 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$.
(i) Find how long it takes them to cycle the 18 km back to Sylvain's house.

Give your answer in hours and minutes.
$\qquad$ h $\qquad$ $\min$ [2]
(ii) Complete the travel graph.
(e) Manon plans to go to Southfield Lake by bus from High Street. Here is the bus timetable.

| Railway Station | 0845 | 0915 | 0945 | 1015 | 1045 | 1115 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| High Street | 0857 | 0927 | 0957 | 1027 | 1057 | 1127 |
| Hospital | 0912 | 0942 | 1012 | 1042 | 1112 | 1142 |
| Southfield Lake | 0921 | 0951 | 1021 | 1051 | 1121 | 1151 |
| Country Park | 0950 | 1020 | 1050 | 1120 | 1150 | 1220 |

(i) Manon arrives at Southfield Lake just before 1130.

Write down the time of the bus she caught from High Street.

> Answer(e)(i)
(ii) How long does the journey from High Street to Southfield Lake take?

Answer(e)(ii) $\qquad$ $\min [1]$
(f) Southfield Lake is 13 km from Manon's house on a bearing of $110^{\circ}$. Mark the position of the lake on the scale drawing below.
Use a scale of 1 centimetre represents 4 kilometres.


4 (a)


NOT TO
SCALE

In the diagram, $A B C$ and $D E C$ are triangles.
$A B=B E$ and $B E D$ is parallel to $G F H$.
Angle $A E B=85^{\circ}$ and angle $C B E=30^{\circ}$.
(i) Find angle $E A B$.

$$
\text { Answer(a)(i) Angle } E A B=
$$

(ii) Find angle $A B E$.

$$
\begin{equation*}
\text { Answer(a)(ii) Angle } A B E= \tag{1}
\end{equation*}
$$

(iii) Find reflex angle $A B C$.

Answer(a)(iii) Angle $A B C=$
(iv) Find angle $B E C$.

$$
\begin{equation*}
\text { Answer(a)(iv) Angle } B E C= \tag{1}
\end{equation*}
$$

(v) Find angle $E F H$.

Answer(a)(v) Angle $E F H=$
(vi) Find angle $B C E$.
(vii) Complete the following statement.

Triangle $\qquad$ is similar to triangle
(b) For a regular 12-sided polygon, find the size of
(i) an exterior angle,

Answer(b)(i)
(ii) an interior angle.

5

(a) The line $L$ is drawn on the grid.
(i) Work out the gradient of $L$.

Answer(a)(i)
(ii) Write down the equation of $L$ in the form $y=m x+c$.
(b) (i) Complete the table of values for $y=6-2 x-x^{2}$.

| $x$ | -4 | -3 | -2 | -1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $y$ | -2 | 3 |  |  |  | 3 | -2 |  |

(ii) On the grid opposite, draw the graph of $y=6-2 x-x^{2}$ for $-4 \mathrm{Y} x \mathrm{Y} 3$.
(iii) Use your graph to solve the equation $6-2 x-x^{2}=0$.

$$
\begin{equation*}
\text { Answer(b)(iii) } x=\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \text { or } x= \tag{2}
\end{equation*}
$$

(c) Write down the co-ordinates of the points of intersection of $L$ with your graph.

Answer(c)
.) and (.
[2]

6 In this question all lengths are in centimetres.
$A B C$ is an isosceles triangle.
$A C=2 x-3$ and $B C=x+2$.


NOT TO
SCALE
(a) Write down an expression for $A B$.

$$
\begin{equation*}
\operatorname{Answer}(a) A B= \tag{1}
\end{equation*}
$$

(b) Write down and simplify an expression for the perimeter of the triangle.

> Answer(b)
$\qquad$
(c) A rectangle has length $3(x-4)$ and width $(14-x)$.
(i) Write down and simplify an expression for the perimeter of this rectangle.

Answer(c)(i)
(ii) The triangle and the rectangle have the same perimeter.

Write down an equation and use it to find $x$.

$$
\text { Answer(c)(ii) } x=
$$

(d) Find the length and width of the rectangle.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Answer(d) Length = } \\
& \text { cm } \\
& \text { Width }= \\
& \text { cm [2] }
\end{aligned}
$$

(e) Work out the area of the rectangle.

7 Tables and chairs can be arranged in two different patterns.
Pattern $A$





2 tables

3 tables
(a) Complete the following table.

| Number of tables | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 8 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of chairs <br> in Pattern A | 6 | 8 |  |  |  |
| Number of chairs in <br> Pattern B | 6 | 10 |  |  |  |

(b) How many chairs are needed with $n$ tables
(i) in Pattern $A$,

> Answer(b)(i)
(ii) in Pattern $B$ ?

> Answer(b)(ii)
(c) Sofia needs to arrange tables to seat 66 people.

Which pattern uses the least number of tables and by how many?
$\qquad$ by $\qquad$ tables

8 (a)


Sweets are packed in a box.
The cross section of the box is an equilateral triangle with side 4 cm .
The length of the box is 8 cm .
(i) Write down the mathematical name for the box.
Answer(a)(i)
(ii) Draw an accurate net for the box.

Side $A B$ has been drawn for you.

(iii) The surface area of the box is $10986 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$.

Change this surface area to square centimetres.
$\qquad$ $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$ [1]
(iv) The box contains 120 g of sweets, correct to the nearest 10 g .

Write down the lower bound of the mass of sweets in the box.
Answer(a)(iv)
(b)


NOT TO SCALE

Another box of sweets is in the shape of a cylinder.
The cylinder has diameter 3 cm and length 10 cm .
(i) Calculate the volume of the cylinder.
$\qquad$ $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$
(ii) A label of width 4 cm fits around the cylinder with no overlap.

Calculate the area of the label.

(a) On the grid,
(i) draw the line $x=1$,
(ii) reflect flag $A$ in the line $x=1$,
(iii) rotate flag $A$ through $90^{\circ}$ anticlockwise about the origin.
(b) Describe fully the single transformation that maps
(i) flag $A$ onto flag $B$,

Answer(b)(i) $\qquad$
$\qquad$
(ii) flag $A$ onto flag $C$.

Answer(b)(ii)
$\qquad$

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