## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2015 series

## 0580 MATHEMATICS

0580/13
Paper 1 (Paper 1 (Core)), maximum raw mark 56

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## Abbreviations

| cao | correct answer only |
| :--- | :--- |
| dep | dependent |
| FT | follow through after error |
| isw | ignore subsequent working |
| oe | or equivalent |
| SC | Special Case |
| nfww | not from wrong working <br> soen or implied |


| Question | Answer | Mark | Part marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 6054 | 1 |  |
| 2 | 6.7 | 1 |  |
| 3 | 3 | 1 |  |
| 4 | 170 cao | 1 |  |
| 5 | [0]. 101 or [0]. 1005 to [0]. 1006 | 1 |  |
| 6 | 6 | 1 |  |
| $7 \quad$ (a) (b) | $\begin{aligned} & 12,15 \\ & 11,13 \end{aligned}$ | $1$ |  |
| 8 (a) <br> (b) | 5 <br> Subtract 4 oe | $1$ |  |
| 9 | $5-u$ final answer | 2 | B1 for $5+k u$ or $j-u, \quad k \neq 0$ as final answer |
| $\begin{array}{rr} 10 & \text { (a) } \\ & \text { (b) } \end{array}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 2 \\ & -9 \end{aligned}\right.$ | $1$ |  |
| 11 | 23.6 or 23.57 to 23.58 | 2 | M1 for $\sin [=] \frac{2}{5}$ oe |
| 12 | $2^{3} \times 3^{2}$ or $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3$ | 2 | B1 for 2, 2, 2, 3, 3 |
| 13 | 31.6 [2....] | 2 | M1 for $\sqrt{18^{2}+26^{2}}$ |
| 14 | Correct triangle with correct arcs | 2 | B1 for correct triangle without arcs or 1 correct side with arcs |
| 15 | $\begin{aligned} & 562.5 \\ & \mathrm{~cm}^{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ | M1 for $5 \times 12.5 \times 9$ |
| 16 | Any two of $\frac{8}{12}, \frac{2}{12}$ or $\frac{3}{12}$ oe $\frac{8}{12}+\frac{2}{12}-\frac{3}{12}$ oe $\frac{7}{12}$ | M1 <br> A1 | M1 for any 2 correct over a common denominator, eg $\frac{4}{6}$ and $\frac{1}{6}$ <br> or SC2 for final answer $\frac{13}{12}$ or $1 \frac{1}{12}$ with full working |
| 17 (a) <br> (b) | $3 x+21$ final answer $2 x(1-2 x)$ final answer | $1$ | B1 for $2\left(x-2 x^{2}\right)$ or $x(2-4 x)$ as final answer |


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| Question | Answer | Mark | Part marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 18 (a) | 230 <br> C marked in correct position | $1$ | B1 for correct distance 8 cm or correct bearing $155^{\circ}$ |
| $\begin{array}{ll} 19 & \text { (a) } \\ & \text { (b) } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & {[0] .00017} \\ & 1.026 \times 10^{-3} \end{aligned}$ | $2$ | B1 for $10.26 \times 10^{-4}$ oe |
| $20 \text { (a) }$ | 96 <br> 4140 | $2$ | M1 for $360-(66+98+112)$ <br> M1 for $(25-2) \times 180$ or $25 \times\left(180-\frac{360}{25}\right)$ |
| 21 (a) <br> (b) | 12 nfww $3.75 \text { cao }$ |  | M1 for $\frac{x}{7.5}=\frac{10}{6.25}$ oe <br> M1 for $\frac{y}{6}=\frac{6.25}{10}$ oe |
| 22 | Correctly equating one set of coefficients <br> Correct method to eliminate one variable $\left[\begin{array}{l} {[x=] 4} \\ {[y=]-6} \end{array}\right.$ | M1 <br> M1 <br> A1 <br> A1 | eg $10 x+4 y=16$ and $10 x-15 y=130$ <br> or $15 x+6 y=24$ and $4 x-6 y=52$ <br> eg $19 y=k$ or $h x=114$ or $19 x=m$ or $n y=76$ <br> If zero scored $\mathbf{S C 1}$ for 2 values satisfying one of the original equations. <br> SC1 if no working shown, but 2 correct answers given |
| 23 (a) <br> (ii) <br> (iii) <br> (b) | 60 $\frac{90}{360}$ oe 46 2.4 nfww | 1 <br> 2 | M1 for $\frac{138}{360} \times 120$ <br> M1 for $(0 \times 3)+(1 \times 3)+(2 \times 8)+(3 \times 5)+(4 \times 4)+$ $(5 \times 2)$ implied by 60 <br> M1dep for their $60 \div 25$ |

