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UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2012 question paper for the guidance of teachers

0520 FRENCH (FOREIGN LANGUAGE)

0520/12

Paper 1 (Listening), maximum raw mark 48

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2012 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

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1 General Marking Notes

2 General Marking Principles

2.1 Please note that it is not possible to list all acceptable alternatives in the Detailed Mark Scheme provided in Section 3. You will need to consider all alternative answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts, make a decision on whether they communicate the required elements, in consultation with your Team Leader if necessary (or with your Product Manager if you are a single Examiner), and award marks accordingly.

The following marking principles underpin the detailed instructions provided in Section 3 of the Mark Scheme. Where a decision is taken to deviate from these principles for a particular question, this will be specified in the Mark Scheme.

Often the general principles will have to be weighed up against each other, eg the answer might pass the look-alike test (2.5(b)), but if the candidate has produced an answer that is another word in French they will not score (2.6).

2.2 Crossing out:

- (a) If a candidate changes his/her mind over an answer and crosses out an attempt, award a mark if the final attempt is correct.
- **(b)** If a candidate crosses out an answer <u>to a whole question</u> but makes no second attempt at it, mark the crossed out work.

2.3 More than the stipulated number of boxes ticked/crossed by the candidate:

- (a) If more than one attempt is visible, but the candidate has clearly indicated which attempt is his/her final answer (e.g. by crossing out other attempts or by annotating the script in some way), mark in the usual way.
- (b) If two attempts are visible (e.g. two boxes ticked instead of the 1 box stipulated), and neither has been crossed out/discounted by the candidate, no mark can be awarded.
- (c) In questions where candidates are required to tick a number of boxes (e.g. tick the 6 true statements) the general rule to be applied is as follows: the number of 'extra' answers indicated by the candidate is deducted from their number of correct answers and the remaining number is the mark awarded, e.g. the candidate is required to tick 6 true statements, but instead ticks 8 statements. 5 of the ticks are correctly placed, but 2 of the ticks are 'extras' (8 ticks placed by candidate minus 6 ticks required by rubric = 2). Therefore the candidate is awarded a mark of 3
 - 5 number of correct ticks
 - -2 minus number of extra ticks
 - = 3
- (d) Answers in pen do not take precedent over answers in pencil, e.g. if a candidate is asked to tick 1 box and ticks two, one in pen and the other in pencil, the mark cannot be awarded unless there is some explicit indication from the candidate as to which is his/her final answer.

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2.4 For questions requiring more than one element for the answer, (i) and (ii), answers are interchangeable:

Both correct answers on line 1 and line 2 blank = 2

Both correct answers on line 1 and line 2 wrong = 1
(or vice-versa)

- **2.5** Answers requiring the use of French (rather than a non-verbal response) should be marked for communication. Tolerate inaccuracies provided the message is clear.
 - (a) 'If in doubt, sound it out': if you read what the candidate has written, does it sound like the correct answer?
 - (b) Look-alike test: does what the candidate has written look like the correct answer?
 - (c) Accept incorrect gender or person unless Mark Scheme specifies otherwise.
 - (d) Accept incorrect possessive adjectives, e.g. mon, ton, son etc, unless Mark Scheme specifies otherwise.
 - (e) Accept incorrect tense unless Mark Scheme specifies otherwise.
 - (f) Tolerate incorrect auxiliary unless Mark Scheme specified otherwise.
 - (g) Tolerate incorrect use of infinitive unless Mark Scheme specifies otherwise.
- 2.6 Unless the Mark Scheme specifies otherwise, do not accept incorrect French if the word given means something else in French. (Incorrect French which constitutes a word in any language other than French is marked (i) on the basis of whether it is accepted or refused in the Mark Scheme and (ii) if not mentioned in the Mark Scheme, on the basis of 2.5 above).
- **2.7** Where words are combined or split inappropriately do not award the mark, e.g. 'sonpère' and 'lar ticle' (inappropriate splitting or combination is an indication that the candidate has not understood).
- 2.8 Annotation used in the Mark Scheme:
 - (a) INV = Invalidation and is used when additional material included by the candidate is judged to invalidate an otherwise correct answer thus preventing them from scoring the mark (INV = 0).
 - (b) tc = 'tout court' and means that on its own the material is not sufficient to score the mark.
 - (c) HA = harmless additional material which in conjunction with the correct answer does not prevent the candidate from scoring the mark.
 - (d) BOD = Benefit of the Doubt and is used to indicate material considered by the Examiner and judged to be more correct than incorrect: the benefit of the doubt is given to the candidate and the mark is awarded.
- 2.9 No response and '0' marks

There is a NR (NO Response) option in scoris.

Award NR (No Response):

- If there is nothing written at all in the answer space or
- If there is only a comment which does not in any way relate to the question being asked (e.g. 'can't do' or 'don't know') or
- If there is only a mark which isn't an attempt at the question (e.g. a dash, a question mark).

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Award 0:

If there is any attempt that earns no credit. This could, for example, include the can
copying all or some of the question, or any working that does not earn any marks, whe
crossed out or not.

2.10 Extra material:

It is the candidate's responsibility to answer questions in such a way as to demonstrate to the Examiner that s/he has understood the recorded material. Where candidates introduce extra, irrelevant material to an otherwise correct answer the danger is that the Examiner is being forced to 'choose' the correct answer and s/he cannot be certain that the candidate has shown understanding. Where the Examiner is put in this position the mark cannot be awarded. The Detailed Mark Scheme cannot cover all eventualities and where specific instructions are not provided, Examiners must check the transcript to ensure the correct elements which would qualify for the mark are not contradicted or distorted by any extra material. The following, general, rules should be applied:

(a)	Extra material, mentioned in the Mark Scheme, which reinforces the correct answer or in itself constitutes an alternative correct answer:	this is acceptable and is not penalised
(b)	Extra material which constitutes an alternative answer, but which is not explicitly mentioned in the Mark Scheme:	the Examiner needs to decide, by consulting the transcript and the Team Leader if necessary, whether the alternative answer constitutes: (i) an alternative correct answer, in which case this falls into category (a) and the answer should be rewarded (ii) or an answer which on its own would be refused, in which case this falls into category (c) and the answer should be refused
(c)	Extra material which constitutes an alternative answer specifically refused in the Mark Scheme:	this puts the Examiner in the position of having to 'choose' which is the candidate's 'final' answer – the Examiner cannot be sure what the candidate has understood – and the mark cannot be awarded
(d)	Extra material which distorts or contradicts the correct answer:	this affects communication – the Examiner cannot be sure what the candidate has understood – and the mark cannot be awarded
(e)	Extra material introduced by the candidate and which does not feature in the original transcript:	this affects communication – the Examiner cannot be sure what the candidate has understood – and the mark cannot be awarded. It can sometimes be difficult to draw the line between what is a deduction made by an able candidate on the basis of what they have heard and pure guesswork. Therefore where a particular answer is not covered in the Mark Scheme, Examiners should consult their Team Leader

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Detailed Mark Scheme

Section 1

Exercice 1 Questions 1-8

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Detailed Mark Scl	neme		er andridge.
xercice 1 Questi	ons 1-8	REFUSE	100.0
1 A	1	1,21,002	
2 C	1		
3 D	1		
4 C	1		
5 B	1		
6 D	1		
	4		
7 A	1		

Total: 8

Exercice 2 Questions 9-16

	ACCEPT		REFUSE
9	28	1	
	vin(g)t hui(t)		
10	A	1	
11	В	1	
12	С	1	
13	С	1	
14	В	1	
15	A	1	
16	С	1	

Total: 8

Page 6	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	
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Section 2		Camb	
Exercice 1 Question	n 17	To the state of th	E.
A mark out of 6 is e	ntered for the whole exercise in the mark in	put box.	COM
LISE MARKING TO	OL TO TICK '√' EACH COPPECT ANSWI	ED LINI ESS ALL 6 COPPECT	

Section 2

Benoît

Exercice 1 Question 17

USE MARKING TOOL TO TICK '√' EACH CORRECT ANSWER UNLESS ALL 6 CORRECT

If more than 6 boxes are ticked by the candidate, indicate 'working' in 'Comments' box: e.g. 7 boxes ticked of which 6 are correct use formula 6 - 1 = 5 (where 1 = the number of extra boxes ticked).

(a)	
(b)	✓
(c)	✓
Adrienne	
(d)	✓
(e)	
(f)	
Fabrice	
(g)	✓
(h)	
(i)	
Camille	
(j)	✓
(k)	
(1)	✓

Total: 6

			Control of the Contro
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Exercice 2 Questions 18-27

Part 1

Page 7	Mark Schem	е		Syllabus	161
_	IGCSE – May/June 20		012	0520	000
cercice 2 Ques	tions 18–27			Syllabus 0520 REFUSE	di
rt 1					
	ACCEPT			REFUSE	
8 écrivain(e)		1			
«écrivain écrivan(e) / é	f acceptable spellings of »: ecriv(i)an / ecriva(e) / ecrivat(e) / e) / ecriver / ecrivein			vien / ecrieva / ecrievar var / ecrival / ecrivax	
EITHER accept recog «écrire» OR	nisable form or tense of verb		littérature HA b	out tc	
must start ec	riv				
Ignore acce	nts and attempts at «littératur	e»			
9 libre(s) libr / libra / lib	perté(s) / libéré	1	livre librairie sortir		
Ignore acce	nts		Corum		
0 chats cha / chates	/ chatte / chas / sha(t)	1	chiens chai à la maison tc	but HA	
d'cha(t) (in s	oite of Marking Principle 2.7)				
1 animal + do	mestique	1	animal de mas	tique	
Examples of «domestic / domestic / domestic /					
	omest / domist		dimostic / dome demestic	etique	
2 (des) fruit(s) fruit mer	de mer	1	beware frites anything begi friut)	nning with fri (apar	t from
«fruits»:	f acceptable spellings of		produit de mer fruit demer		
friut(s) / frui(s	s) / fruie(s) / fruite(s)		mère / maire / i	mare / mear = INV	

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Part 2

art 2	73
ACCEPT	REFUSE notes to
23 note(s) (en) français	11010010
résultats (en) français	notes de/en France/François
améliorer ses notes en français	améliorer le français (incomplete)
	étudier le français (wrong concept)
Examples of acceptable spellings of	<u>notre</u> (en) français
<pre>«notes»: not / note / notte</pre>	
Ignore renderings of «mauvais» if essential	
elements are present	
24 moin (s) proche (s)	mois proche / moi proche / mon proche /
moin(s) prosh(e)	moines proches
	moins po(r)che / moins posh / moins prouche
	proche tc
25 1	scolaire tc
Either	le soir
• (la) journé(e) scolaire	journey scolaire
jour scolaire	Journey Coolemic
or	
• (les) horaire(s) scolaires	
heure(s) scolaire	
heure(s) école	
horaire école	
or	longues classes (wrong concept)
 (l')école (est) longue 	, , ,
	le jour est long (incomplete)
Examples of acceptable spellings of	
«scolaire»:	
schola(i)re / esc(h)olaire	
Ignore renderings of «différents»	
Unless «long(s)» is part of the required	
answer (eg école longue), ignore	
renderings of «long(s)»	
26 chaud 1	chaux / chaut / chos /
au chaud / à chaud / toujours chaud	chat / char
	froid
Examples of acceptable spellings of	à 18h = INV (wrong time)
«chaud»: chau / shau / chaude	
27 s'entendre avec la famil(l)e 1	attendre / éteindre = INV
1. Look for a reflexive pronoun	mentendre / sentendre (see Marking Principle
<u>s</u> 'entendre / <u>m</u> 'entendre / <u>t</u> 'entendre famille	2.7)
2. or the inclusion of «avec»	entendre avec parents (incomplete: needs
entendre <u>avec</u> famille	famille)
	familie / family = INV
Ignore inclusion of negative: ne pas	
s'entendre famille / ne entendre avec	
famille	
Ignore incorrect possessive adj with	
«famille»: s'entendre avec sa / ma / mon /	
ta / il / elle etc famil(l)e	
Examples of acceptable spellings of	
entendre»:	
entendre»: entender / entend / entende	
	m'entandra avos la familla
antendre / antend / antende	m' <u>o</u> ntandre avec la famille Total :

Total: 10

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Section 3

Exercice 1 Questions 28-33

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Section Exerci	n 3 ce 1 Questio	ons 28-33		Cambridge Co
		ACCEPT	REFUSE	.6
28	A	1		
29	В	1		•
30	D	1		
31	С	1		
32	D	1		
V				

Total: 6

Exercice 2 Questions 34-41

ACCEPT	REFUSE
34 9 mois neuf mois «mois» must be spelt correctly	moi / moin / moins / moine / moit
35 (l')esprit (d')équipe (entre les pompiers) 1 Examples of acceptable spellings of «esprit»: Must begin espri or espir esprite / espri(e) / espiri(e) / espirit(e) NB essential concept is team spirit	travailler en observer les pompiers tc but HA solidarité de l'équipe équipe tc ambiance de l'équipe (incomplete) lesprit d'équipe (incorrect split) espir d'équipe espere d'équipe esprit d' <u>ecip</u>
36 (i) (assez) petit(e) assi(e) petite à/a être petite (BOD: être = est) Examples of acceptable spellings of «petite»: peti / petie	trop / très petite (wrong concept) beware «assis» distorts pour être petite (wrong concept) devenir petite (wrong concept)
(ii) matériel lourd 1 matériel lourd à porter Examples of acceptable spellings of «matériel»: material Examples of acceptable spellings of «lourd»:	matériel lourd <u>ap(p)orter</u> = INV matiere / métier = INV équipement lourd à porter elle est lourde à porter
Must begin lour lour(e) / lours	l'ours / loubre / louvre

Answers to 36(i) and (ii) are interchangeable. *Correct answers to (i) and (ii) on one line and the other line left blank: award 1 for each. * Correct answers to (i) and (ii) on one line, incorrect answer on the other line: award 1 mark

		www.
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		, S.
ACCEPT		REFUSE N
37 pleine (de) fumée	1	
Examples of acceptable spellings of «plein»:		REFUSE plan / plant / plaine / plent / plend / plem
plien / plien(n)e / plain / plen(e) / pleint		plan / plant / plaine / plent / plend / plem
Examples of acceptable spellings of «fumée»:		
fumer / fume(s) / fumme		fumier
38 (ii) (avoir un) minimum (de) force	1	avant un minimum de force = INV
être un minimum de force <u>un</u> peu de force		peu de force (wrong concept)
Examples of acceptable spellings of «minimum»: minimem / mimimum		miniment / minimême / miniman de force
Ignore attempts at rendering «en plus»: (en) plus (un) minimum (de) force		BUT note «plus d'un minimum de force» = wrong concept
39 (a) peur(e)	1	pleur / pur / per / pour
elle est peur / il est peur		mention of internet = INV
(b) savait (exactement) quoi faire savait faire savait qui / que faire elle savait quoi faire / je savais quoi faire	1 e	s'avait (wrong split)
Examples of acceptable spellings of «savait»:		
savé / savvé / save / sais / sait		
Examples of acceptable spellings of «quoi»: qoiu / qoi		

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ACCEPT	chaque pompier est responsable tc chaque pompier est responsable del autre (wrong split) responsabilité des autres (wrong concept)
40 chaque pompie(r) est responsable des	chaque pompier est responsable tc
autres 1	chaque pompier est responsable del autre
	(wrong split)
Concept is:	responsabilité des autres (wrong concept)
Each / all responsible for others / team	
chacun est responsable des autres	responsable des autres tc
chaque est responsable des autres on est responsable des autres	illalla est responsable des autres (unclear)
le(s) pompier(s) est/sont responsable(s) des	il/elle est responsable des autres (unclear)
autres	
auties	
Alternatives for «des autres»:	
d'autre(s) / de autre(s) / aux autre(s) / à (les)	on est responsable <u>des o(u)tres</u> = INV
autre(s) / pour (les) autre(s)	on est responsable dautres / doutres
Examples of acceptable spellings of	
«responsable»:	
responsabel / responsible / responsabilité /	responible / responisble
responcible	
11 devenir professionnelle 1	deviner professionnelle (wrong concept)
divinir / divenir / devinir professionnelle	venir professionnelle (wrong concept)
4 , 4. , 3 p	(
NB needs appropriate verb indicating future	
intention	elle <u>est</u> professionnelle (<i>no future intention</i>)
être professionnelle	elle est devenue professionnelle (wrong
voudrait / va être professionnelle	concept)
elle sera / serait professionnelle	pompier professionnelle / être pompier tc
However: elle a être professionnelle (BOD)	
	passer un examen / concours (read transcript
Examples of acceptable spellings of	and answer carefully)
«professionnelle»:	professeur = INV (read transcript and answer
Must start prof	carefully)
Needs 1 each of «f, s, n, l» but ignore extras proffissionelle / profesional / profesinnele etc	volontaire = INV (read transcript and answer carefully)