

Cambridge International Examinations Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

COMPUTER SCIENCE

Paper 1 Theory SPECIMEN MARK SCHEME 0478/01 For Examination from 2016

1 hour 45 minutes

MAXIMUM MARK: 75

The syllabus is accredited for use in England, Wales and Northern Ireland as a Cambridge International Level 1/Level 2 Certificate.

This document consists of 8 printed pages.



1 (a) 1 mark for the correct working in BOTH parts
 1 mark for valid
 1 mark for not valid

Identification number 1: working = $(4 \times 6) + (2 \times 5) + (1 \times 4) + (9 \times 3) + (2 \times 2) + (3 \times 1)$ = 24 + 10 + 4 + 27 + 4 + 3= $72 \div 11$ = 6 remainder 6 valid/not valid: NOT valid Identification number 2: working = $(8 \times 6) + (2 \times 5) + (0 \times 4) + (1 \times 3) + (5 \times 2) + (6 \times 1)$ = 48 + 10 + 0 + 3 + 10 + 6= $77 \div 11$ = 7 remainder 0

valid/not valid: VALID

(b) 1 mark for correct working + 1 mark for check digit

working = (5 × 6) + (0 × 5) + (2 × 4) + (4 × 3) + (1 × 2) = 30 + 0 + 8 + 12 + 2 = 52 need to add 3 to make the total 55 (i.e. exactly divisible by 11) check digit: 3 [2] (c) 1 mark for each description and example 2 digits transposed (e.g. 280419 becomes 280149/two digits have been switched) incorrect digit (e.g. 280419 becomes 250419/one of the digits has been mistyped) [2] - direct access because of concentric tracks

[3]

can read and write at the same time because it has a read/write head
 [2]

2

3 (a) 1 mark for each logic gate correctly connected



(b)

	Y	S	Т	Α
	0	0	0	0
1 mark	0	1	0	0
1 mark	1	0	1	0
	0	1	1	Ò
	1	0	0	1
1 mark	1	1	0	1
1 mark	1	0	1	1
	0	1	1	1
[4]				

4 (a) 1 mark for hours; 1 mark for minutes

1 6 : 4 9 1 mark 1 mark

(b) 1 mark for each digit

0	0	0	1	1 st digit
0	1	1	1	2 nd digit
0	0	1	0	3 rd digit
1	0	0	1	4 th digit

[2]

[4]

[5]

	()	 microprocessor compares present time with stored time if the values are the same sends signal to sound alarm 	[2]
5	(a)	Yes	[1]
	(b)	No	[1]
	(c)	 re-reading the byte that was sent request that the byte is resent 	[2]
6	(a)	Only answers: – temperature (sensor) – oxygen (sensor)	[2]
	(b)	 Any four from: information from the sensors sent to microprocessor the ADC converts the analogue data into digital form if temperature < 25°C OR temperature checked against stored value microprocessor sends signal to heater/actuator/valve to switch on heater if oxygen level < 20 ppm OR oxygen level checked against stored value to open valve/oxygen supply use of DAC between microprocessor and devices sounds an alarm if system unable to respond continuously monitors sensor inputs any reference to feedback 	[4]
	(c)	Any one from: – unsafe limit stored in memory – warning sound/signal if too high a value reached – fail safe switch off in case of a malfunction	[1]

(c) Any two from:

5

7 (a)



- to enable logon information to be kept on his computer
- to provide pages customised for Ahmed the next time he logs on
- to implement shopping carts and one-click purchasing
- to be able to distinguish between new and repeat visitors to the website

[2]

8	(a)	(i)	 Any one from: unit of data/memory 8 bits used to represent a character 	[1]
		(ii)	30	[1]
	(b)	Any	two from:	
		_ _ _	<u>sh memory</u> solid state memory no formatting issues plugs directly into the USB port direct transfer of data	
		<u>CD</u> - 	<u>-RW</u> optical media slower access speed/flash memory has faster access speed requires a separate drive data needs to be burnt/finalised/finished (before being used on another device)	[2]
9	(a)	Any – –	r one from: buffer RAM	[1]
	(b)	_	interrupt	[1]
10 (a)	(a)	1 m	ark for each correct word	
		(i)	Hello World	[2]
		(ii)	Vmilozgu Rvwgyvg	[2]
	(b)	(i)	Secure Socket Layer	[1]
		(ii)	the key itself is encrypted using strong encryption	[1]

8

11



7

- (d) compiler produces object code / interpreter doesn't produce object code
 - compiler translates whole program in one go / interpreter translates and executes line at a time
 - compiler produces list of all errors / interpreter produces error message each time an error encountered
 - compiler produces "stand alone code" / interpreter doesn't produce "stand alone code"
 - compilation process is slow but resultant code runs very quickly / interpreted code runs slowly
 [2]

