## MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2015 series

## 0478 COMPUTER SCIENCE

0478/23
Paper 2 (Written), maximum raw mark 50

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

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| Page 2 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Cambridge IGCSE - May/June 2015 | 0478 | 23 |

## Section A

1 (a) (i) Many correct answers, they must be meaningful. These are examples only.

```
- MiddayTemperature[1:30]
or MiddayTemperature[0:29]
or MiddayTemperature[30]
or MiddayTemperature[29]
or MiddayTemperature[]
- MidnightTemperature[1:30]
or MidnightTemperature[0:29]
or MidnightTemperature[30]
or MidnightTemperature[29]
or MidnightTemperature[] (1 mark)
```

(ii) Answers, must match above and the upper bound should have been changed from 30 to 7 or 29 to 6 or no change if not used. These are examples only.

- MiddayTemperature[1:7] MidnightTemperature[1:7]
or MiddayTemperature[7] MidnightTemperature[7]
(iii) Any two variables with matching reasons, 1 mark for the variable and 1 mark for the matching reason. The variables and the matching reasons must relate to the tasks in the pre-release. There are many possible correct answers these are examples only.
Variable - Counter: (Integer)
Reason - to use as a loop counter when entering the temperature
Variable - HighNoon: (Real)
Reason - to store the highest midday temperature

| Page 3 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Cambridge IGCSE - May/June 2015 | 0478 | 23 |

(b) If loop used

- initialisation before loop
- loop
- running total inside loop
- calculation of average outside loop
- output of average with message outside loop
(Max 4 marks)
- completion of at least 3 of initialisation, running total, calculation of average and output of average with message for both midday and midnight
(1 mark)
sample algorithm:

```
MiddayTotal \leftarrow 0; MidnightTotal }\leftarrow
FOR Count \leftarrow 1 TO 7
    MiddayTotal \leftarrow MiddayTotal + MiddayTemperature[Count]
    MidnightTotal \leftarrow MidnightTotal + MidnightTemperature[Count]
NEXT Count
MiddayAverage \leftarrow MiddayTotal/7
MidnightAverage \leftarrow MiddayTotal/7
PRINT 'The average midday temperature is ', MiddayAverage
PRINT 'The average midnight temperature is ', MidnightAverage
```


## If loop not used

- total of 7 midday temperatures
- calculation of midday average (Note could be combined as one calculation, see example below)
- total of 7 midnight temperatures
- calculation of midnight average (Note could be combined as one calculation, see example below)
- output of both averages with suitable messages
sample algorithm:
MiddayAverage $\leftarrow$ (MiddayTemperature[1] + MiddayTemperature[2] + MiddayTemperature[3]+ MiddayTemperature[4]+
MiddayTemperature[5]+ MiddayTemperature[6] + MiddayTemperature[7])/7
MidnightAverage $\leftarrow$ (MidnightTemperature[1]+
MidnightTemperature[2]+ MidnightTemperature[3]+ Midnight[4]+ Midnight[5]+ Midnight[6]+ MidnightTemperature[7])/7

```
PRINT 'The average midday temperature is ', MiddayAverage
```

PRINT 'The average midnight temperature is ', MidnightAverage

| Page 4 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Cambridge IGCSE - May/June 2015 | 0478 | 23 |

(c) 1 mark for the data set and 1 mark for the matching reason.

There are many possible correct answers, these are examples only.
Data set - $30,29,28,31.5,32.3,33,29.7$
Reason - normal data that should be accepted
Data set - twenty, 23.99, seventeen, 501, -273, @\#@, seventy seven
Reason - abnormal data that should be rejected
(d) Maximum 6 marks in total for question part

Explanation (max 6)

- set variable called HighestMidday to a large minus number
- loop (30 or 7) times to check each midday temperature in turn
- check midday temperature against HighestMidday / midday temperature > HighestMidday
- ...replace value in HighestMidday by midday temperature
- ...store array index in MiddayMonthDay/MiddayWeekday
- output HighestMidday outside the loop
- output MiddayMonthDay/MiddayWeekday outside the loop

```
Sample algorithm (max 4):
HighestMidday \leftarrow-999
FOR Count \leftarrow 1 TO 7
    IF MiddayTemperature [Count] > HighestMidday
    THEN HighestMidday \leftarrow MiddayTemperature[Count]
        MiddayMonthDay/MiddayWeekday \leftarrow Count
ENDIF
NEXT Count
PRINT 'The highest midday temperature was ',HighestMidday, ' on
day ', Count
```

If pseudocode or programming only and no explanation, then maximum 4 marks

| Page 5 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Cambridge IGCSE - May/June 2015 | 0478 | 23 |

## Section B

21 mark for each error identified + suggested correction
Line 1 or Small = 0: this should read Small = 999
line 5 or IF...: $\quad$ this should read IF Num < Small THEN Small $=$ Num
line 8 or UNTIL: this should read UNTIL Counter $=10$ or
UNTIL Counter > $=10$ or
UNTIL Counter > 9
line 7 or PRINT...: PRINT Small should come after the end of the repeat loop or
line 8 or UNTIL: $\quad$ this should come before line 7

3

| Total | Reject | Weight | Output |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 0 |  |  |
| 1.8 |  | 1.8 |  |
|  |  | 26.0 |  |
| 8.8 |  | 7.0 |  |
| 20.1 | 2 | 11.3 |  |
| 30.1 |  | 10.0 |  |
| 32.6 |  | 25.2 |  |
| 37.6 | 3 | 19.8 |  |
| 57.4 |  | 29.3 | 57.4, 3 |
|  |  | 1 mark) | (1 mark) <br> (allow follow through) <br> (from Total and Reject) |


| Page 6 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Cambridge IGCSE - May/June 2015 | 0478 | 23 |

41 mark for each correct link, up to maximum of 4 marks


5 Any two points from

- a variable is used to store data that can change during the running of a program
- a constant is used to store data that will not be changed during the running of a program

6 - FOR (... TO ... NEXT)

- REPEAT (... UNTIL)
- WHILE (... DO ... ENDWHILE)

7 (a) - 7
(b) - Brochure No

- Uniquely identifies each property
(c) Garage

Number of Bedrooms
Price in \$

- Boolean
- Number/Integer/Single
- Number/Single/Real/Currency
(d) $399000 \quad \mathrm{H} 13$

450000 H 10

| Page 7 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Cambridge IGCSE - May/June 2015 | 0478 | 23 |

(e)

| Field: | Property Type | Garage | Price in $\$$ | Brochure No |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Table: | PROPERTY | PROPERTY | PROPERTY | PROPERTY |
| Sort: |  |  |  |  |
| Show: | $\square$ | $\square$ | $\nabla$ | $\nabla$ |
| Criteria: |  | True | $<200000$ |  |
| or: |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |

or

| Field: | Property Type | Garage | Price in \$ | Brochure No |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Table: | PROPERTY | PROPERTY | PROPERTY | PROPERTY |
| Sort: |  |  |  |  |
| Show: | $\square$ | $\square$ | $\boxed{y y y y}$ |  |
| Criteria: |  | Yes | $<200000$ |  |
| or: |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |

or

| Field: | Property Type | Garage | Price in \$ | Brochure No |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Table: | PROPERTY | PROPERTY | PROPERTY | PROPERTY |
| Sort: |  |  |  |  |
| Show: | $\square$ | $\square$ | $\nabla$ | $\square$ |
| Criteria: |  | $=$ Yes | $<200000$ |  |
| or: |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |


| Field: | Property Type | Garage | Price in \$ | Brochure No |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Table: | PROPERTY | PROPERTY | PROPERTY | PROPERTY |
| Sort: |  |  |  |  |
| Show: | V | $\square$ | V | V |
| Criteria: |  | $=-1$ | <200000 |  |
| or: |  |  |  |  |
|  | (1 mark) | (1 mark) | (1 mark) | (1 mark) |

