

**Cambridge International Examinations** Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

## **DESIGN AND TECHNOLOGY**

Paper 3 Resistant Materials SPECIMEN MARK SCHEME 0445/03 For Examination from 2015 1 hour

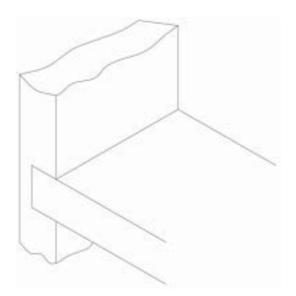
## **MAXIMUM MARK: 50**

This document consists of 6 printed pages.



## Section A

1	(a) Construction: laminating.			
	(b) Advantage: replaces need for traditional stool construction.		[1]	
2	Clear/accurate sketch of through housing.	(0–3)	[3]	



3	Two advantages include: stronger, stiffer, lighter [therefore faster performance], non-corrosive. (2 × 1)			
4	(a)	Dip-coated products: handles of tools, clothes/towel airers, vegetable racks, fridge racks, metal baskets.		[1]
	(b)	Reason: protect from corrosion, provide electrical insulation.		[1]
5	(a)	Marking a line parallel to an edge: odd-leg callipers.		[1]
	(b)	Marking an arc: dividers.		[1]
	(c)	Preventing dividers from slipping: dot or centre punch.		[1]

6	(a)	Curtain rail process: extrusion.	[1]
	(b)	Tray process: vacuum forming.	[1]
	(c)	Bottle: process blow moulding.	[1]
7	(a)	File required: hand file.	[1]

- (b) File required: half-round file.
- 8

Damage	Prevention
Bruising will occur due to the pressure of the G cramp shoes.	Place scrapwood between the shoes and the workpiece.
Surface of plastic will get scratched by the vice jaws. Or Plastic too high in the vice and could snap when sawn.	Soft metal or plastic covers to fit over the vice jaws. Or Lower workpiece in the vice.

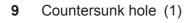
(4 × 1)

[4]

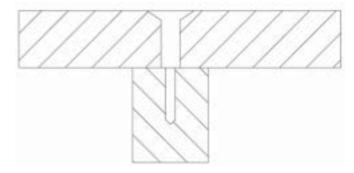
[2]

[2]

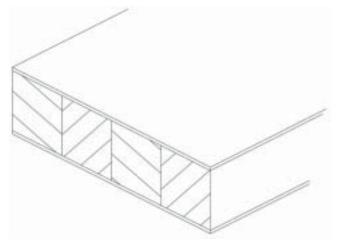
[1]



Clearance hole (1)



**10** Blockboard shown with top and bottom laminates (1) and core strips (1)



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## Section B

11	(a)	(i)	suitable thickness for top: minimum 18mm–25mm.		[1]
		(ii)	suitable thickness for ends: minimum 15mm–19mm.		[1]
	(b)	(i)	suitable manufactured board: plywood, MDF.		[1]
		(ii)	Some manufactured boards can be made from recycled material therefore reducing need to cut down trees.	(1) (1)	[2]
		(iii)	two reasons include:		
			ability to cut complex shapes, quick not restricted by frame, versatile	(1) (1)	[2]
		(iv)	two safety factors include:		
			ensure work is held securely no obstructions underneath work, dangling lead	(1) (1)	[2]
	(c)	(i)	suitable finishes include:		
			polyurethane varnish, wood preservative, gloss paint.		[1]
		(ii)	reasons include:		
			attractive appearance, protects and preserves.		[1]
	(d)	(i)	For 2 marks reference must be made to:		
			the boards are reversed minimises the possibility of movement.	(1) (1)	[2]
		(ii)	minimum of three sash cramps used one on top and two underneath or vice versa spaced appropriately	(1) (1) (1)	[3]
		(iii)	suitable adhesive includes:		
			wide range of proprietary brands available including EvoStik Resin W, Aerolite, Cascamite, and generic names including PVA, synthetic resin.		[1]
	(e)	(i)	use of appropriate K-D fitting: plastic block or scan fitting correct fitting to both the rail and table end.	(1) (1)	
			quality of communication to include: accuracy of technical detail/ clarity of sketch.	(0–2)	[4]

			5		
		i i	use of wooden block fixed to table end. use of some form of pin to locate through side of tube and nto wooden block. accuracy of technical detail/ clarity of sketch.	(1) (1) (0–2)	[4]
12	(a)	mark	ing out plastic:		
		4 ber	ngular outline shape nd lines or rule	(1) (4 × 1) (1)	[6]
	(b)	spee	dvantages include: d, accuracy, ease of amending/editing, email to client, creen modelling, transfer data to CAM	(2 × 1)	[2]
	(c)	then	rt' because it can be heated and shaped when reheated it returns to original shape pt reference to plastic memory.	(1) (1)	[2]
	(d)	Stag 1	e Tools/equipment: felt marker, chinagraph pencil	(1)	
		2 2	Process: drill at least one hole Tools/equipment: drilling machine, drill bit	(1) (1)	
		3 3	Process: cut out slot Tools/equipment: coping saw, vibro saw abra-file	(1) (1)	
		4	Tools/equipment: file	(1)	[6]
	(e)	produ	ucing the four bends:		
		appro	of formers or jigs opriate use of strip heater/line bender od of holding plastic while it cools	(0–2) (0–2) (0–2)	[6]
	(f)	modified design to prevent pencils falling through: three alternative designs include:			
			orting shelf or base with folded flaps to allow ce area for cementing.	(0–3)	
		or			
		exter	ded upright to bend underneath.	(0–3)	
		or			
©UC	CLES 2	-	al design fixed to a base. 0445/03/SM/15	(0–3)	[3] [Turn over]

				6			
13	(a)	two properties of mild steel include: high tensile strength, fairly durable, tough, ductile.		(2 × 1)	[2]		
	(b)		tools/equipment used in the four stages of making the towbar:				
		<b>Sta</b> 1 2 3 4		<b>Tools/equipment</b> scriber, try square vice hacksaw file	(1) (1) (1) (1)	[4]	
	(c)	pur	pose	of the following when brazing:			
		(i)		ery cloth: to clean the surfaces of the metal ures a good joint	(1) (1)	[2]	
		(ii)		keeps the joint clean when heat is applied ws the brazing rod to run into the joint	(1) (1)	[2]	
		(iii)		ring rod: brass spelter with a lower melting point mild steel that is used to make the joint.		[2]	
	(d)	acc	ept a	ny sensible safety precaution including:			
				use of the brazing torch, setting of correct pressures tylene equipment], correct setting up of work on nearth.		[1]	
	(e)	to ir	o reaso mprov protec		[2]		
	(f)	(f) stren		ening the joint:			
			e of ap el tub	ppropriate size/shape additional piece to join the 2 lengths of e.	(0–2)		
		deta	ails of	f materials used and method of joining.	(0–2)	[4]	
	(g)	fixir	າg the	e end of the towbar to the underside of the trailer:			
		braz	zed o	m of modification/addition to the tube, e.g. a plate that is nto the tube. must be practical and give adequate support.			
				nication must be good for maximum marks.	(04)		
		Met	thod o	of fixing to trailer: use of nuts and bolts/screws.	(0–2)	[6]	

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