CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the March 2015 series

0417 INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY

0417/12 Paper 1 (Written Paper), maximum raw mark 100

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the March 2015 series for most Cambridge IGCSE[®] components.



	age z	Cambridge IGCSE – Ma	rch 2015		0417	12
1	,	Three from: Temperature sensor				
		Light sensor Humidity sensor Number pad				[3
	(b)	Three from:				
		Sprinkler Heater				
		Light Motor				[3
2	01					F.4
		ng photos in a camera	✓	√		[1]
		ng file server backups		,	√	[1]
		ng high definition movies		√	, v	[1]
	Stori	ng large numbers of payroll records		•		[1]
3						
	Inpu	tting diagrams as they are being drawn	Graphics	Graphics tablet		
		tting printed text to a computer to be essed by another software package	Optical Character Reader			[1]
		tting moving pictures, often pre-recorded, a computer.	Video camera			[1]
	Used	d by a pilot to control a flight simulator	Joystick			[1]
4						
	This WiFi	type of network usually requires the use of			✓	[1]
	Usua	ally is cabled and often housed in a single ling		✓		[1]
		ers a large area and is often connected g a router	✓			[1]
	Req (WA	uires the use of Wireless Access Points Ps)			~	[1]

Mark Scheme

Syllabus

Paper

Page 2

Pa	age 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper	
		Cambridge IGCSE – March 2015	0417	12	
5	(a)	The device used for switching channels on a television is calleda re	mote cont	rol [1]	
	(b)	A method of inputting answers from a candidate's exam paper is called	OMR	[1]	
	(c)	A printer which is suitable for producing large volumes of high quality printout is called	a laser p	rinter [1]	
6	Six from				
	End Micro If th Micro If te to Micro If cu	roprocessor stores cooking time/start time as preset value times as preset values roprocessor subtracts cooking time from end time roprocessor compares the result with current time e current time and the start/calculated time are the same microprocessor roprocessor compares temperature from sensor to pre-set temperature imperature is lower than preset value microprocessor sends a signal to a turn heater on in turn heater off roprocessor compares current time with end time/start time preset value interest time is less than end time preset value then cycle continues else iicroprocessor sounds buzzer/beeper	actuators	on heater	
7	(a)	END REPEAT is missing after RIGHT 60/ instruction 5/ before instruction	on 6	[1]	
		BACKWARD 100 is missing after PENUP/ instruction 6/ before instruction	on 7	[1]	
		REPEAT 3 is missing after second PENDOWN/ instruction 7/ before ins	struction 8	[1]	
	(b)	REPEAT 5 should be REPEAT 6		[1]	
		The first FORWARD 50 should be FORWARD 40		[1]	
8	(a)	Five from:			
		Account number Sort code Expiry date Amount to withdraw PIN Card limit Choice of language Receipt required (Y/N)		[5]	

Page 4	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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(b) Six from:

No embarrassment of not having sufficient funds
Less time spent queuing
Can get money any time of day or night
Own bank may be further to travel to than nearest ATM
Can use most ATMs/does not have to be own bank
Have choice of languages so is easier to understand/be understood

When getting cash late at night may be susceptible to mugging Machine may be out of order/run out of cash Can only be given denominations in the machine Limit to the amount that can be withdrawn

Must have at least one advantage and one disadvantage to gain full marks

One mark can be awarded for a reasoned conclusion

[6]

9 Eight from:

Parallel running – There is always the old system to fall back on in the event of the new system failing/information is not lost/always a second copy/Direct changeover – If things go wrong lose <u>all</u> data/ old system is not available

Direct changeover – benefits are immediately available

Parallel running is more expensive to implement as two sets of workers have to be employed

Direct changeover - less likelihood of errors as system will have been fully tested

Direct changeover is quicker to implement than parallel running

Direct changeover – training is more difficult to organise

Parallel running – training can be gradual

Direct changeover would be more suitable as company probably would not be able to afford to use parallel running

Direct changeover would be more suitable as the company needs it to be implemented quickly

Must have at least one mark for reason for choice in order to gain full marks

[8]

10 Seven from:

Mainframes/PCs/laptops needed for applications which require high speed processing Mainframes/ PCs/laptops needed for applications which require greater internal memory capacity Mainframes/ PCs/laptops needed for applications which require greater backing storage capacity Mainframes/ PCs/laptops/tablet computers needed for applications which require bigger displays Mainframes/ PCs/laptops needed for applications which require more manageable keyboards Mainframes/ PCs/laptops needed for applications which require easy navigation from screen to

Mainframes/ PCs/laptops have access to wider range of application software Still need mainframes to carry out complex mathematical functions Mainframes/ PCs/laptops are easier to monitor use

[7]

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11 (a) Four from:

If computer is switched off, work in RAM is lost but backing storage stores data for future use More likely that data is accidentally deleted in RAM

RAM is more expensive than backing storage per unit of memory

RAM is bulkier than backing storage per unit of memory

Software package may be so large that it is physically impossible for RAM to store it.

Operating system may be so large that it is physically impossible for ROM to store it.

Data may need to be transferred from one computer to another and can't do that with RAM

[4]

(b) Four from:

Memory is needed which cannot be changed - ROM

Memory is needed which can be changed – RAM

Instructions that need to be unchanged have to be stored such as BIOS/ program cycles in a washing machine/program instructions in games

There needs to be memory that holds the work that is being currently done by the user
There needs to be memory that holds the software that is being currently used by the user
Non-volatile memory is needed – ROM

[4]

12 (a) Two from:

Can be sure every parent/student gets a copy Easier to target who the head wants to get it Not every home has a computer/internet access

[2]

(b) Three from:

Cost of delivery/paying someone to deliver Costs school extra to print copies/ink costs Extra cost if colour is included Cannot use multimedia More difficult to amend/update Limited to parents of school children

[3]

13 (a) Four from:

Countif functions have a range and a criteria argument In this example the range is A2:A10
The criterion is <31
It searches through the range A2:A10
Counts the number of cells/values...
...that contain numeric values...

...triat contain numeric values...

...that have a value less than 31

Returns/displays that count.

[4]

Pa	age 6	3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
			Cambridge IGCSE – March 2015	0417	12
	(b)	(i) (ii)	4 Two from:		[1]
		,	9-4 is 5 But this 5 now includes the blank cells/includes those who haven't the blank cells are not greater than 33 but are still included	worked at a	II [2]
14	(a)	Fiv	e from:		
		A s An A u scr The	ta is gathered/collected from experts owledge base is designed/created tructure to relate each item in the database/knowledge base is creat interrogation technique to access the data is created ser interface/method of displaying the results/method of inputting dateen/output screen is designed/created inference engine is designed/created erules base is designed/created erules base is designed/created erules base is designed/created		[5]
	(b)	Tw	o from:		
		Tax Car Che	especting reers ess games mal/plant classification/identification		[2]
15	(a)	Nui Dat	kt/alphanumeric mber/currency te/number mber/integer		[1] [1] [1]
	(b)		ce (Rs) must be >=120 and <=255 nark for >=120 and 1 for ' <u>and</u> <=255'		[2]
	(c)	(i)	Year_released < 2007 OR Price (Rs) >= 145		
			1 mark for Year_released 1 mark for <2007 1 mark for Price (Rs) 1 mark for >= 145 1 mark for OR		[5]

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- (ii) 1,2,4,5 if answer to (i) is correct apply follow through if answer to part (i) is incorrect
 - -1 for each incorrect or missing/additional id number down to a minimum of 0

16 Two from:

Lawful protection....

......Given to authors of software /companies /publishers
Relates to the software/name/work the author/publisher/company created/published
Prohibits purchaser from making unlimited copies/lend it to others/change the software/sell software/books/intellectual property without the company's/author's permission

[2]

[2]