

Cambridge International Examinations Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CO-ORDINATED SCIENCES

0654/51 May/June 2017

Paper 5 Practical Test MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 45

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2017 series for most Cambridge IGCSE[®], Cambridge International A and AS Level and Cambridge Pre-U components, and some Cambridge O Level components.

® IGCSE is a registered trademark.

Question	Answer				Marks		
1(a)(i)	reducing	reducing sugar ;					1
1(a)(ii)	Benedict	Benedict's test ;					1
1(b)(i)(ii)(iii)	one mark per column						3
			Benedict's test	biuret test	iodine test		
		banana	yellow / green / orange / red	blue / no change	blue-black		
		chickpea	blue / no change	purple	blue-black		
		egg white	blue / no change	purple	brown / no change		
1(c)(i)	(reducing) sugar AND starch ;						1
1(c)(ii)	protein A	ND starch ;					1
1(c)(iii)	protein ;					1	
1(d)	same volume of apple juice ; same volume of Benedict's solution / excess Benedict's ; same temperature AND same time ; yellow / green = less concentrated AND orange / red = more concentrated ;				4		
1(e)	(dissolve (add) wa cloudy / e	in) ethanol ; ter ; emulsion / milky	y ;				3

Question	Answer				Marks	
2(a)(i)			solution H	solution J		2
		red litmus paper	red / no change	blue		
			AND	AND		
		blue litmus paper	blue / no change ;	blue / no change ;		
2(a)(ii)	(solution H could be) barium nitrate (or) silver nitrate ; (solution J could be) ammonia (or) sodium hydroxide ;			2		
2(b)(i)	add excess copper oxide to sulfuric acid (in a beaker and stir) ; warm ; filter / b filtrate is copper sulfate solution ;				3	

Question		Answer				
2(b)(ii)			solution H solution J		solution J	3
		observations on slowly adding copper sulfate solution	(white) ppt. / cloud A	y / milky / turns white ND	dark blue (solution) / blue ppt. ;	
		colour of any residue	wł	◆ nite ;	blue / light blue ;	
2(b)(iii)	H is J is	barium nitrate (solution) ; ammonia (solution) ;				2
2(c)	(iroi sod so c it w	n(III) sulfate) gives brown pp ium hydroxide and ammonia does not distinguish betweer ould identify barium nitrate /	ot. with both sodium hy i ; i sodium hydroxide ar still gives white ppt. w	ydroxide and ammonia nd ammonia ; ith H ;	a / observations the same with both	3

Question	Answer	Marks
3(a)(i)	I and V values recorded ;	1
3(a)(ii)	all recorded <i>I</i> values < 0.5 A and to at least 2 d.p. ; all recorded <i>V</i> values < 2.5 V and to at least 1 d.p. ; <i>V</i> values increasing ;	3

Question	Answer	Marks
3(a)(iii)	R values recorded to consistent 2 or 3 significant figures ;	1
3(b)	suitable choice of scales (\geq half the grid used);	3
	5 plots correct to half a small square ;	
	good best-fit straight line judgement ;	
3(c)(i)	value of <i>R</i> correctly read from graph ;	1
3(c)(ii)	(directly) proportional / as length increases so resistance increases ;	1
3(d)(i)	indication on graph of how data were obtained AND more than half of line used ; correct calculation ;	2
3(d)(ii)	340 × answer to (d)(i) ;	1
3(e)	reading meter scales ; observe perpendicularly / repeat ; OR measuring the length of wire ; observe perpendicularly / repeat (for decreasing lengths of wire) / ensure wire straight ; OR heating effect of wire ; switch off after every reading ; OR rule / wire moving ; tape wire to rule / clamp rule to bench ;	max 2