## Published

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| Question | Answer |  |  |  | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1(a)(i) | reducing sugar ; |  |  |  | 1 |
| 1(a)(ii) | Benedict's test ; |  |  |  | 1 |
| 1(b)(i)(ii)(iii) | one mark per column |  |  |  | 3 |
|  |  | Benedict's test | biuret test | iodine test |  |
|  | banana | yellow / green / orange / red | blue / no change | blue-black |  |
|  | chickpea | blue / no change | purple | blue-black |  |
|  | egg white | blue / no change | purple | brown / no change |  |
| 1(c)(i) | (reducing) sugar AND starch ; |  |  |  | 1 |
| 1(c)(ii) | protein AND starch ; |  |  |  | 1 |
| 1(c)(iii) | protein ; |  |  |  | 1 |
| 1(d) | same volume of apple juice ; <br> same volume of Benedict's solution / excess Benedict's ; <br> same temperature AND same time; <br> yellow $/$ green $=$ less concentrated AND orange $/$ red $=$ more concentrated ; |  |  |  | 4 |
| 1(e) | (dissolve in) ethanol ; (add) water ; cloudy / emulsion / milky |  |  |  | 3 |


| Question | Answer |  |  | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2(a)(i) |  | solution H | solution J | 2 |
|  | red litmus paper | red / no change AND | blue <br> AND |  |
|  | blue litmus paper | blue / no change ; | blue / no change ; |  |
| 2(a)(ii) | (solution $\mathbf{H}$ could be) barium nitrate (or) silver nitrate ; (solution J could be) ammonia (or) sodium hydroxide |  |  | 2 |
| 2(b)(i) | add excess copper oxide to sulfuric acid (in a beaker and stir) ; warm ; <br> filter / b filtrate is copper sulfate solution ; |  |  | 3 |


| Question | Answer |  |  | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2(b)(ii) |  | solution H | solution J | 3 |
|  | observations on slowly adding copper sulfate solution | (white) ppt. / cloudy / milky / turns white AND | dark blue (solution) / blue ppt. ; |  |
|  | colour of any residue | white ; | blue / light blue ; |  |
| 2(b)(iii) | H is barium nitrate (solution) ; $J$ is ammonia (solution) ; |  |  | 2 |
| 2(c) | (iron(III) sulfate) gives brown ppt. with both sodium hydroxide and ammonia / observations the same with both sodium hydroxide and ammonia; <br> so does not distinguish between sodium hydroxide and ammonia; <br> it would identify barium nitrate / still gives white ppt. with $\mathbf{H}$; |  |  | 3 |


| Question | Answer | Marks |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| $3(\mathrm{a})(\mathrm{i})$ | $I$ and $V$ values recorded; | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| $3(\mathrm{a})(\mathrm{ii})$ | all recorded $I$ values $<0.5 \mathrm{~A}$ and to at least 2 d.p. ; <br> all recorded $V$ values $<2.5 \mathrm{~V}$ and to at least $1 \mathrm{~d} . \mathrm{p} ;$. <br> $V$ values increasing; | $\mathbf{3}$ |


| Question | Answer | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3(a)(iii) | $R$ values recorded to consistent 2 or 3 significant figures ; | 1 |
| 3(b) | suitable choice of scales ( $\geqslant$ half the grid used) ; <br> 5 plots correct to half a small square ; <br> good best-fit straight line judgement ; | 3 |
| 3(c)(i) | value of $R$ correctly read from graph; | 1 |
| 3(c)(ii) | (directly) proportional / as length increases so resistance increases ; | 1 |
| 3(d)(i) | indication on graph of how data were obtained AND more than half of line used ; correct calculation ; | 2 |
| 3(d)(ii) | $340 \times$ answer to (d)(i) ; | 1 |
| 3(e) | reading meter scales ; <br> observe perpendicularly / repeat ; <br> OR <br> measuring the length of wire ; <br> observe perpendicularly / repeat (for decreasing lengths of wire)/ ensure wire straight ; <br> OR <br> heating effect of wire ; <br> switch off after every reading ; <br> OR <br> rule / wire moving ; <br> tape wire to rule / clamp rule to bench ; | max 2 |

