

Cambridge Assessment International Education

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CO-ORDINATED SCIENCES

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Paper 3 Theory (Core)

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MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 120

Published

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Question	Answer	Marks
1(a)(i)	cell wall ; cytoplasm ; vacuole ;	3
1(a)(ii)	label line to any of the chloroplasts ;	1
1(b)	LHS carbon dioxide AND water; RHS glucose AND oxygen;	2
1(c)	cell membrane ; nucleus ; cytoplasm ;	3

Question	Answer	Marks
2(a)(i)	protons correctly labelled; neutrons correctly labelled; electrons correctly labelled;	3
2(a)(ii)	3;	1
2(a)(iii)	lithium / Li ;	1
2(a)(iv)	fluorine / F;	1

© UCLES 2017 Page 2 of 10

Question	Answer	Marks
2(b)	element use property	2
	Numinium sterilising less dense than air	
	chlorine making food containers microorganisms	
	helium Sting weather balloons corrosion	
	elements and uses correctly connected; uses and properties correctly connected;	

Question	Answer	Marks
3(a)(i)	A and D;	1
3(a)(ii)	A or B;	1
3(a)(iii)	C and E ;	1
3(b)(i)	increase CSA / diameter ;	1
3(b)(ii)	contract in cold weather ; damage cables / pylons ;	2
3(c)	nuclei split ;	1
3(d)(i)	γ / gamma ; written in left hand box ;	2
3(d)(ii)	α β γ;	1
	most ionising least ionising	

Question				Answer	Marks
4(a)	DNA; heredity; protein;				3
4(b)(i)	Juan and Sa	ra ;			1
4(b)(ii)	100% circled	l ;			1
4(b)(iii)	Ben is homo	zygous dominant	/ will always pas	s on a, dominant allele / T ;	1
4(c)		Т	t		1
	T	TT	Tt		
	t	Tt	tt		
				;	

Question	Answer	Marks
5(a)(i)	78;	1
5(a)(ii)	argon / other noble gas ;	1
5(b)(i)	B absence of water (vapour) / no water ; C absence of oxygen / no oxygen ;	2
5(b)(ii)	no change in mass AND idea that nothing enters or leaves the test-tube ;	1
5(c)(i)	use of named indicator e.g.(red) litmus ; correct result e.g. (litmus) turns blue ;	2
5(c)(ii)	nitric acid ;	1

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Question	Answer	Marks
5(c)(iii)	idea of improving crop yield; soil does not contain enough nutrients / nitrogen (compounds) or to replace nitrogen compounds; reference to use of nitrogen in plants to produce amino acids / proteins / DNA;	max 2

Question	Answer	Marks
6(a)	conduction – polymer / foam / air is a poor heat conductor / is an insulator ; convection – (trapped) air is unable to move by convection ;	2
6(b)(i)	all symbols correct; circuit correctly connected;	2
6(b)(ii)	something vibrates ;	1
6(b)(iii)	large amplitude ; high frequency ;	2
6(c)	on off off on	2
	2 or 3 correct; 4 correct;	

Question	Answer	Marks
7(a)(i)	(number of new HIV infections) increases then decreases ; peak (number of infections) at 1985 / 130 000 cases ; correct data manipulation ;	max 2

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Question	Answer	Marks
7(a)(ii)	40 000 / 80 000 × 100 ; 50 (%) ;	2
7(b)(i)	contaminated needles / injecting drugs ; blood transfusion ; sexual fluids / (unprotected) sexual intercourse ; blood to blood contact ; breast feeding ; during birth ;	max 2
7(b)(ii)	education; provide, condoms / barrier contraception; free testing; needle exchange; screening blood transfusions;	max 2

Question	Answer	Marks
8(a)(i)	Q hydrogen R hydrogen S hydrogen T carbon dioxide	2
	2 or 3 correct; 4 correct;	
8(a)(ii)	limewater; goes milky;	2
8(a)(iii)	R increases AND acid is being used up / acid concentration is decreasing; S increases AND reaction produces an alkaline product / calcium hydroxide concentration increases;	2

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Question	Answer	Marks
8(a)(iv)	endothermic (because) temperature decreases / thermal energy taken in ;	1
8(b)(i)	increases;	1
8(b)(ii)	rate decreases ; rate increases ;	2

Question	Answer	Marks
9(a)	arrow vertically downwards ;	1
9(b)(i)	time between 0–12.5 s;	1
9(b)(ii)	time between 12.5 and 22.5 s;	1
9(c)(i)	B – particles close together and randomly arranged ;	1
9(c)(ii)	section X ; ice melts at 0°C / temperature is constant;	2

Question	Answer	Marks
10(a)	EDBA;	1
10(b)	brain / spinal cord ;	1
10(c)	rapid circled; automatic circled;	2
10(d)	central (nervous system) / CNS ; peripheral (nervous system) ;	2
10(e)	brain is closer; (impulse) takes less time;	2

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Question	Answer	Marks
11(a)(i)	coal;	1
11(a)(ii)	reference to long time required to form fossil fuels;	
11(b)(i)	heating / cooking ; fuel for diesel engines / fuel for named heavy vehicle ;	2
11(b)(ii)	no new compounds / separation of existing compounds from a mixture ;	1
11(c)	alkanes KM; ethanol J; natural gas M; unsaturated L;	4
11(d)(i)	join together (in chains) / owtte ;	1
11(d)(ii)	carbon dioxide ; carbon monoxide ; water ;	max 2

Question	Answer	Marks
12(a)	sound wave – longitudinal water wave – transverse ;	1
12(b)	double headed arrow showing distance between two identical points on two consecutive waves ;	1
12(c)(i)	kinetic (energy);	1
12(c)(ii)	(gravitational) potential (energy);	1
12(d)(i)	20 (N); forwards / to the right;	2

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Question	Answer	Marks
12(d)(ii)	the swimmers speed increases / acceleration ; resultant force / unbalanced force in direction of motion / to right ;	2
12(e)	energy transferred to particles from surroundings (body); fastest molecules escape; average energy of the rest of particles reduced / thermal energy removed from <u>liquid</u> ;	max 2
12(f)	mass = density \times volume or 996 \times 480 ; 478 080 (kg) ;	2
12(g)	at Y reflection only is shown; at X refraction (and reflection is shown); total internal reflection occurs when angle of incidence exceeds critical angle / angle of incidence = angle of reflection for reflection / refraction away from normal going from denser to less dense medium;	3

Question	Answer			Marks	
13(a)(i)	organ	blood vessel leading to the organ	blood vessel leading away from the organ		4
	heart	vena cava	aorta		
	lungs	pulmonary artery	pulmonary vein		
	liver	Hepatic portal vein	hepatic vein		
	kidney	renal artery	renal vein		
	1 row correct; 2 rows correct; 3 rows correct; 4 rows correct;				
13(a)(ii)	valves ;				1
13(b)(i)	transport / carry / de	eliver, oxygen ;			1

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October/November 2017

Question	Answer	Marks
13(b)(ii)	white blood cells ; platelets ; plasma ;	max 2

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