

CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2014 series

0654 CO-ORDINATED SCIENCES

0654/52

Paper 5 (Practical), maximum raw mark 45

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Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge IGCSE – October/November 2014	0654	52

- 1 (a) full set of results (colours) recorded for tube **A** ;
 full set of results (colours) for tube **B** ;
 correct trend for tube **A** (later samples are brown / orange) ; (*check Supervisors results*)
 correct trend for tube **B** (all blue-black) ; [4]
- (b) to reach 30 °C / give time to get to temperature ; [1]
- (c) amount of starch reduces / no starch by end of experiment ;
 brown colour appears when no more starch present ;
 starch is digested / starch is broken down by the amylase ; [3]
- (d) (i) starch is still present ; [1]
 (ii) amylase is, denatured / not working / inactive ;
 starch is not broken down ; [2]
- (e) difficulty in distinguishing colours by eye ;
 drops not all the same size ;
 both tubes not tested at the same time ; [max 1]
- (f) several water-baths at different temperatures ;
 compare time for samples to become brown / orange ;
 keeping other factors constant ; [3]
- Total: [15]**
- 2 (a) (i) initial temperature of **P** recorded to nearest 0.5 °C ; [1]
 (ii) sensible final temperature of **P** (*expect: **increase** of 2 – 4 °C*) ; [1]
 (iii) sensible final temperature of **Q** (*expect: **decrease** of 1 – 2 °C*) ; [1]
 (iv) sensible final temperature of **R** (*expect: **slight or no change***) ; [1]
- (b) (i) all temperature changes correct (ignoring signs) ;
 all signs correct ; [2]
 (ii) exothermic ; [1]
- (c) (i) blue ppt. ;
 copper / Cu²⁺ / copper(II) ; (*depends on observation of blue*) (**not Cu**) [2]
 (ii) red litmus goes blue ;
 ammonia / NH₃ ;
 ammonium / NH₄⁺ ; [3]

(iii)

	aqueous barium chloride	aqueous silver nitrate
observation	no reaction	white ppt.
conclusion	not sulfate	chloride present

OR

	observation	conclusion
aqueous barium chloride	no reaction	not sulfate
aqueous silver nitrate	white ppt.	chloride present

labelled table ;
 both observations ;
 both conclusions ;

[max 3]

[Total: 15]

- 3 (a) (i) sensible l_0 (*check Supervisors values*), recorded to the nearest millimetre ; [1]
- (ii) sensible distance, carefully marked on Fig. 3.1 ; [1]
- (iii) values of m (100 g) and l present in the table ; [1]
- (iv) extension calculated correctly (for 100 g) ; [1]
- (v) all readings present of mass and length present ;
 all lengths increasing down the table ;
 all extensions correct ; [3]
- (b) suitable choice of linear scales ;
 4 points plotted correctly to $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ small square ;
 good best fit straight line judgement and through origin ; [3]
- (c) (i) length recorded **AND** extension e_A correct ; [1]
- (ii) mass correctly read from graph ; [1]

Page 4	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge IGCSE – October/November 2014	0654	52

- (d) (i) length recorded **AND** correct extension e_W less than e_A ; [1]
- (ii) value of d calculated correctly **AND** between 2.0 and 3.5 (g/cm^3); [1]
- (e) use of set square / fiducial aid / other sensible suggestion (e.g. clamp rule vertically); [1]

[Total: 15]