Centre Number	Candidate Number	Name
(Inter CO-ORDINA	CAMBRIDGE INTEF rnational General Ce TED SCIENCES	RNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS ertificate of Secondary Education 0654/01
Paper 1 Mult	iple Choice	October/November 2003
Additional Mater	rials: Multiple Choice A Soft clean eraser	Answer Sheet

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write in soft pencil.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Write your name, Centre number and candidate number on the answer sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.

There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions. For each question there are four possible answers **A**, **B**, **C**, and **D**.

Choose the **one** you consider correct and record your choice in **soft pencil** on the separate answer sheet.

Read the instructions on the Answer Sheet very carefully.

Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer. Any rough working should be done in this booklet. A copy of the Periodic Table is printed on page 20.





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Which two vertebrates belong to the same class?

Α	P and Q	В	P and R	С	Q and S	D	R and S

2 The diagram shows a plant cell.

In which part of the cell is starch produced?





Which parts of this joint help to reduce friction?

	bone	cartilage	synovial fluid
Α	1	✓	X
в	X	\checkmark	1
С	X	×	1
D	1	×	×

www.papaCambridge.com An experiment is set up as shown to investigate starch production in the leaves of a 4 After six hours in sunlight, leaf **Y** is tested for starch.



plant in bright light

There is no starch produced under the paper strip because there was an absence of

- carbon dioxide. Α
- В chlorophyll.
- С light.
- D oxygen.
- 5 Which sequence shows the correct order of structures through which air passes when we breathe in?
 - Α alveolus \rightarrow bronchiole \rightarrow bronchus \rightarrow trachea
 - В bronchus \rightarrow trachea \rightarrow alveolus \rightarrow bronchiole
 - bronchiole \rightarrow alveolus \rightarrow bronchus \rightarrow trachea С
 - trachea \rightarrow bronchus \rightarrow bronchiole \rightarrow alveolus D



6 The diagram shows the blood circulatory system of a human.



How many times does blood from the kidneys pass through the heart on its way to the aorta?

- A one
- B two
- **C** four
- D more than four
- 7 What happens during anaerobic respiration in muscle cells?

	oxygen used	waste products
Α	no	carbon dioxide and water
В	no	lactic acid
С	yes	carbon dioxide and water
D	yes	lactic acid

8 The diagram shows part of the alimentary canal and some other organs in the abdor Which is the pancreas?



9 Food tests were performed on four substances.

Which substance contained oil and protein?

cubatanaa		test re	eagent	
Substance	Benedict's	biuret	ethanol	iodine
Α	1	×	×	1
В	1	1	×	×
С	×	1	1	×
D	×	×	1	1

- 10 Where does fertilisation take place in a flowering plant?
 - Α anther
 - В bud
 - С ovule
 - D stigma



Which path is taken by sperms?

[1				
Α	1	\rightarrow	5	\rightarrow	2
В	1	\rightarrow	5	\rightarrow	3
С	2	\rightarrow	4	\rightarrow	3
D	2	\rightarrow	5	\rightarrow	3

12 The genotype of a human albino is homozygous recessive. Phenotypically normal parents have one albino child.

What is the probability of their next child also being an albino?

- **A** 25%
- **B** 33%
- **C** 50%
- **D** 75%



13 The diagram shows the flow of energy in a food chain.Which organism is the producer in the food chain?



14 The diagram shows the sequence of structures involved in a human response to a change in temperature.



What is represented by box X?

- A blood system
- B central nervous system
- **C** digestive system



15 The diagram shows a sack containing a mixture of three minerals.



Which element is not present in the mixture?

- A cobalt
- B copper
- **C** iron
- D tin
- **16** Heating a metal compound in a Bunsen flame turns the flame green.

Which metal ion is present in the compound?

- A calcium
- B copper
- C potassium
- D sodium
- **17** In a Group, all the elements are solid at room temperature. The reactivity of the elements increases down the Group.

Which statements about this Group of elements and their oxides are correct?

	the elements are in	their oxides are
Α	Group I	acidic
В	Group I	basic
С	Group VII	acidic
D	Group VII	basic



- 18 Which molecules join into long chains to make proteins?
 - A amino acids
 - **B** ethene
 - C glucose
 - D starch
- **19** Two tests are done on material **Y**.



The tests show that Y conducts electricity and is hard.

What could Y be?

- A brass
- B diamond
- C glass
- D graphite
- 20 Iron is manufactured in a blast furnace.

Which of the waste gases from the blast furnace is both non-toxic and unreactive?

- A carbon dioxide
- B carbon monoxide
- **C** nitrogen
- D sulphur dioxide



22 Some oil and salt are spilt on to a shirt.

A student uses a non-aqueous organic solvent to try to clean the shirt.

Which substances are likely to be cleaned from the shirt?

- **A** oil only
- B salt only
- C both oil and salt
- D neither oil or salt
- 23 What could be the pH values of the solutions in the table?

	acidic	alkaline	neutral
Α	9	5	7
в	7	9	5
С	5	9	7
D	5	7	9



- 24 In which form do plants receive essential elements from fertilisers?
 - A atoms
 - B carbohydrates
 - C ions
 - D proteins
- 25 Why is an analgesic used in medicine?
 - A as a painkiller
 - B as a vitamin
 - C to kill bacteria
 - D to kill viruses
- 26 The element sulphur forms a colloid with water.

How are the sulphur particles held in the water and how do the particles affect a light beam shone on to the colloid?

	the particles are	the light beam is
Α	dissolved	refracted
В	dissolved	scattered
С	suspended	refracted
D	suspended	scattered

27 An element is in Group III of the Periodic Table.

What happens to an atom of this element when it forms an ion?

- **A** It gains three electrons.
- **B** It gains five electrons.
- **C** It loses three electrons.
- **D** It loses five electrons.



A car accelerates until it is level with pole 4. The car then continues along the road at a steady speed. The times taken to travel between one pole and the next are measured.

Which time is the greatest?

The time between

- A pole 1 and pole 2.
- B pole 2 and pole 3.
- **C** pole 3 and pole 4.
- **D** pole 4 and pole 5.
- **29** A student tries to find the density of a metal block. First he measures the weight with a forcemeter (spring balance). Next he measures the sides of the block using a rule, in order to calculate the volume of the block. Finally he divides the weight by the volume to find the density.

The student has made a mistake.

Why does his method not give the density?

- **A** Density is volume divided by weight.
- **B** He should have measured the surface area, not the volume.
- **C** He should have used the mass in his calculation, not the weight.
- **D** Weight is not measured with a forcemeter (spring balance).

30 A large electric motor is used to lift a container off a ship.

www.papacambridge.com Which of the following values are enough to allow the power of the motor to be calculated

- the mass of the container and the distance moved Α
- В the force used and the distance moved
- С the current used and the work done
- D the work done and the time taken
- Which diagram shows the child exerting least pressure on the ground? 31



There is a vacuum between the double walls of a vacuum flask. 32

Which types of heat transfer are reduced by the vacuum?

- Α conduction and convection
- В conduction and radiation
- С convection and radiation
- D conduction, convection and radiation

33 Waves travel more slowly on the surface of water when the water is shallow.

www.papaCambridge.com A person drops a stone into a pool at X. The diagram shows the first wavefront on the su the pool.

Which region of the pool is likely to be most shallow?



34 Which diagram shows the correct order of the waves in the electromagnetic spectrum?



15

35 Astronaut 1 uses a hammer to mend a satellite in space. Astronaut 2 is nearby atmosphere in space.



Compared with the sound heard if they were working on Earth, what does astronaut 2 hear?

- Α no sound at all
- В a quieter sound
- С a sound of the same loudness
- D a louder sound
- 36 A steel ball on a horizontal wooden table rolls near the north pole of a bar magnet that is lying on the table.

Which diagram shows the most likely path of the ball, as seen from above the table?



16

37 A student wants to find the resistance of resistor R using a voltmeter and an ammeter Which circuit should the student use?



38 A 3.0 Ω lamp and a 6.0 Ω lamp are connected in series.

What is the total resistance of the combination?

- Α $0.5\,\Omega$
- $2.0\,\Omega$ В
- $9.0\,\Omega$ С
- $18.0\,\Omega$ D
- 39 How is electricity transmitted over large distances and why is it transmitted in this way?

	how	why
Α	at high voltage	for safety
В	at high voltage	to reduce energy loss
С	at low voltage	for safety
D	at low voltage	to reduce energy loss

40 In a cathode-ray tube, particles are given off from a hot cathode by thermionic emission.

Which particles are given off?

- Α atoms
- В electrons
- С ions
- D protons



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DATA SHEET The Periodic Table of the Elements

								Gr	oup								
I	II											III	IV	V	VI	VII	0
							1 H Hydrogen										4 He Helium
7 Li thium	9 Be Beryllium											11 B Boron 5	12 C Carbon	14 N Nitrogen	16 O Oxygen 8	19 F Fluorine 9	20 Ne Neon
23 Na odium	24 Mg Magnesium 12	-										27 Aluminium 13	28 Silicon 14	31 P Phosphorus 15	32 Sulphur 16	35.5 Cl Chlorine	40 Ar Argon 18
39 K assium	40 Ca Calcium 20	45 Sc Scandium 21	48 Ti Titanium 22	51 V Vanadium 23	52 Cr Chromium 24	55 Mn Manganese 25	56 Fe Iron 26	59 Co Cobalt 27	59 Ni Nickel 28	64 Cu Copper 29	65 Zn Zinc 30	70 Ga Gallium 31	73 Ge Germanium 32	75 As Arsenic 33	79 See Selenium 34	80 Br Bromine 35	84 Kr Krypton 36
85 Rb bidium	88 Sr Strontium 38	89 Yttrium 39	91 Zr Zirconium 40	93 Nb Niobium	96 Mo Molybdenum 42	Tc Technetium 43	101 Ru Ruthenium 44	103 Rh Rhodium 45	106 Pd Palladium 46	108 Ag Silver 47	112 Cd Cadmium 48	115 In Indium	119 Sn Tin 50	122 Sb Antimony 51	128 Te Tellurium 52	127 I Iodine 53	131 Xe Xenon 54
133 CS lesium	137 Ba Barium 56	139 La Lanthanum 57 *	178 Hf Hafnium 72	181 Ta Tantalum 73	184 W Tungsten 74	186 Re Rhenium 75	190 Os Osmium 76	192 Ir Iridium	195 Pt Platinum 78	197 Au Gold 79	201 Hg Mercury 80	204 TL Thallium 81	207 Pb Lead 82	209 Bi Bismuth 83	Polonium 84	At Astatine 85	Rn Radon 86
-r ncium	226 Ra Radium 88	227 AC Actinium 89 †															
71 L -103	anthanoic Actinoid	d series series	1	140 Ce Cerium 58	141 Pr Praseodymium 59	144 Nd Neodymium 60	Pm Promethium 61	150 Sm Samarium 62	152 Eu Europium 63	157 Gd Gadolinium 64	159 Tb Terbium 65	162 Dy Dysprosium 66	165 HO Holmium 67	167 Er Erbium 68	169 Tm Thulium 69	173 Yb Ytterbium 70	175 Lu Lutetium 71
/ b	a a = X X = b =	= relative atomic = atomic symbol = proton (atomic)	mass) number	232 Th Thorium 90	Pa Protactinium 91	238 U Uranium 92	Np Neptunium 93	Pu Plutonium 94	Am Americium 95	Cm Curium 96	Bk Berkelium 97	Cf Californium 98	Es Einsteinium 99	Fm Fermium 100	Md Mendelevium 101	No Nobelium 102	Lr Lawr