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#### **UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS**

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

## MARK SCHEME for the NOVEMBER 2004 question paper

#### **0654 CO-ORDINATED SCIENCES**

0654/02 Paper 2 Core (Theory), maximum raw mark 100

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the *Report on the Examination*.

• CIE will not enter into discussion or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the November 2004 question papers for most IGCSE and GCE Advanced Level syllabuses.

ar 2004

**Grade thresholds** taken for Syllabus 0654 (Co-ordinated Sciences) in the November 2004 examination.

	maximum	minimum mark required for grade:				
	mark available	А	С	E	F	
Component 2	100	n/a	48	36	25	

The threshold (minimum mark) for B is set halfway between those for Grades A and C. The threshold (minimum mark) for D is set halfway between those for Grades C and E. The threshold (minimum mark) for G is set as many marks below the F threshold as the E threshold is above it.

Grade A\* does not exist at the level of an individual component.

WANN, PARAC CAMBRIDGE, COM

#### **November 2004**

### INTERNATIONAL GCSE

# MARK SCHEME

**MAXIMUM MARK: 100** 

SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 0654/02

CO-ORDINATED SCIENCES
Paper 1 Core (Theory)

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- 1 (a) tissue
  - label line to cell wall or vacuole and name (b)
  - (c) chloroplasts; which contain chlorophyll; (chlorophyll) absorbs sunlight

(d) near the (upper) surface of the leaf; only one layer/epidermis above them; epidermis cells have no chloroplasts; cells are arranged upright/vertically; so light does not have to pass through several cell walls;

max [2]

(e) down

> the plant is photosynthesizing; faster than it is respiring; using carbon dioxide (from the air)

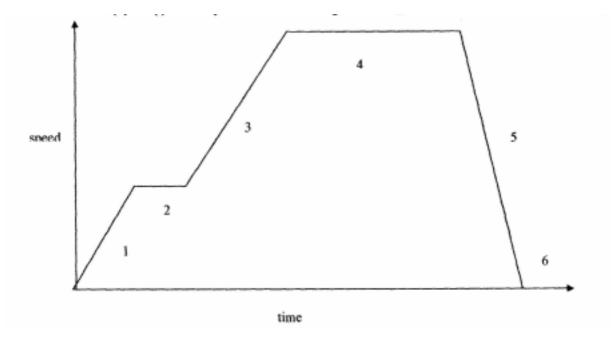
ир

the plant is respiring releasing carbon dioxide (into the air)

[max 3]

Total 9

2 (a) (i) six points to look for see grid below;;; [3]



(ii) speed = distance/time etc;

speed =100(km/hr);

[2]

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	IGCSE – NOVEMBER 2004	0654	100

Page 2		Mark Scheme Syllab	us S
		IGCSE – NOVEMBER 2004 0654	1000
(b)	KE =	= $\frac{1}{2}$ mv <sup>2</sup> = 0.5 x 1000 x 400 = 200 000(J)	TANAL PARACAITE
(c)	(i)	all four lamps in parallel; switch in correct place;	[2]
	(ii)	there is still a complete circuit for the other bulbs	[1]
	(iii)	13(A)	[1]
			Total 11
(a)	C;		
	A;		
	A;		[3]
(b)	(i)	petroleum/crude oil;	[1]
	(ii)	named primary product from fractional distillation	[1]
(c)	(i)	barrier; prevents air/oxygen and water; from reacting with steel/iron;	max [2]
	(ii)	reference to oil as a barrier (to air and water);	[1]
(d)		emical reaction occurs in the battery; reaction) provides electricity;	
	reac	ting chemicals are used up/not a reversible reaction;	max [2]
			Total 10
(a)		ns; reous humour; oroids layer;	[3]
(b)	(i)	label line F to retina;	[1]
	(ii)	lable line P to iris;	[1]
(c)	alon	lectrical signal/electrical impulse/action potential; g a neurone; e optic nerve;	max [2]
(d)	(i)	different/longer wavelength;	[1]
	(ii)	they are warmer (than their surroundings); they regulate their body temperature/they are homeothermic; heat generated by metabolic reactions/respiration/muscle activ	ity; <b>max [2]</b>
		•	

	Page 3		Mark Sche	Syllabu	
			IGCSE – NOVEM	BER 2004	0654
5	(a)	(i)	Syllabus O654 PARCAINI		
		(ii)	max [2]		
	(b)	evide 6000	[2]		
	(c)	dama caus	[2]		
					Total 7
6	(a)	(i)			
			description	name of element	
			most common metal	aluminium	
		m	ost common transition metal	iron	
			most common halogen	chlorine	
					[3]
		(ii)	Na;		[1]
		(iii)	silicon; oxygen;		[2]
	(b)		en in air is free element/exists a en in earth exists in compounds		•
	(c)	(i)	reference to weathering/erosio description of a weathering pro		[2]
		(ii)	provision of minerals/trace eler	ments;	[1]
		(iii)	air;		
		(,	organic material/humus;		
			water;		
			correct named substance;		max [2]
					Total13
7	(a)	teste ovari			[2]
	(b)	they if sm	[2]		
	(c)	•	have only 23 chromosomes/the mosomes/they are haploid;	y have half the usual nu	mber of [1]

	Page 4		Mark Scheme	Syllabu
	Page 4		IGCSE – NOVEMBER 2004	0654 <b>2</b>
	(d)	in the	hromosomes; e nucleus; enes;	*Canno
		mad	e of DNA;	max [2]
				Total 7
8	(a)	yes; yes; no; no;		
		yes;		all correct [2]
				[four correct [1]]
	(b)	stays at 0°	s the same; C;	[2]
	(c)	gene	erator;	[1]
	(d)	mea	sure of energy output to energy input/useful energy;	[1]
				Total 6
9	(a)	skier grea	; ter area in contact with ground;	[2]
<b>(b)</b> pressure = 720/360;				
		= 2 1	[2]	
	(c) reduc		ce friction;	[1]
	(d)	(i)	the same; momentum is conserved;	[2]
		(ii)	speed of woman greater than that of man;	
			momentum = mass x velocity; ration of 3:2;	max [2]
				Total 9
10	(a)	(i)	exothermic means reaction gives out heat/reference to i from 20°C;	ncreased temperature [1]
		(ii)	experiment 4; mixture is (still) acidic/pH is below 7/is 1;	[2]
		(iii)	pH is 7/mixture is neutral; (this only happens) when amounts of acid and alkali are	equal; [2]
		(iv)	4000 dm <sup>3</sup> ;	[1]

this would not produce a neutral mixture/mixture would be alkaline; alkaline solution causes pollution;

[2]

(v)

	Dana	_	Mark Caharra	Cullaba 2.	
	Page 5		Mark Scheme IGCSE – NOVEMBER 2004	Syllabus 0654	2
	(b)	(i)	run-off from agricultural land may contain pollutants; illegal dumping;		alda Calific
		(ii)	chlorination/use of ozone;		[1]
				T	otal 10
11	(a)	(i)	grass → hog deer → tiger;		[1]
		(ii)	energy (transfer);		[1]
		(iii)	grass;		[1]
	(b)	(i)	digest proteins; to amino acids/polypeptides;		[2]
		(ii)	amylase digests starch; no starch in tiger's diet/meat does not contain starch/staplants;	arch only found i	in <b>[2]</b>
	(c)	hair/	fur;		[1]

Total 8