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## **UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS**

**International General Certificate of Secondary Education** 

## MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2012 question paper for the guidance of teachers

## 0654 CO-ORDINATED SCIENCES

0654/31

Paper 3 (Extended Theory), maximum raw mark 120

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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1 (a) (i) (KE =)  $\frac{1}{2}$  mv<sup>2</sup>; =  $\frac{1}{2}$  × 30000 × 0.5 × 0.5 = 3750 J;

- (ii) (work done =) force × distance = 1000000 × 1000= 1000000000 J;
- (iii) (power =) work/time; = 10000000000/300 = 3300000W;
- (b) (i) 300 J AND all potential energy will be converted into kinetic energy/energy is conserved;
  - (ii) (temperature change =) energy/mass × shc; = 300/1 × 4200; = 0.07°C;

[Total: 10]

[Total: 10]

[2]

[1]

[3]

- 2 (a) (i) three shared pairs; one lone pair on both atoms; [2]
  - (ii) two shells showing 2,8 configuration; [1]
  - (iii) reference to positive protons and negative electrons; reference to 7 protons and 10 electrons/3 more electrons than protons; [2]
  - (iv) Mg<sub>3</sub>N<sub>2</sub>; working/statement to show need for charge balance; [2]
  - **(b) (i)** chlorine; [1]
    - (ii) hydrogen; pops on ignition; [2]

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|        |                                |          |      |  |

- 3 (a) label to root hair cell;
  - (b) (i) osmosis;

water moves down water potential gradient; through partially permeable cell membrane;

(ii) absorb, minerals/ions/named ion/salts;

[1]

(iii) large surface area;

so more, (water/ions), can be absorbed (at the same time); contain, cell sap/cytoplasm, that is more concentrated than water;

[max 2]

(c) (i) xylem;

[1]

(ii) A in central area of root;

[1]

(iii) idea that red dye has mixed with water, not combined with it; idea that water molecules and dye molecules behave separately; (only) water evaporates/dye does not evaporate; other valid point;

[max 2]

[Total: 10]

(a) (i) frequency – number of waves produced/passing a point per second; [2] wavelength – distance between, two consecutive peaks/troughs;

(ii)  $(v =) f \times \lambda$ ;  $212000 \times 0.0016 = 339.2 \text{ m/s}$ ;

[2]

(iii) compression - region of high pressure / lots of air particles; rarefaction – region of low pressure/fewer air particles;

[2]

(b) (i) normal drawn;

angle of incidence labelled AND angle of refraction labelled;

[2]

(ii) angle of reflection drawn and labelled;

[1]

(iii) optical fibres/reflectors/periscopes; use described;

[2]

[Total: 11]

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|---|-------------------|------------------------------|--|---------------------|--------------------|
|   |                   |                              | IGCSE – May/June 2012  | 0654                | Day                |
| 5 | cor               | cose/<br>nbine               | on ;<br>carbohydrate ;<br>d with oxygen/oxidised ;<br>eleased/heat produced ;  |                     | Macanhhiag<br>[max |
|   | (b) (i)           | eat r                        | a lot ;<br>more/take in more energy, than they use ;<br>ess, carbohydrate/protein, converted to fat ;  |                     | [max 2]            |
|   | (ii)              | idea<br>mas                  | greater the body mass, the greater the chance of su<br>that effect is greater at lower body masses/leve<br>ses;<br>of figures;   |                     | [max 2]            |
|   | (iii)             | poor                         | conductor/insulator ;  |                     | [1]                |
|   | def<br>add<br>one | oresta<br>dition<br>and      | of carbon dioxide to the atmosphere;<br>ation + explanation;<br>of methane to the atmosphere;<br>ed source of methane, e.g. paddy field, cattle;<br>(long wave) radiation is trapped by greenhouse gas | ses ;               | [max 3]            |
|   | (d) (i)           | (mea                         | an body) mass is increasing ;  |                     | [1]                |
|   | (ii)              | marr                         | mots have more time to feed (from spring onwards)<br>mots lose less weight during hibernation (as winters<br>e food available earlier;   |                     | [max 1]            |
|   |                   |                              |  |                     | [Total: 13]        |
| 6 | (a) ten           | nperat                       | ture and surface area of magnesium ;   |                     | [1]                |
|   | (b) (i)           | ( <b>B</b> )<br>high<br>grap | er concentration shown by high <u>er</u> rate/high <u>er</u> ra<br>h ;   | te shown by steeper | [1]                |
|   | (ii)              | minu<br>aver                 | ximum volume of gas is) 40 cm <sup>3</sup> <b>AND</b> (time of rutes; rage rate = 40 ÷ 4.9 = 8.2/8.0 to 8.3; s: [cm <sup>3</sup> /minute]/[cm <sup>3</sup> /second] if consistent with calc            | ,                   | [3]                |

[1]

[2]

[Total: 8]

(c) (i) aqueous (solution)/dissolved in water/in solution;

moles Mg =  $6 \div 24/0.25$ ;

(ii)  $A_r Mg = 24$ ;

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| 7 | (a) spli | ;   |   | `                       | Da Cambridge |
|   | (b) (i)  | electron;   |   |                         | 13           |
|   | (ii)     | 51 neutrons ;<br>39 protons ;                     |   |                         | [2]          |
|   | (iii)    | ionisation occurs;<br>electron(s) lost;           |   |                         | [2]          |
|   | (c) (i)  | 47 ± 1 cps ;                                      |   |                         | [1]          |
|   | (ii)     | <b>Z</b> ;  |   |                         | [1]          |
|   |          |   |   |                         | [Total: 8]   |
| 8 | (a) (i)  |   | ne group number/answer ba   | used on identifying the |              |
|   |          | elements and looking up                           | on PT;  |                         | [2]          |
|   | (ii)     | ( <b>Q</b> ) it is a noble gas/reference          | ces to full shells;   |                         | [1]          |
|   | (iii)    | ( <b>P</b> ) it is a metal ;                      |   |                         | [1]          |
|   | (b) (i)  | limestone/calcium carbo<br>forms slag/removes imp | nate ;<br>urities/removes silicon dioxid                                      | e ;                     | [2]          |
|   | (ii)     | iron oxide + carbon mono<br>[LHS + RHS]           | oxide → iron + carbon dioxid  | le ;;                   | [2]          |
|   | (c) (i)  | question withdrawn                                |   |                         | [2]          |
|   | (ii)     |   | ron ;<br>r/oxygen) before/instead of <u>i</u><br>the iron/steel unaffected/ow |                         | [max 2]      |

[Total: 12]

|        |                                | 12       |
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| 9  | (a) | prod<br>carr<br>affe | mical; duced by a gland; ied by the blood; cts (specific) target organs; troyed by the liver;  | [max 3]     |
|----|-----|----------------------|--|-------------|
|    | (b) | (i)                  | pancreas;  | [1]         |
|    |     | (ii)                 | liver; removes glucose from the blood/changes glucose to glycogen;   | [2]         |
|    | (c) | mor<br>incr          | eases blood glucose concentration; e energy (for muscles)/more fuel for respiration (in muscles); eases pulse rate/makes heart beat faster; e, oxygen/glucose, delivered to (muscles); |             |
|    |     |                      | x 3 if muscles not mentioned]  | [4]         |
|    |     |                      |  | [Total: 10] |
| 10 | (a) | (i)                  | ammeter in series ; voltmeter in parallel ; means of varying p.d. ; [max 2 if not a usable circuit]  | [3]         |
|    |     | (ii)                 | (R =) V/I ;<br>= 3/0.3 = 10 $\Omega$ ;   | [2]         |
|    | (b) | (i)                  | <b>D</b> because it is longer/resistance proportional to length;   | [1]         |
|    |     | (ii)                 | <b>A</b> because it has a small cross-section area/it is thinner/resistance inversely proportional to cross-section area;  | [1]         |
|    |     | (iii)                | $\textbf{C}-20~\Omega$ and twice as long ;<br>$\textbf{E}-5~\Omega$ and double cross-section area ;  | [2]         |
|    |     |                      |  | [Total: 9]  |

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11 (a) produces four cells, not two cells;

produces genetic variation;

halves chromosome number/number of chromosomes in new cells is haploid/new cells have half the DNA;

[max 60]

**(b) (i)** 1 in 4/one quarter/0.25;

[1]

(ii) (parents' genotypes) both Ff; gametes F and f from both parents; offspring genotypes FF, Ff, Ff and ff; ff identified as having cystic fibrosis;

[4]

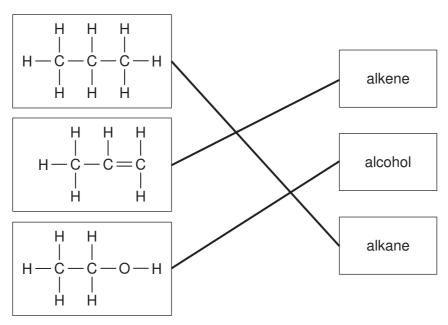
(c) idea of greater distance between alveoli and, blood/red cell/capillary; reference to diffusion;

will take longer for, gases/oxygen/carbon dioxide, to travel across;

[max 2]

[Total: 9]

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|------------|---|--|
| 12 (a) (i) | H H H<br>   | alkene Constitution of the |



(all correct = 2 one correct = 1);; [2]

(double bond could be in middle);; [credit cyclobutane with both marks]

- (b) idea that electricity comes from, power station/burning fuel; where greenhouse gases/carbon dioxide may still have to be produced/owtte; [2]
- (c) (i) heated; mixed/reacted with water; requires catalyst; [3]

(ii) solvent/in foods/sterilisation; [1]

[Total: 10]

[2]