WWW. Palas

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2012 question paper for the guidance of teachers

0654 CO-ORDINATED SCIENCES

0654/52

Paper 5 (Practical), maximum raw mark 45

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2012 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

			IGCSE – May/June 2012	conds)	
1	(a)	tube A – no change; tube B – longer time than tube C ; (not greater than 600 seconds) tube C – shorter time than tube B ; (not greater than 600 seconds) times given in seconds;			
	(b)	•	cids neutralise the alkali/fatty acids react with sodiun duced to less than 8/solution becomes acidic;	n carbonate ;	[2]
	(c)	increa	bile emulsifies fat ; increases surface area of fat ; faster (digestion of fat)/more rapid neutralisation of sodium carbonate ;		[3]
	(d)	te	dging the end point/lack of repeats/measuring erro mperature in range; ody temperature/optimal temperature/enzyme not de		[1] [1]

Mark Scheme: Teachers' version

(e) tube **D**: brown/orange/yellow/colour stays same as iodine;

(do not award this mark if the colour in tube **E** is incorrect)

tube **D**: no starch; tube **E**: purple/lilac; tube **E**: protein present;

Page 2

Syllabus

[Total: 15]

[4]

Page 3	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	10
	IGCSE – May/June 2012	0654	100-

(a) (i)	mass of piece of pipe, \mathbf{M} , in grams to $\underline{1\ \text{decimal place}}$ and within 20% of supervisor;	Cambridge
(ii)	all 3 values of 1 , $\mathbf{d_e}$ and $\mathbf{d_i}$ AND $\mathbf{d_e}$ greater than $\mathbf{d_i}$; clearly in cm ;	[2]
(iii)	correct substitution; correct calculation to 2 or more significant figures; (a correct answer without working gains both marks)	[2]
(iv)	correct calculation to 2 or more significant figures;	[1]
(v)	use of m/v; correct calculation to 2 or more significant figures;	[2]
(vi)	if object does not have definite shape/irregular shaped object;	[1]
(b) (i)	•	[1]
(ii)	volume of water and metal weight and pipe ; (this must be greater than volume in (b)(i))	[1]
(iii)	volume of the piece of pipe;	[1]
(iv)	density within 0.5 of answer in (a)(v);	[1]
(c) (i)	(method 1) because rule more accurate than measuring cylinder;	[1]
(ii)	answer in (b)(iv) ×1000 ;	[1]
		[Total: 15]

			IGCSE – May/June 2012	0654	200
3	(a) (i) time 0 = start temperature recorded to nearest half a degree;		Candy.		
	(ii)		eadings entered to nearest half a degree ; imum temperature achieved no more than 1 minute ;	e beyond supervis	or's Moridage Co
		tem	perature rise from table (within ±5 of supervisor's va	lue);	[3]
	(iii)		d A darker grey/black/brown/pink/red; tion B paler blue/grey/colourless;		[2]
	(b) (i)		s: temp vertical and time horizontal, both labelled wit e: linear and good use of grid ;	th units ;	

Syllabus

Mark Scheme: Teachers' version

line: smooth curve will include one maximum;

Page 4

3 minutes;

(ii) maximum temp rise from graph, $\Delta T = max - start$ in °C; [1]

points: at least 5 correctly plotted to within 1/2 square within the first

(iii) 25 × 4.2 × ans (b)(ii); correctly worked out to 2 or more significant figures; [2]

(c) (i) lid/insulate beaker; [1]

(ii) in this reaction **chemical** energy has been transformed into **thermal/heat** energy; (both needed for mark) [1]

[Total: 15]

[4]