## PHYSICS

0625/51
Paper 5 Practical
MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

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| Question | Answer | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1(a) | $a=19-21$ | 1 |
| 1(b)(i) | $Q$ values 1.(0), 2.(0), 3.(0), 4.(0), 5.(0) | 1 |
| 1(b)(ii) | $b$ values all less than 50 cm and decreasing | 1 |
| 1(b)(iii) | Correct $1 / Q$ values 1.(0), 0.5(0), $0.33(3), 0.25,0.2(0)$ | 1 |
| 1(c) | Graph: |  |
|  | Axes correctly labelled | 1 |
|  | Suitable scales | 1 |
|  | All plots correct to $1 / 2$ small square | 1 |
|  | Good line judgement, thin, continuous line | 1 |
| 1(d) | Triangle method clearly shown on graph | 1 |
|  | At least half line used for triangle method and G recorded | 1 |
| 1(e) | $P$ correct calculation of G/a and in range 1.8-2.0 | 1 |


| Question | Answer | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2(a)(i) | $V$ to at least 1 dp and $<3 \mathrm{~V}$ | 1 |
|  | $I$ to at least 2 dp and $<1 \mathrm{~A}$ | 1 |
| 2(a)(ii) | $R_{1}$ correct | 1 |
| 2(b)(i),(ii) | New values of $V$ and $I$ and $R_{2}$ correct AND $2 \times R_{1} \pm 10 \%$ | 1 |
| 2(c)(i) | New values of $V$ and $I$ with $I_{3}<I_{2}$ | 1 |
| 2(c)(ii) | $R_{3}$ present and V,,$R$ units seen at least once and not contradicted | 1 |
| 2(d) | Statement to match readings <br> AND Justification to include the idea of within (or beyond, ecf) the limits of experimental accuracy | 1 |
| 2(e) | Determine each resistance in turn | 1 |
| 2(f) | Three resistors in parallel, voltmeter in parallel with resistors and correct symbols for voltmeter and resistors | 1 |
|  | Variable resistor in series, correct symbol in a workable circuit | 1 |
| 2(g) | Repeat with different currents | 1 |


| Question | Answer | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3(a) | Table: |  |
|  | $v=$ in range $45-80$ | 1 |
|  | $u v$ correct | 1 |
|  | $D=u+v \pm 1 \mathrm{~cm}$ | 1 |
| 3(b) | $v=$ in range $25-35$ | 1 |
|  | $D=u+v \pm 1 \mathrm{~cm}$ | 1 |
| 3(c) | One from: <br> Different size / Different brightness Sharpness / clearness / coloured edges | 1 |
| 3(d)(i),(ii) | $f$ values both rounding to $14-16$ (cm) | 1 |
| 3(d)(iii) | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{A}}$ correct | 1 |
|  | 2 or 3 significant figures | 1 |
| 3(e) | Any two from: <br> Difficulty deciding exact position of sharpest image Difficulty measuring to centre of lens <br> Product $u v$ increases problem Image edges blurred / not clear Insufficient sets of results | 2 |


| Question |  | Answer | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 | MP1 | Stopwatch (or equivalent) AND (metre) rule / ruler | 1 |
|  | MP2 | Measure time for $5(+)$ oscillations | 1 |
|  | MP3 | Divide by number of oscillations to find period ( $T$ ) | 1 |
|  | MP4 | Repeat for each bob | 1 |
|  | MP5 | Variable; one from: <br> Initial amplitude / starting position <br> Length of pendulum / thread <br> Number of oscillations | 1 |
|  | MP6 | Table with column headings for $t$, or period ( $T$ ), or both AND $d$, with correct units | 1 |
|  | MP7 | Conclusion: <br> Plot graph(s) of $d$ against period ( $T$ ) or $t$ (or vice versa) OR compare period ( $T$ ) or $t$ values for different diameters | 1 |

