

Cambridge International AS & A Level

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

FURTHER MATHEMATICS

9231/02

Paper 2 Further Pure Mathematics 2

For examination from 2020

SPECIMEN PAPER 2 hours

You must answer on the question paper.

You will need: List of formulae (MF19)

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do not use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- If additional space is needed, you should use the lined page at the end of this booklet; the question number or numbers must be clearly shown.
- You should use a calculator where appropriate.
- You must show all necessary working clearly; no marks will be given for unsupported answers from a calculator.
- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place for angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].

This document has 18 pages. Blank pages are indicated.

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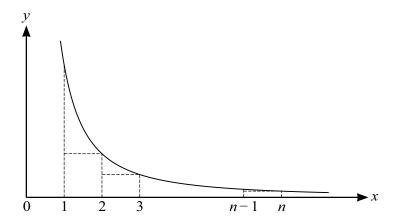
1

$\frac{\mathrm{d}^2 x}{\mathrm{d}t^2} + 4\frac{\mathrm{d}x}{\mathrm{d}t} + 4x = 7 - 2t^2.$	[6]

	et value of $\int_0^1 \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$	130 130		
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		$x\frac{\mathrm{d}y}{\mathrm{d}x} + 3y = \frac{\sin y}{y}$	<u>1<i>x</i></u>		
	1 0				
for which $y = 0$ v	when $x = \frac{1}{2}\pi$. Give yo	our answer in the	form $y = f(x)$.		
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4



The diagram shows the curve with equation $y = \frac{1}{x^2}$ for x > 0, together with a set of (n-1) rectangles of unit width.

(a) By considering the sum of the areas of these rectangles, show that

$\sum_{r=1}^{n} \frac{1}{r^2} < \frac{2n-1}{n}.$	[5]

	$\frac{n}{2}$	r
D)	Use a similar method to find, in terms of n , a lower bound for $\sum_{r=1}^{n} \frac{1}{r^2}$.	[
		•••••

	e curve C has parametric equations $x = e^t - 4t + 3, \qquad y = 8e^{\frac{1}{2}t}, \qquad \text{for } 0 \le t \le 2.$	
(a)	Find, in terms of e, the length of C .	
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about the <i>x</i> -a	X1S.					
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6 (a) Using de Moivre's theorem, show that

Hence show that the equation $x^2 - 10x + 5 = 0$ has roots $\tan^2(\frac{1}{5}\pi)$ and $\tan^2(\frac{2}{5}\pi)$.	
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(b)	Given that $y = \tanh^{-1} \left(\frac{1-x}{2+x} \right)$, show that $(2x+1) \frac{dy}{dx} + 1 = 0$.

]	Hence find the first three terms in the Maclaurin's series for $\tanh^{-1}\left(\frac{1-x}{2+x}\right)$ in the form
	$a \ln 3 + bx + cx^2,$
,	where a , b and c are constants to be determined.
•	
•	
•	

8 ((a)	(i)	Find the set of values of a for which the system of equations
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$$x-2y-2z+7=0,$$

$$2x + (a-9)y-10z+11=0,$$

$$3x-6y+2az+29=0,$$

has a unique solution.	[4]

situation geometrically.					
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(b) The matrix **A** is given by

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & 2 \\ -1 & 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}.$$

the eigenvalues of A .	[4]

e the characteristic equation of A to find A^{-1} .	[4

Additional page

If you use the following lined page to complete the answer(s) to any question(s), the question number(s) must be clearly shown.					
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