

Cambridge International Examinations Cambridge International Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level

### BUSINESS

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Paper 2 Data Response MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 60

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Question		Ansv	/er		Marks	
1(a)(i)	Define the term 'shareholders' (line	e <b>1</b> ).			2	
	Knowledge and A	Applicati	on	Marks		
	A correct definition			2		
	A partial, vague or unfocused definit	ion		1		
	No creditable content			0		
	A shareholder is the owner/part owner of a company/incorporated business. Can be private or public limited company. A shareholder tends to buy shares and sell when the increase in value. A shareholder will expect dividends from the profits as a return on their investment. A shareholder has voting rights at the AGM and invests in a business/has voting rights.           Answer         Mark         Reason					
	A shareholder is a stakeholder	1	Partial definition			
	A shareholder is an owner of a business	0	Could be a sole trade	r		
	A shareholder is part-owner of a company	1	Refers to part owners so not a sole trader or partial			
	A shareholder invests money in a business and receives dividends	2	Two correct elements			

Question			Answe	r		Marks		
1(a)(ii)	Brie	Briefly explain the term 'focus group' (line 22).						
	Award one mark for each point of explanation:							
	с	1 mark						
	В	Consumers/potential consumers	/target ma	arket/customers	1 mark			
	Α	Primary/qualitative/opinions/feed	lback/led	by interviewer	1 mark			
	affe mar	qualitative data. Allows dialogue of cted by bias. Opinions may not be ket. Not statistically significant. Int swer	represen	tative of the general popula	tion/target			
	A	group of people	0	Too vague				
	A	group of customers	1	B mark for customers				
		interviewer carries out primary search on a group of customers	2	2× <b>A</b> points with 'interview 'primary research' and a customers. No <b>C</b> element marks	B mark for			
	со	mary research on potential nsumers to help make decisions out a product.	3	All 3 – A, B and C eleme	nts			

		AII	swer	Marks			
Refer to Table 1 and other information. Calculate the price of the dress for Lydia.							
Mark Rationale							
3 marks	3 marks Correct calculation of price (with or without working or \$)						
2 marks	2 marks Correct calculation* of total costs (with or without \$)						
1 mark	Correct formula c	r correct o	calculation* of wages				
0 marks	No creditable con	itent					
(FC+VC) + m	nark-up = Price						
Wages = 20	Wages = 20 hours × \$10 = \$200						
Total costs = \$200 + \$250 + \$50 = \$500							
Add 50% = \$250							
So selling price will be \$750							
	orrect answers	Mark	Pationale				
	200						
-			<b>3</b>				
-							
•	0						
	<u> </u>						
	3 marks 2 marks 1 mark 0 marks (FC+VC) + m Wages = 20 Total costs = Add 50% = So selling p *Working req Common inc Answer 10 × 20 = 2 \$200 + \$25 500 × 150% FC + VC th \$500 \$200	3 marksCorrect calculation2 marksCorrect calculation1 markCorrect formula on0 marksNo creditable condition(FC+VC) + mark-up = PriceWages = 20 hours $\times$ \$10 = \$200Total costs = \$200 + \$250 + \$50Add 50% = \$250So selling price will be \$750*Working required or explicit identCommon incorrect answers10 $\times$ 20 = 200\$200 + \$250 + \$50 = \$500500 $\times$ 150%FC + VC then add mark up\$500\$200Wages=200	3 marksCorrect calculation of price2 marksCorrect calculation* of total1 markCorrect formula or correct of0 marksNo creditable content(FC+VC) + mark-up = PriceWages = 20 hours × \$10 = \$200Total costs = \$200 + \$250 + \$50 = \$500Add 50% = \$250So selling price will be \$750*Working required or explicit identification ofCommon incorrect answersAnswerMark10 × 20 = 2001\$200 + \$250 + \$50 = \$5002500 × 150%2FC + VC then add mark up1\$5000\$2001	3 marksCorrect calculation of price (with or without working or \$)2 marksCorrect calculation* of total costs (with or without \$)1 markCorrect formula or correct calculation* of wages0 marksNo creditable content(FC+VC) + mark-up = PriceWages = 20 hours $\times$ \$10 = \$200Total costs = \$200 + \$250 + \$50 = \$500Add 50% = \$250So selling price will be \$750*Working required or explicit identification of TC/wagesCommon incorrect answersAnswerMark10 $\times$ 20 = 2001200 + \$250 + \$50 = \$5002Total costs calculated with working500 $\times$ 150%22Correct calculation, answer missingFC + VC then add mark up120004wrong answer with no working\$20004wrong answer with no working\$2001Explicit identification of wages			

Question	Answer							
1(b)(ii)	Explain <u>one</u> payment method (other than time based) that DC could use to pay its employees.							
	Level	Marks						
	2 (APP)	Explanation of a in context	3					
	1b (KK)	Explanation of a	payment method other t	han time based	2			
	1a (K)	Identification of a	a payment method other	than time based	1			
	0	No creditable cor	ntent		0			
	Bo     lea	gners per dress (% of th e profits paid for DC, mo	-		1			
	Context – d reputation f	esigners, employe or quality	ng paid performance related pay ees on the batch product	y and profit sharing	g. ner clothing,			
	Context – d reputation f	esigners, employe or quality ion E	performance related pay ees on the batch product	y and profit sharing ion method, desig Possible contex	g. ner clothing, t			
	Context – d reputation f	esigners, employe or quality ion E	performance related pay	y and profit sharing	g. ner clothing, t sacrificed and ellent			

Question	Answer							
1(c)	Analyse <u>two</u> human resource problems that DC might experience from the introduction of the new batch production method.							
	Level	Knowledge and Application (4 marks)	Marks	Analysis (4 marks)	Marks			
	<b>2</b>	Shows understanding of <b>two (or more)</b> human resource problems in context	4 (ANAN + ANAN)	Good analysis of <b>two (or</b> <b>more)</b> human resource problems that DC might experience from the introduction of the new batch production method.	4			
	(APP's)	Shows understanding of <b>one</b> human resource problem in context	3 (ANAN)	Good analysis of <b>one</b> human resource problem that DC might experience from the introduction of the new batch production method.	3			
	1 (K's)	Shows knowledge of <b>two (or more)</b> human resource problems	2 (AN + AN)	Limited analysis of <b>two (or</b> <b>more)</b> human resource problems	2			
		Shows knowledge of <b>one</b> human resource problem	1 (AN)	Limited analysis of <b>one</b> human resource problem	1			
	0		No cre	ditable content				
	<ul> <li>Contextual analysis likely to come from:</li> <li>Lower morale/job satisfaction – workers are used to working on unique clothing and will have immense pride in their work. This may fall if working on a batch production line.</li> <li>Deskilling – if machinery is being used, this may replace the skills of the employees used to make unique clothing</li> <li>Training needs – the new machinery will involve training, how will Khaleal manage this?</li> <li>Fear of change/communication issues – employees are likely to be very wary of the new machinery/batch production. Khaleal needs to have a clear communication and employee participation strategy.</li> </ul>							

Question	Answer								
1(d)	Discuss a suitable pricing trousers.	Discuss a suitable pricing strategy that DC could use for the new range of trousers.							
	Knowledge and Application (4 marks)	Marks	Analysis and Evaluation (7 marks)	Marks					
			Justified evaluation based on arguments in context	7					
			Developed evaluation based on arguments in context	6					
			An evaluative statement based on arguments in context	5					
	Shows understanding of one or more pricing strategy in context	4	Arguments (two sided) based on one or more pricing strategy in context	4					
	Identifies one or more pricing strategy in context	3	Argument (one sided) based on one pricing strategy in context	3					
	Shows understanding of one or more pricing strategy	2	Two or more pieces of limited analysis of one or more pricing strategy	2					
	Identifies one or more pricing strategy	1	One piece of limited analysis of one pricing strategy	1					
	<ul> <li>product is not context, but per contextual</li> <li>Context/content:</li> <li>Competitive – the trate to have other competitive department stores with department stores with each extension – DC and discounts on initial of and then increase p</li> <li>Skimming – unlikely they may have a repuniqueness of each charge higher prices</li> <li>Price discrimination market for trousers with the stores with the</li></ul>	ousers an estitors an esto stoc vill know re moving orders, bu rices. Ca to be eff putation f piece of s especia – unlikel particular vho will th	re being sold to department stores. They a d so they will need to be competitive to per- ck the trousers. This may be feasible as the the prices they are prepared to pay. g into a new market. They may look to offer uild their relationship with the department or quality but batch produced produ- fective as these are batch produced produ- fective as these are batch produced produ- to quality but batch production will mean clothing will be lost so unlikely to be able- ally to a department store. y to be effective as difficult for DC to sepa- ty by geography. They are selling direct to nen decide which stores to sell them in. D y are also trying to break into a new market.	ers is are likely ersuade ne er high stores act? ucts – the to arate the o the C does					

Question	Ar	nswer	Answer						
	Evaluation is likely to come from a candida	ate:							
	Judging which pricing strategy is best for DC to use and justifying this in the context								
	Weighting their response, for example, jus effective	tifying wh	ny a strategy is unl	ikely to be					
2(a)(i)	Define the term 'demand' (line 26).								
	Knowledge and Appli	Marks							
	A correct definition			2					
	A partial, vague or unfocused definition 1								
	No creditable content 0								
	(not needs and wants) to buy at a <b>given p</b> Demand is the ability and willingness of a d at a given price. Demand falls as price rise	consume	r to pay for a giver	- /					
	Example(s) or reference to demand falling or rising is not needed for maximum marks.								
	Example(s) or reference to demand falling	or rising		maximum marks.					
	Example(s) or reference to demand falling A diagram without further explanation shou	· ·	is not needed for	naximum marks.					
		· ·	is not needed for i arded one mark.	maximum marks. I <b>son</b>					
	A diagram without further explanation shou	uld be aw	is not needed for i arded one mark.	i <b>son</b> of the definition					
	A diagram without further explanation shou Answer The amount of a good consumers are	uld be aw	is not needed for r arded one mark. <b>Rea</b> Only 2 elements – for full marks w	of the definition vould need 3					

Question		Answer				Marks		
2(a)(ii)	Bri	efly explain the term 'tertiary sector' (line 1)	).			3		
	Award one mark for each point of explanation:							
	с	Example or some other way of showing good Examples could include distribution, hairdres Expertise/time			1 mark			
	B Relationship to other sectors (i.e. secondary, primary quaternary) 1 m							
	A Offer/sell/produce/provide etc. services/intangible goods 1 mark							
	con	e tertiary sector is made of businesses that sell isumer markets. Business here take goods from vices include law firms, accountancy firms, sho Answer	n the seco		d sell them.			
	Pi	rovide services and sell intangible products	1	A elements on	ly			
	S	ells services such as banking	2	A and C eleme	ents			
	pr	ells services to support the products from the imary and secondary sectors such as rmers' markets selling vegetables	3	Elements from and C	all – <b>A B</b>			

Question			Ans	swer	Marks			
2(b)(i)	Refer to Tabl	Refer to Table 3. Calculate the gross profit margin.						
	Mark			Rationale				
	3 marks	Correct calculation of	Correct calculation of gross profit margin (with or without working or %)					
	2 marks	Correct formula and	Correct formula <b>and</b> correct calculation of gross profit					
	1 mark	Correct formula or c	Correct formula <b>or</b> correct calculation of gross profit					
	0 marks	No creditable conter	nt					
	Formula can be	e implied through the corr	rect use	of figures.				
	<u>GP</u> revenue * 100	,						
	GP = 120 - 90 = 30 GPM = 30/120 *100 = <b>25%</b> Common incorrect answers							
		Answer	Mark	Rationale				
	120 - 90 = 3	0	1	Correct calculation of gross profit				
	[90 – (20+10 60/120 × 100	)/120] × 100 = ) = 50%	1	Gross profit incorrectly calculated but formula correct				
	(Gross profit Gross profit	/revenue) × 100. = 30	2	Correct formula and correct calculation of gross profit				
		- 20 000 - 90 000 = 000/120 000 =	1	Gross profit incorrectly calculated but formula correct				
	120 000 - 90	0000/120 000 = 0.25	2	Gross profit and method correct but ×100 missing from formula				
				missing nom formula				

Question		Answer						
2(b)(ii)	Explain <u>one</u> way that BG could improve its profit margin.							
	Level	Marks						
	2 (APP)	Explanation o	f a way to improve the pro	fit margin	3			
	1b (KK)	Identification of	of a way to improve the pr	ofit margin	2			
	1a (K)	Identification	of a way to improve profit		1			
	0	No creditable	content		0			
	• De		t maintain costs/expenses and maintain price Explanation	1	le context			
	Decrease	costs and price (APP)	Both costs and price referred to	This is clearly				
	Increase	orice (KK)	Only price, nothing about costs	Related to pro only identifies	fit margin but price so 2 marks.			
	Increase	revenue (K)	This relates to profit only.	1 mark as not margin	related to profit			

Answer							
Analyse <u>two</u> possible sources of finance that BG could use for the new lawnmower.							
Level	Knowledge and Application (4 marks)	Marks	Analysis (4 marks)	Marks			
2	Shows understanding of <b>two (or more)</b> sources of finance in context	4	Good analysis of <b>two (or more)</b> sources of finance that BG could use for the new lawnmower.	4			
	Shows understanding of <b>one</b> source of finance in context	3	Good analysis of <b>one</b> source of finance that BG could use for the new lawnmower.	3			
1	Shows knowledge of <b>two (or more)</b> sources of finance	2	Limited analysis of <b>two (or more)</b> sources of finance	2			
	Shows knowledge of one source of finance	1	Limited analysis of <b>one</b> source of finance	1			
0		No cr	editable content				
	ual analysis likely to come	from:					
• • • •	make the repayments? Time span, how long woulonger period of time. BG term. Does Barry prefer st Amount being borrowed. Barry or Michael invest at Interest rates, BG is a pa healthy profits and margin Future demand – Expected	IId BG bo is a part hort or m Would B dditional rtnership ns so cou ed to incr	prrow for, interest rates tend to be high nership, this could be risk if paid over edium or longer term? G need to borrow all of the \$10 000. funds themselves to limit the borrow so could be seen as risky to lend to all persuade a lender that the risk is ease as BG gain customers from co	gher over r longer Could ing? . But smaller. mpetitors			
	lawnmo Level 2 1 Any sou Context	Iawnmower.         Level       Knowledge and Application (4 marks)         Shows understanding of two (or more) sources of finance in context         Shows understanding of one source of finance in context         Shows understanding of one source of finance in context         Shows knowledge of two (or more) sources of finance         Shows knowledge of one source of finance         Shows knowledge of one source of finance         O         Any source of finance could be rel         Contextual analysis likely to come         Cash flow, Barry is worrie make the repayments?         Time span, how long wou longer period of time. BG term. Does Barry prefer s         Amount being borrowed. Barry or Michael invest ad healthy profits and margin         Interest rates, BG is a pa healthy profits and margin	Analyse two possible sources of finance lawnmower.         Level       Knowledge and Application (4 marks)       Marks         2       Shows understanding of two (or more) sources of finance in context       4         2       Shows understanding of one source of finance in context       3         3       Shows understanding of one source of finance in context       3         1       Shows knowledge of two (or more) sources of finance       2         1       Shows knowledge of one source of finance       1         0       No cr         Any source of finance could be relevant – a       Contextual analysis likely to come from:         •       Cash flow, Barry is worried about make the repayments?         •       Time span, how long would BG bor longer period of time. BG is a partnership healthy profits and margins so could be relevant – formate the repayments?	Analyse two possible sources of finance that BG could use for the new lawnmower.         Level       Knowledge and Application (4 marks)       Marks       Analysis (4 marks)         2       Shows understanding of two (or more) sources of finance in context       Good analysis of two (or more) sources of finance in context       Good analysis of one source of finance in context         2       Shows understanding of one source of finance in context       Good analysis of one source of finance in context       Good analysis of one source of finance that BG could use for the new lawnmower.         1       Shows understanding of finance in context       Good analysis of one source of finance that BG could use for the new lawnmower.         1       Shows knowledge of two (or more) sources of finance       Limited analysis of two (or more) sources of finance         1       Shows knowledge of finance       Limited analysis of one source of finance         0       No creditable content         Any source of finance could be relevant – analysis will depend on context used         Contextual analysis likely to come from:       • Cash flow, Barry is worried about working capital so how would BG be make the repayments?         • Time span, how long would BG borrow for, interest rates tend to be hig longer period of time. BG is a partnership, this could be risk if paid ove term. Does Barry prefer short or medium or longer term?         • Amount being borrowed. Would BG need to borrow all of the \$10 000. Barry or Michael invest additional funds themselves to limi	Analyse two possible sources of finance that BG could use for the new lawnmower.         Level       Knowledge and Application (4 marks)       Marks       Analysis (4 marks)       Marks         2       Shows understanding of two (or more) sources of finance that BG could use for the new lawnmower.       4       Good analysis of two (or more) sources of finance that BG could use for the new lawnmower.       4         2       Shows understanding of two (or more) sources of finance that BG could use for the new lawnmower.       4         3       Good analysis of one source of finance in context       3         4       Shows understanding of one source of finance in context       3       Good analysis of one source of finance that BG could use for the new lawnmower.       4         1       Shows knowledge of two (or more) sources of finance       2       Limited analysis of two (or more) sources of finance       2         1       Shows knowledge of two (or more) sources of finance       1       Limited analysis of one source of finance       1         0       No creditable content       3       Contextual analysis of one source of finance       1         Any source of finance could be relevant – analysis will depend on context used:       Contextual analysis likely to come from:       •         •       Cash flow, Barry is worried about working capital so how would BG be able to make the repayments?       •       Time span, how		

Question	Answer							
2(d)	Discuss the advantages and disadvantages to Barry and Michael of the business being a partnership.							
	Knowledge and Application (4 marks)	Marks	Analysis and Evaluation (7 marks)	Marks				
			Justified evaluation based on arguments in context	7				
			Developed evaluation based on arguments in context	6				
			An evaluative statement based on arguments in context	5				
	Shows understanding of two or more features of a partnership in context	4	Argument of advantage(s) and disadvantage(s) of partnerships in context	4				
	Shows understanding of one feature of a partnership in context	3	Argument of an advantage(s) or disadvantage(s) of partnerships in context	3				
	Identifies two or more features of a partnership	2	Limited analysis of an advantage(s) <b>and</b> disadvantage(s) of partnerships	2				
	Identifies one feature of a partnership	1	Limited analysis of an advantage(s) <b>or</b> disadvantage(s) of partnerships	1				
	No c	creditable	e content					
	Please annotate analysis of advantages in the left hand margin and disadvantages in the right hand margin. Evaluation can only be awarded if there is at least one double AN in the left and one double AN right hand margins.							
	Context/content:							
	<ul> <li>Advantages: <ul> <li>Partners can specialise, this has worked for BG with division of tasks (Barry – finance and marketing, Michael – technical and employees). This will help BG be successful e.g., strong profits and margins</li> <li>Partners run the business for themselves, not accountable to shareholders and so Michael and Barry gain the rewards from the business/retain control</li> <li>BG will be a smaller business and so Michael and Barry are likely to offer personal service and good communication to customers, Michael in marketing and Barry in agreeing prices and contracts. This will help BG gain a reputation and be more successful.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>							

Question	Answer	Marks
	<ul> <li>Disadvantages:</li> <li>Unlimited liability so a risk to Michael and Barry. They could lose their possessions as well as their investment should the business fail.</li> <li>Long hours of work/responsibility</li> <li>Conflict – Michael and Barry may fall out over decisions and this could lead to conflict and dissolution of the partnership e.g., over the finance needed for the lawnmower</li> <li>Partnership ceases if one partner dies.</li> </ul>	
	<ol> <li>Judging whether the advantages outweigh the disadvantages</li> <li>Weighting their response, for example, 'this is the main advantage because' is likely to lead an evaluative response.</li> </ol>	
	Candidates must cover both advantages and disadvantages to gain higher than 3+3 marks	