



UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CANDIDATE NAME						
CENTRE NUMBER				CANDIDATE NUMBER		

ACCOUNTING 0452/12

Paper 1 May/June 2011
1 hour 45 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper. No Additional Materials are required.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

You may use a calculator.

Where layouts are to be completed, you may not need all the lines for your answer.

The businesses mentioned in this Question Paper are fictitious.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

For Examiner's Use		
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
Total		

This document consists of 15 printed pages and 1 blank page.



There are 10 parts to Question 1.

1

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For **each** of the parts (a) to (j) below there are four possible answers A, B, C and D. Choose the **one** you consider correct and place a tick (\checkmark) in the box to indicate the correct answer.

ie you	ı cons	sider correct and place a tick (\checkmark) in the box to indicate the correct answe	er.	
(a)	Whic	ch business documents are used to write up the sales returns journal?		
	Α	credit notes issued to customers		
	В	credit notes received from suppliers		
	С	invoices issued to customers		
	D	invoices received from suppliers		[1]
(b)	Wha	t is cash discount?		
	Α	an allowance given to a customer for paying in cash		
	В	an allowance given to a customer for prompt payment		
	С	a deduction from the list price of goods bought by a customer		
	D	a deduction from the list price of goods for bulk buying by a customer		[1]
(c)	Whic	ch type of error is corrected using a suspense account?		
	Α	complete reversal		
	В	omission		
	С	principle		
	D	single entry		[1]
(d)		siness receives a bank statement and updates its cash book. ch item will increase the bank balance in the cash book?		
	Α	bank charges		
	В	credit transfers received		
	С	interest charges		
	D	standing orders paid		[1]

(e)		m's debt is to be written off as bad. It entries are required?			For Examiner's Use
		account to be debited	account to be credited		
	Α	Adam	bad debts		
	В	Adam	income statement		
	С	bad debts	Adam		
	D	bad debts	income statement	[1]	
(f)	Whice A B C D	ch is an intangible asset? goodwill inventory other receivables trade receivables		[1]	
(g)		ader took goods costing \$100 for his is this recorded in the ledger?	own use.		
	Α	debit drawings, credit inventory			
	В	debit drawings, credit purchases			
	С	debit inventory, credit drawings			
	D	debit purchases, credit drawings		[1]	
(h)	Whi	ch is a factory overhead?			
	Α	carriage on finished goods			
	В	carriage on raw materials			
	С	wages of factory supervisors			
	D	wages of machine operators		[1]	

(i)	How	is the collection period for debtors calculated?			For
	Α	credit sales / debtors x 100			Examiner's Use
	В	credit sales / debtors x 365			
	С	debtors / credit sales x 100			
	D	debtors / credit sales x 365		[1]	
(j)	At w	hich point is revenue considered to be earned by a business?			
	A	when an invoice is sent to the customer			
	В	when ownership of the goods passes to the customer			
	С	when the customer orders the goods			
	D	when the customer pays for the goods		[1]	
			[Total:	10]	

(a)	Nar	me two books of prime (original) end y.			For Examine
	(i)					Use
	(ii)				[2]	
(b)	Sta	te the purpose of preparing an i	ncome statement			
					[1]	
	•••••					
(c)		he table below, place a tick (\checkmark) ncome or an expense.	under the correct	t heading to show	whether the item	
			Income	Expense		
		Carriage outwards				
		Bad debt recovered			-	
(d)	Exp	Discount received	est system of petty	/ cash.	[3]	
(d)	Exp		est system of petty	/ cash.	[3]	
(d)				/ cash.	[3]	
(d) (e)		plain what is meant by the impre	which requires t		[2]	
		Name the accounting principle should be applied to similar ite	which requires t		[2] bunting treatment	
	(i)	Name the accounting principle should be applied to similar ite	which requires to ms at all times.	hat the same accounting in	[2] bunting treatment	
	(i)	Name the accounting principle should be applied to similar ite	which requires to ms at all times. which states the free from error a	hat the same accounting in	counting treatment [1] formation should	
	(i)	Name the accounting principle should be applied to similar ite	which requires t ms at all times. which states the	hat the same accounting in and bias.	counting treatment [1] formation should	

(g)	g) Bailee's trial balance at 31 March 2011 included the following items:					
			\$	Examiner's Use		
		Trade payables	φ 1800			
		Trade payables Trade receivables	1300			
		Bank (Dr)	3500			
		Drawings	4700			
		Inventory	2900			
		Provision for depreciation	3300			
	(i)	Calculate Bailee's working capital. Show your wo	orkings.			
			[3]			
	(ii)	Calculate Bailee's quick ratio. Show your working decimal places.	ngs and give your answer to two			
			[3]			
(h)	Nan	ne two types of shares which may be issued by a	limited company.			
	(i)					
	(ii)		[2]			
			[Total: 20]			

3

Alcazar has a clothing business and sells for cash a A summary of his cash book for the year ended 31 I		s the following:
Deposits for the year (cash and credit amount Payments for the year (to suppliers, expenses		\$ 3) 15 270 13 950
You are given the following additional information:		
Cash sales for the year deposited at the bank		\$2680
Trade receivables Inventory	1 April 2010 \$ 3 140 1 780	31 March 2011 \$ 4 080 1 920
An analysis of Alcazar's payments shows:		
Purchases from suppliers Carriage inwards Rent Electricity Insurance Wages paid to staff Drawings		\$ 9 560 280 600 360 580 1 370 1 200 13 950
REQUIRED		
(a) Calculate Alcazar's credit sales for the year. Sh	ow your workings	S.
		[4]

(b) Prepare Alcazar's income statement (showing the trading account) for the year ended Alcazar Income Statement for the year ended 31 March 2011 (c) (i) Calculate Alcazar's percentage of gross profit to sales for the year. Show your workings and give your answer to two decimal places.

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	(ii)	Calculate Alcazar's percentage of net profit to sales for the year. Show your workings and give your answer to two decimal places.
		[2]
		[3]
(d)		azar did not bank additional cash sales of \$2500 which were, therefore, not included is income statement.
	(i)	Recalculate the new percentage of gross profit to sales. Show your workings and give the calculation to two decimal places.
		[3]
	(ii)	State whether including these cash sales has increased or decreased the percentage of gross profit to sales.
		[1]
		[Total: 26]

(a)	Explain what is meant by the	e term 'other payable	e' (accrued expense	9).
				[2]
Kha	alim has a furniture business a			
At 1	I May 2010 he had accrued fu d fuel expenses of \$340 by ch	el expenses of \$30.	For the year ended	I 30 April 2011 he
RE	QUIRED			
(b)	Write up Khalim's fuel expentransfer to the income staten			
	F	Khalim Fuel expenses acco	unt	
				[6]
(c)	In the following table, place a of each asset shown on Kha	a tick (✓) under the I		
		Non-current tangible asset	Non-current intangible asset	Current asset
	Warehouse			
	Goodwill			
	Motor van			
	Trade receivables			
			1	[4]

Khalim sells three types of chair and provides the following information about his inventory at 30 April 2011.

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Chair type	Units in stock	Cost per unit \$	Selling price per unit \$
Armchair	15	55	65
Dining chair	36	25	20
Folding chair	60	15	18

REQUIRED

(d)	State the basis on which Khalim will value his inventory on 30 April 2011.	
		[3]
(e)	Calculate the value of Khalim's inventory at 30 April 2011. Show all your workings.	
		[8]

[Total: 23]

5 Piranha Limited is planning to buy a computer system costing \$4500 for use in its business.

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It estimates the computer system will have a useful life of three years and will have a scrap value of \$750 after that time.

•	Scrap value of \$7.50 after that time.							
	The company decides it will depreciate the computer system on the reducing balance method at the rate of 40% per annum.							
RE	QUIRE	D						
(a)	State two other methods of calculating depreciation.							
	(i)							
	(ii)					[2]		
(b)	Calculate the depreciation to be charged on the computer system for each of the three years of its useful life. Show your workings for each year.					n for each of the three		
	(i)	Year 1						
	(ii)	Year 2						
	(iii)	Year 3						
						[0]		
	•••••					[9]		
(c)	Complete the following extract from the company's balance sheet at the end of the third year.							
	Piranha Limited							
Balance Sheet at end of third year (extract)								
				Cost	Provision for depreciation	Net book value		
				\$	\$	\$		
	Non-d	current a	assets					
	Comp	outer sys	stem			[3]		

(d)	Piranha Limited compared the calculated net book value of the computer system three years with its expected scrap value after three years, \$750.							
	State whether you consider the percentage rate the company should be using to calculate the depreciation should be higher or lower . Give a reason for your answer.							
	[
(e)	Piranha Limited is proposing to take a three year bank loan.							
	In the table below, place a tick (\checkmark) under the correct heading to show the effect of taking the bank loan on the item.							
		Increase	Decrease	No effect				
	Net profit							
	Working capital							
	Return on capital employed							
					[6]			

[Total: 22]

For Examiner's Use 6 Monica has a shop. She writes up the books of account herself but is not an experienced bookkeeper. Her financial year ends on 28 February.

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The trial balance she prepared on 28 February 2011 showed a shortage on the debit side of \$720. Monica entered this in a suspense account and then prepared a draft income statement showing a profit for the year of \$3600.

The following errors were later discovered.

- A cheque payment of \$460 to repay a loan from Carlo has been correctly entered in the cash book but \$640 has been debited to his loan account.
- 2 Cash sales of \$850 have been completely omitted from the books.
- 3 A cheque payment for \$900 for goods has been entered in the cash book but no other entry has been made.
- 4 The purchase of new display shelves for \$1200 has been debited to the repairs account.

REQUIRED

(a) Show the journal entries required to correct the above errors. The date and narrative are **not** required.

Error 1	Dr \$	Cr \$
Error 2	1	Γ
Error 3		
Error 4		

[8]

(b)	Write up the suspense account in Monica's ledger from the above journal entries. Dates are not required.
	Monica
	Suspense account
	[6]
(c)	Prepare a statement to show Monica's profit for the year after correcting the errors 1 - 4.
	Monica Statement of corrected profit for the year ended 28 February 2011
	[5]
	[Total: 19]

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