MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2013 series

0452 ACCOUNTING

0452/21

Paper 2, maximum raw mark 120

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

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Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2013 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – October/November 2013	0452	21

1 (a)

Saira Rehman – Petty Cash Book

Total received	Date	Details	Total paid	Postage & stationery	Catering supplies	Cleaning	Ledger accounts
\$	2013		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
56 144 (1)	Oct 1	Balance b/d Bank/cash					
	4	Stamps and stationery	19	19 (1)			
3 (1)	10 14	Refund for personal postage Abdul Shakeel	34				34 (1)
	18	Tea and coffee	9		9 (1)		
	23	Syed Arshad	16			00 (4)	16 (1)
	28	Cleaning	80			80 (1)	
			158	19	9	80	50
	31	Balance c/d	45				
203		Balance b/d	203				
45 (1) OF	Nov 1	Balance b/d					
155 (1) OF		Bank/cash					

Dates (1) OF Totals of analysis columns (1) OF Totals of total columns (1)

[12]

Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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	dul Shakeel account \$34 (1) ed Arshad account \$16 (1)		[2]
(c) Credit Po	ostage and stationery account (2)		[2]

(d) The amount available for the day-to-day running of the business (1)
 The difference between the current assets and the current liabilities (1)

1	~	١
١.	C	1

Transaction	Effect on working capital	Reason
Returned damaged goods, \$35, to Annie Khan, a credit supplier	No effect (1)	Inventory (current assets) decreases by \$35 Trade payables (current liabilities) decrease by the same amount (1)
Paid Loans & Co \$2015, representing repayment of a \$2000 short-term loan and \$15 interest	Decrease \$15 (1)	Bank (current assets) decreases by \$2015 Other payables (current liabilities) decrease by \$2000 (1)
Received a cheque for \$190 from Uzma Ali, a credit customer, in full settlement of \$200 owing	Decrease \$10 (1)	Current assets decrease by \$10 (bank increases by \$190 and trade receivables decrease by \$200) (1)

[6]

[2]

[Total: 24]

Page 4		nrk Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – Oct	ober/November 2013	0452	21
(a) (i)	2013	Susan Kunaka accoun \$ 201		\$
	July 1 Balance b/d 4 Sales (1)		/ 24 Bank 30 Bad debts	150 (1) <u>62</u> (1) <u>212</u> [3
(ii)		Bad debts account \$		\$
	2013 June 30 Debtors July 30 S Kunaka	201	3 / 31 Income statement	<u>482</u> (1)OF <u>482</u> [3
(iii)	Ba	ad debts recovered acco	ount	
	2013 July 31 Income	\$ 201		\$
	statement (OR bad debts)	<u>103</u> (1)	(XY Stores)	103 (1)
		<u>103</u>		<u>103</u> [2
(iv)	Provi	sion for doubtful debts a \$	account	\$
	2013 July 31 Income statement Balance c/d	201	2 g 1 Balance b/d	۵ 1200 (1)
		<u>1200</u> 201	3 g 1 Balance b/d	1200 840 (1) OF
		Aug	y i Dalance D/U	840 (1)OF [4]

Alternatively the total of the bad debts recovered account could be transferred to the bad debts account (1) The net amount of bad debts transferred to the income statement would then be

\$379 (1)

Page 5			Scheme		Syllabus	Paper	r
		IGCSE – Octob	er/November 20	13	0452	21	
(-) (i)	A 14 a .	wative www.aantetien					
(a) (i)	Alte	rnative presentation	usan Kunaka acc	ount			
			Debit	Crea	lit	Balance	
	201	13	\$	\$		\$	
		y 1 Balance	20	Ť		20 Dr	
		4 Sales	192 (1)			212 Dr	
		24 Bank			0 (1)	62 Dr	
		30 Bad debts		6	62 (1)	0	
							[3
(ii)							
(11)			Bad debts accou	int			
			Debit	Cred	dit	Balance	
	201	13	\$	\$		\$	
	Jur	ne 30 Balance	420 (1)			420 Dr	
	Jul	y 30 S Kunaka	62 (1)			482 Dr	
		31 Income statement		48	2 (1)OF	0	50
							[3]
(iii)							
()		Bad	debts recovered	account			
			Debit	Crea	dit	Balance	
	201		\$	\$		\$	
	Jul	y 16 Cash (XY Stores)		10	3 (1)	103 Cr	
		31 Income statement	102 (1)			0	
		(OR bad debts)	103 (1)			0	[2]
							L ~ .
(iv)							
. ,		Provisio	n for doubtful det	ots accoun	t		
			Debit	Crea	dit	Balance	
	201		\$	\$	o (4)	\$	
	Aug 201	g 1 Balance		120	0 (1)	1200 Cr	
		y 31 Income statement	360 (1)			840 Cr	
	Jul	y or moome statement	000(1)			(2)C/F	
						(1))O/F	
						. //	[4]

Alternatively the total of the bad debts recovered account could be transferred to the bad debts account (1) The net amount of bad debts transferred to the income statement would then be

\$379 (1)

Page 6	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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(b)

	Overstated \$	Understated \$
Profit for the year ended 31 July 2013	-	360 (2)O/F
Current assets at 31 July 2013	-	360 (2)O/F

[4]

(c) (i)	<u>Trade receivables</u> × <u>365</u> Credit sales 1	[1]
(ii)	$\frac{28\ 000}{224\ 000} \times \frac{365}{1} (1) = 45.6 = 46 \text{ days (1)}$	[2]
(iii)	May not be able to pay creditors on time May be refused further supplies on credit May overdraw on bank account May not be able to take advantage of business opportunities Or other suitable comment	[0]
	Any 1 comment (2)	[2]
		[Total: 21]

	Page 7	Mark Schen	ne	Syllabus	Paper
		IGCSE – October/Nov	ember 2013	0452	21
3	(a)				
			ven Wright		
		Income Statement for the			•
			\$	\$	\$
		evenue		169 000 (1)	164 000
		ess Sales returns ess Cost of sales		<u> </u>	164 000
		pening inventory		9 000 (1)	
		urchases	132 000 (1)	0 000 (1)	
		ess Goods for own use	<u>1 000</u> (1)	<u>131 000</u>	
			(/	140 000	
	Le	ess Closing inventory		<u>17 000</u> (2)C/F	
				(1)O/F	
	-				<u>123 000</u>
		ross profit			41 000 (2)
	C	ommission received			<u> </u>
		ess Wages			42 215
		(26 500 + 750)		27 250 (1)	
		General expenses		21 200 (1)	
		(3970 – 170)		3 800 (1)	
		Provision for doubtful debts			
		((2% × 14 200) – 260)		24 (2)	
		Loan interest			
		$(6\% \times 6000 \times 6 \text{ months})$		180 (1)	
		Depreciation – Equipment		0.000 (4)	
		(20% × 30 000)		6 000 (1)	
		Motor vehicle (25% × (16 000	7000))	2 250 (1)	39 504
	P	rofit for the year	(= 7000))	2 250 (1)	2 711
	1				(1)O/F
	н	orizontal format acceptable			(1)0/1
					[18]
	(b) Consist				
		ng (accurals) (1)			F03
	Accoun	ting (business) entity (1)			[3]
					[Total: 21]

Page 8		Mark	Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
		IGCSE – Octob	er/November 2013	0452	21
4 (a)					
			Samira El Badry		
			Suspense account		
			\$		\$
	2013			2013	
	Aug 31	Difference on		Aug 31 Amrik Bhatti	36 (1)
		trial balance	116 (1)	31 Rent received	200 (1)
		Purchases returns	()	Rent paid	200 (1)
		Discount received	<u>286</u> (1)	Balance c/d	<u>66</u>
			<u>502</u>		<u>502</u>
	2013	.		_	
	Sept 1	Balance b/d	66 (1)O /	F	
Alternative	presenta	tion			
	•		Samira El Badry		
			Suspense account		
			Debit	Credit	Balance
	2013		\$	\$	\$
	Aug 31	Difference on trial balance	116 (1)		116 Dr
		Purchases returns	100 (1)		216 Dr
		Discount received	<u>286</u> (1)		502 Dr
		Amrik Bhatti		36 (1)	466 Dr
		Rent received		200 (1)	266 Dr
		Rent paid		200 (1)	66 Dr
		-			(1)O/F
					[

(b) It would appear that not all the errors have been discovered (1) as there is still a balance on the suspense account (1)

Or - if the candidate's suspense account is closed -

It would appear that all the errors have been discovered (1) as there is no balance remaining on the suspense account (1) [2]

(c) Only errors that affect the balancing of the trial balance are corrected using a suspense account. (1)

Error 3 (The omission of goods for own use) does not affect the balancing of the trial balance and so is not corrected using that account. (1) [2]

Page 9	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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(d)	(i)	August 6 Purchases Explanation – Samira El Badry has purchased goods on credit from Tahir Stores Ltd (2 Double entry – Debit purchases account (1)	2) [3]
	(ii)	August 6 Carriage Explanation – Tahir Stores Ltd have charged Samira El Badry for the cost of deliveri goods to her premises (2) Double entry – Debit carriage inwards account (1)	ng [3]
	(iii)	August 31 Interest Explanation – Tahir Stores Ltd have charged Samira El Badry interest on the amou she owes (2) Double entry – Debit interest payable account (1)	unt [3]
(e)	Liat	jility [Total: 2	[1] 21]
(a)	(i)	Share losses Share responsibilities Share risks Share decision-making Additional finance may be available Additional skills and experience are available Or other suitable comment Any 1 comment (1)	[1]
	(ii)	Share profits Decisions must be recognised by all partners Decisions may take longer to implement One partner's actions can bind the other partners Disagreements can occur All partners are responsible for the debts of the business Or other suitable comment Any 1 comment (1)	[1]
(b)	То а	avoid misunderstandings and disagreements later	[1]

5

Mark Sch		Syllabus	Paper
IGCSE – October/N	ovember 2013	0452	21
Carol Ch	en Current accou	int	
			\$
12	Ŧ	2013	Ŧ
	5 100 (1)		al 2 000}
		-	15 000 }(1)
	20 400}	Profit share	7 560 (1)
0	612 }(1)	Balance c/d	<u>1 552</u> ´´
C C			26 112
13			
v 1 Balance b/d	1 552 (1)O/F		
ernative presentation			
	en Current accou	unt	
			Balance
12			\$
		Ŧ	5 100 D
13			
t 31 Drawings	20 400}		25 500 Di
-	612 } (1)		26 112 Di
Int. on capital		2 000}	24 112 D
Salary		15 000 }(1)	9 112 Di
Profit share		7 560 (1)	1 552 D
			(1)O/F
	IGCSE – October/N Carol Ch 12 vv 1 Balance b/d 13 st 31 Drawings Int. on drawings 13 vv 1 Balance b/d ternative presentation Carol Ch 12 sv 1 Balance b/d 13 st 31 Drawings Int. on drawings Int. on capital Salary	IGCSE – October/November 2013 Carol Chen Current accou \$ 12 v 1 Balance b/d 5 100 (1) 13 tt 31 Drawings 20 400} Int. on drawings <u>612</u> }(1) <u>26 112</u> 13 v 1 Balance b/d 1 552 (1)O/F ternative presentation Carol Chen Current accou Debit 12 \$ v 1 Balance b/d 5 100 (1) 13 tt 31 Drawings 20 400} Int. on drawings 612} (1) Int. on capital Salary	IGCSE - October/November 2013 0452 Carol Chen Current account \$ 2013 v 1 Balance b/d 5 100 (1) Oct 31 Int. on capit 13 Salary vt 31 Drawings 20 400} Profit share Int. on drawings 612 (1) 13 Carol Chen Current account 26 112 13 13 1 552 (1)O/F Credit 12 \$ 26 112 1 13 Credit 14 \$ 152 (1)O/F \$ Credit 12 \$ Carol Chen Current account Debit Debit Credit 12 \$ v 1 Balance b/d 5 100 (1) 13 \$ v 1 Balance b/d 5 100 (1) 13 \$ v 1 Balance b/d 5 100 (1) 13 \$ v 1 Balance b/d 5 100 (1) 13 \$

(d) The balance represents the amount owing by Carol Chen to the business. Or appropriate answer based on candidate's answer to (c)

(e)

account to be debited	account to be credited	
Tony Chen current account (1)	Tony Chen capital account (1)	

[2]

[2]

 (f) Financial information is only relevant if it can be used – To confirm or correct prior expectations about past events To assist in forming, revising or confirming expectations about the future As the basis for financial decisions In time to be able to influence decisions Explanation of any 1 point (2)

[Total: 14]

[2]

Page 11				Syllabus	Paper	
		IGCSE – Oc	ctober/November 2013	0452	21	
(a)		F	Percentage of gross profit to reve	enue		
<u> </u>			-		Answer 15.5% (1)	
	34 100} (1) × 100 220 000} 1 Percentage of profit for the year to revenue					
		Formula	Workings to one decimal place	ce Ans	swer	
			$\frac{(34\ 100-20\ 240)}{220\ 000} \times \frac{100}{1} =$ $\frac{13\ 860}{220\ 000} (1) \times \frac{100}{1}$	6.3%	% (1)	
	Return on capital employed (ROCE)					
		Formula	Workings to one decimal plac	ce Ans	wer	
	<u>Profit</u> Capita	<u>for the year</u> × <u>100</u> al employed 1 (1)	<u>13 860</u> 0/F × <u>100</u> 110 880 1	12.5%	(1)OF	
		(a) Gros Re Profit F	(a) Formula Gross profit × 100 (1) Revenue 1 Percent Formula Profit for the year × 100 Revenue 1 (1) Formula Profit for the year × 100 Revenue 1 (1)	IGCSE – October/November 2013(a)Percentage of gross profit to revelFormulaWorkings to one decimal place $(220\ 000 - 185\ 900) \times 100 = 220\ 000 \times 100\ 000\ 0$	IGCSE – October/November 20130452(a)Percentage of gross profit to revenueFormulaWorkings to one decimal placeAns $Gross profit × 100 (1)$ Revenue $(220\ 000\ -185\ 900) \times 100\ =\ 220\ 000\ 1$ 100 = 1 $34\ 100\}\ (1) \times 100\ 220\ 000\}\ 1$ 115.5' $34\ 100\}\ (1) \times 100\ 220\ 000\}\ 1$ 115.5'Percentage of profit for the year to revenueAnsFormula Profit for the vear $\times 100\ Revenue\ 1$ Workings to one decimal place 220\ 000\ 1Ans $13\ 860\ (1) \times 100\ 220\ 000\ 1$ 6.39 $13\ 860\ (1) \times 100\ 220\ 000\ 1$ 6.39Profit for the vear $\times 100\ Revenue\ 1$ Return on capital employed (ROCE)Formula Profit for the vear $\times 100\ Capital employed\ 1$ Workings to one decimal place 13\ 860\ 0/F \times 100\ 110\ 880\ 1Profit for the vear $\times 100\ Capital employed\ 1$ 12.5%	

[8]

Page 12		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
		IGCSE – October/November 2013	0452	21
	Has Is se Has Is tal Is all Or o	Limited – a higher selling price lling goods at a higher mark-up a lower cost price king advantage of bulk buying owing customers a lower rate of trade discount ther suitable reason 1 reason (2)		[2]
	Has Has Has Has Or o	r Limited – higher expenses less control over expenses different types of expenses (fixed/variable) lower amount of other income ther suitable reason 1 reason (2)		[2]
		shows the profit earned for each \$100 used in the l higher the percentage the more efficiently the capit		/ed. (1) [2]
		ck Murphy ppropriate answer based on answer to (a)(iii)		[1]
Sho The The The The It ma Or c	uld c finar finar finar busit state ay no	ompare with a business of approximately the same ompare with a business of the same type (sole trad acial statements may be for one year which will not acial statements may be for one year which is not a acial year may end on different dates (when invento nesses may operate different accounting policies ements do not show non-monetary factors at be possible to obtain all the information needed to suitable points bints (2) each	er) show trends typical year ries are high/low)	