# MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2011 question paper for the guidance of teachers 

## 0452 ACCOUNTING

0452/23 Paper 2, maximum raw mark 120

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

- Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

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1 (a)
Paul Ahmadi account


Irene Moyo account
\$ \$
2011
110
114

2011
April 24 Bank 80 (1)
30 Bad debts
114

## Alternative presentation

|  |  | Debit | Credit | Balance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2010 |  | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| April 1 | Balance | 240 |  | 240 Dr |
| 7 | Bank |  | 234 (1) | 6 Dr |
|  | Discount |  | 6 (1) | - |
| 11 | Sales | 368 (1) |  | 368 Dr |
| 18 | Sales returns |  | 136 (1) | 232 |
|  |  |  |  | (2) C/F <br> (1) O/F |

Irene Moyo account

|  |  | Debit | Credit | Balance |
| ---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2010 | $\$$ | $\$$ | $\$$ |  |
| April 1 | Balance | 110 |  | 110 |
| 2 | Interest | $4(1)$ |  | 114 |
| 24 | Dr |  |  |  |
| 30 | Bank |  | (1) | 34 |
|  | Dr |  |  |  |

(b) A debit note may be issued by a customer to request a reduction in an invoice (1)

A credit note may be issued by a supplier to reduce an invoice for returns/overcharge etc (1)
(c) (i) purchases journal (1)
(ii) sales returns journal (1)

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(d) A statement of account is not a transaction (1)

It is a summary of the account of the customer in the books of the supplier
Or
It is a reminder to the customer of the amount due (1)
(e)

| Item |  | Source of information | Entry in sales ledger <br> control account |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (ii) | bad debts written off | journal | (1) | credit |
| (iii) | cash discount allowed | cash book (1) | credit | (1) |
| (iv) | contra item transferred <br> to purchases ledger | journal | (1) | credit |

[Total: 21]

|  | $\$$ | $\$$ | $\$$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Revenue <br> Less Cost of sales <br> Opening inventory <br> Purchases |  | 500 (1) |  |

## Horizontal format acceptable

[Total: 18]

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3 (a) Business entity
(b)

| Journal |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Debit } \\ \$ \end{gathered}$ | Credit \$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | W Lister Current (or Drawings) <br> Purchases <br> Goods taken for own use by W Lister | 420 | 420 |
| 2 | Office stationery <br> T Lister Current Office stationery paid for by T Lister | 32 | 32 |
| 3 | Motor vehicles <br> W Lister Capital <br> Motor vehicle introduced by W Lister | 15200 | 15200 |
| 4 | T Lister Current <br> T Lister Capital <br> Transfer from current to capital account | 5000 | 5000 |

(c) Lower of cost and net realisable value
(d) To avoid overstating the profit

To avoid overstating the assets
To apply the principle of prudence
Any two comments (1 each)
(e) $\$ 560$ (1) $\times 3 / 4$ (1) $=\$ 420$ (1) Decrease (1)

Or
Original profit share $3 / 4 \times \$ 18500$
\$
13875 (1)
13455 (1)
420 (1)

Other methods of calculation acceptable

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4 (a) Consistency
(b) Ensures that profits are not overstated (1)

Ensures that the non-current assets are not overstated (1)
(c) Accruals (Or matching)
(d)

Office equipment account


2011
April 1 Balance b/d 7000 (1) O/F

Provision for depreciation of office equipment account

|  |  | \$ |  |  | \$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2010 |  |  | 2010 |  |  |  |
| Dec 31 | Disposals | 1600 (2) | April 1 | Balance b/d | 4500 | (1) |
| 2011 |  |  | 2011 |  |  |  |
| Mar 31 | Balance c/d | 3950 (1) | Mar 31 | Income statement |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 20\% $\times$ ( $7500-4000$ ) | 700 | (1) |
|  |  |  |  | Income statement |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $20 \% \times 3500 \times 6 / 12$ | 350 | (1) |
|  |  | 5550 |  |  | 555 |  |
|  |  |  | 2011 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | April 1 | Balance b/d | 3950 | (1) |

Office equipment disposal account

|  |  | \$ |  |  | \$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2010 |  |  | 2010 |  |  |  |
| Dec 31 | Office equipment | 4000 (1) | Dec 31 | Prov for Dep | 1600 | (1) |
|  |  | O/F |  |  |  | O/F |
|  |  |  |  | AH Company | 2000 | (1) |
|  |  |  | 2011 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Mar 31 | Income statement | 400 | (1) |
|  |  | 4000 |  |  | 4000 | O/F |


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## Alternative presentation

Office equipment account

2010
April 1 Balance
Oct 1 Bank
Dec 31 Disposals

| Debit | Credit | Balance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\$$ | $\$$ | $\$$ |
| $7500(1)$ |  | 7500 Dr |
| 3500 (1) |  | 11000 Dr |
|  |  | 4000 (1) |
|  | 7000 Dr |  |

(2) C/F
(1) O/F

Depreciation of office equipment account

|  |  | Debit | Credit | Balance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2010 |  | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| April 1 | Balance |  | 4500 (1) | 4500 Cr |
| Dec 31 | Disposals | 1600 (2) |  | 2900 Cr |
| 2011 |  |  |  |  |
| Mar 31 | Income statement |  |  |  |
|  | 20\% $\times$ ( $7500-4000$ ) |  | 700 (1) |  |
|  | $20 \% \times 3500$ v $6 / 12$ |  | 350 (1) | 3950 Cr |
|  |  |  |  | (2) C/F <br> (1) O/F |

Office equipment disposal account

2010
Dec 31 Office equipment Prov for Dep
AH Company
2011
Mar 31 Income statement

| Debit | Credit | Balance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\$$ | $\$$ | $\$$ |
| $4000(1) O / F$ |  | 4000 Dr |
|  | $1600(1) \mathrm{O} / \mathrm{F}$ | 2400 Dr |
|  | 2000 (1) | 400 Dr |

400 (1)O/F
[Total: 20]

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5 (a)
Osama Mousa
Statement of Affairs at 31 March 2011

| Non-current Assets | $\$$ <br> Cost | $\$$ <br> Depreciation <br> to date | $\$$ <br> Book <br> value |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Equipment | $\underline{17000(1)}$ | $4250(1)$ | $12750(1)$ <br> Motor vehicle |
| $\underline{10000}$ | $\underline{\underline{2500}(1)}$ | $\underline{7500}$ (1) |  |

Horizontal presentation acceptable

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(b) Calculation of profit or loss for the year ended 31 March 2011

|  | $\$$ | $\$$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Capital at 31 March 2011 |  | $21100(1)$ O/F |
| Drawings | $\underline{8000}(\mathbf{1 )}$ |  |
| Less Capital at 1 April 2010 | 22000 (1) | 2100 |
| $\quad$ Capital introduced | $\underline{5000}(1)$ | $\underline{27000}$ |
| Profit for the year | $\underline{2100}$ (2) O/F |  |

## Alternative presentation

## Capital account

|  |  | \$ |  |  | \$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2011 |  |  | 2010 |  |  |
| Mar 31 | Drawings | 8000 (1) | April 1 | Balance b/d | 22000 (1) |
|  | Balance c/d | 21100 (1) | 2011 |  |  |
|  |  |  | Mar 31 | Bank | 5000 (1) |
|  |  |  |  | Profit for year | 2100 (2) |
|  |  |  |  |  | O/F |
|  |  | $\underline{29100}$ |  |  | $\underline{29100}$ |
|  |  |  | 2011 |  |  |
|  |  |  | April 1 | Balance b/d | 21100 |

Three column running balance account acceptable

6 (a) Percentage of gross profit to sales
Gross profit $=585000-(31600+390000-32100)=195500(1)$
Gross profit percentage $\left.=\frac{195500}{585000}\right\}(1) \times \frac{100}{1}=33.42 \%(1)$
Percentage of net profit to sales
Net profit $=195500$ (O/F) $-(51300+45$ 200 $)=99000$ (1) O/F
Net profit percentage $\left.=\frac{99000}{585000}\right\}(1) \mathbf{O F} \times \frac{100}{1}=16.92 \%(1) \mathrm{O} / \mathrm{F}$
Rate of inventory turnover
Cost of goods sold $=31600+390000-32100=389500$
Average stock $=\frac{31600+32100}{2}=31850$
Rate of turnover $=\frac{389500 \text { (1) }}{31850(1)}=12.23$ times (1)

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(b) (i) Salma Ali is -

Not buying goods as cheaply
Not taking advantage of bulk buying
Not passing increased costs on to customers
Buying more expensive goods
Selling goods at a lower margin
Allowing customers a higher rate of trade discount

## Or other suitable point

Any one reason (2)
(ii) Salma Ali has -

Lower expenses
Better control of expenses
Different types of expenses (fixed/variable)
Higher amount of other income

## Or other suitable point

Any one reason (2)
(iii) Salma Ali has -

Higher stock levels
Lower sales activity

## Or other suitable point

Any one reason (2)
(c) Should compare with a business of approximately the same size

Should compare with a business of the same type (sole trader)
Should compare with business selling same type of goods
Should compare with a business with approximately the same amount of capital
The accounts may be for one year only which will not show trends and may not be a typical year
The financial year may end at a different point in the trading cycle
The businesses may operate different accounting policies
There may be differences which affect profitability and the items on a balance sheet
The financial statements do not show non-monetary items
It is not always possible to obtain all the information about a business in order to make a true comparison

Or other suitable points
Any three points (2) each

