CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2013 series

0452 ACCOUNTING

0452/11 Paper 1, maximum raw mark 120

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2013 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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- 1 (a) D
 - (b) D
 - (c) D
 - (d) B
 - (e) A
 - (f) B
 - (g) C
 - (h) A
 - (i) A
 - (j) C (1) mark each

[Total: 10]

Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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2 (a) Dividends (1)

Transfer to general reserve (1)

[2]

(b) Shareholders have a legally separate identity from that of the company in which they hold shares

OR

Shareholders are only responsible for the debts of the company up to the amount they agreed to pay for their shares [2]

(c) Maximum (1)

Called up (1)

Money/cash/payment (1)

[3]

(d)
$$\frac{8}{100} \times \frac{500\,000}{1000\,000} = \$0.04$$

(e) To spread the cost of a non-current asset over its useful life

[1]

(f) (i)
$$8000 - 1600 = 6400$$
 (1) $- 1600$ = 4800 (1)

[2]

(ii)
$$8000 - 2000 = 6000$$
 (1) $- 1500$) = 4500 (1)

[2]

(g) Revaluation (1)

Packing cases/loose tools/other appropriate example (1)

[2]

[1]

(h) Disposal account

[Total: 16]

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3 (a) Any two from –

To see the return on his investment

To see if he is generating funds for re-investment

To decide whether to continue in business or close the business

To compare the profit with previous years

To compare the profit with that of other businesses

To ensure that drawings do not exceed profit

To plan for the future/assist decision-making

To know if expenses can be controlled better/if improvements can be made

To calculate ratios/calculate profitability/measure performance

To compare profit with the salary if he worked elsewhere

For legal or tax purposes

Any 2 reasons (1) each

[2]

(b)

Account	Trial balance Debit or credit		Balance sheet section	
Drawings	Debit	(1)	Capital	(1)
Provision for doubtful debts	Credit	(1)	Current assets	(1)
Credit supplier	Credit	(1)	Current liabilities	(1)
Bank overdraft	Credit	(1)	Current liabilities	(1)
Long term bank loan	Credit	(1)	Non-current liabilities	(1)
Provision for depreciation	Credit	(1)	Non-current assets	(1)

[12]

(c) Any two from –

Omission	(1)	example of transaction totally omitted from the books	(1)
Commission	(1)	example of transaction posted to correct side of wrong	
		account of right class	(1)
Principle	(1)	example of transaction posted to correct side of wrong	
		account of wrong class	(1)
Original entry	(1)	example of transaction incorrectly recorded in book of	• •
		prime entry	(1)
Reversal	(1)	example of debit entry posted on credit side and vice versa	(1)
Compensating	(1)	example of two or more errors cancelling each other out	(1)

Naming any 2 errors (1) each

+ (1) each for appropriate example

[4]

[Total: 18]

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4 (a)

<i>,</i>		
Document	Alan	Vicky
Invoice	√ (1)	
Credit note	√ (1)	
Debit note		√ (1)
Statement of account	√ (1)	

[4]

(b)

				suran	ce account			
			\$				\$	
2012					2013			
July 1	Balance	b/d	200	(1)	June 30	Income statement	1300	(1)OF
Sept 1	Bank/cash	1	<u>1320</u> 1520	(1)		Balance c/d	<u>220</u> 1520	
2013								
July 1	Balance	b/d	220	(1)				
± (1) datos	•							

+ (1) dates

[5]

(c)

				atione	ery account			
0040			\$		0040		\$	
2012	Dalama	I- /-I	00	(4)	2013	l	700	(4) 05
July 1 2013	Balance	b/d	60	(1)	June 30	Income statement Balance c/d	760 110	(1)OF
June 30	Bank/cash	า	810 870	(1)			870	
2013							<u>0.0</u>	
July 1	Balance	b/d	110	(1)				

+ (1) dates

[5]

Page 6	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper	
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Sales ledger control account Purchases ledger control account Trial balance

Any one (1) [1]

,	•	
•	Δ١	
ı	σı	

2012		C	Cash Bo \$	ok (Bank		s on	nly)	\$	
2013 Aug 1	Balance Diga Howat	b/d	1690 658 512 	(1) (1) (1)	2013 Aug <i>1</i>	1	Bank charges Water rates Rent Balance c/d	61 205 1000 <u>1594</u> 2860	(1) (1) (1)
2013 Aug 1	Balance	b/d	1594	(1) OF					

[7]

(f)

Bank Reconciliation	n Statement at 1 A	ugust 2013	
		\$	\$
Balance shown in cash book			1594 (1)OF
Add Cheques not yet presented	Nash	701 (1)	
	Zamir	<u>451</u> (1)	<u>1152</u>
			2746
Less Amounts not yet credited	Cash sales		<u>1112</u> (1)
Balance shown on bank statement			1634 (1)

Alternative presentation Bank Reconciliation Statement at 1 August 2013					
	·	\$		\$	(4)
Add Amounts not yet credited	Cash sales			1634 <u>1112</u> 2746	(1) (1)
Less Cheques not yet presented	Nash Zamir	701 451	(1) (1)	1152	
Balance shown in cash book		<u></u>	(-)	<u>1594</u>	(1)OF

[5]

[Total: 27]

	Pa	ge 7		Ma	ark Sche	me		Syllab	us	Pap	er
			IGCS		tober/No		2013	0452		11	
5	(a)				Sub	ecription	ns account				
					\$ \$	Scription	is account			\$	
		2012 Aug 1	Balance	b/d	60	(1)	2012 Aug 1	Balance	b/d	70	(1)
		2013 July 31	Income ar	nd	00		2013 July 31	Bank		3100	(1)
		ouly or	Expenditu Balance		3190 10	(1)OF	cary or	Bad debts Balance	c/d	50) (1)
		2013			<u>3260</u>		2013			<u>3260</u>	<u>)</u>
		Aug 1	Balance	b/d	40	(1)	Aug 1	Balance	b/d	10	(1)
											[7]
	(b)										
	()						minton Club				
			ļ	ncome S	Statement	t for the	year ended 3	31 July 2013 \$	3	\$	
		Revenue						•			(1)
		Inve	st of sales ntory 1 Augu hases (2800					400 <u>2650</u>	(1) (1)		
		Less	Inventory 3	1 July 20	013			3050 _480	(1)	<u>2570</u>	
		Profit							(-)		(1)OF
											[5]
	(0)										
	(c)				Top S	Shot Bad	minton Club				
			Income	and Exp	enditure <i>i</i>	Account	for the year	•	uly 20		
		Subscrip	tions					\$		\$ 3190 ((1)OF
		Profit on	refreshment	S						<u>2630</u> 5820	(1)OF
		Rent						1400}		3620	
		Wages Other cos	sts					1200 } 370	(1) (1)		
		Bad debt	s					50	(1)		
			tion – equipr or the year	ment (62	200 + 380	0 – 8100	0)	<u>1900</u>	(2)	<u>4920</u> 900	(1)OF
			-								[8]
											_

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(d)

Top Shot Badminton Club Balance Sheet at 31 July 2013

\$ \$

Non-current Assets Equipment at valuation

8 100 **(1)**

\$

Current Assets

 Inventory
 480 (1)

 Subscriptions accrued
 40 (1)

 Bank
 1 420 (1)

1 940

Current Liabilities

Net current assets <u>1 930</u> 10 030

Accumulated Fund Opening balance

9 130 (1)

Plus Surplus for the year 900 (1)OF

[7]

(e)

Bank balance	Income and expenditure account			
No adjustments made for accruals and prepayments	Items are adjusted for accruals and prepayments			
Includes all money received and paid	Includes only revenue receipts and expenditures			
Includes only monetary items	Includes non-monetary items			

Any four reasons (1) each

[4]

[Total: 31]

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6 (a)

Amina

Revised Income	Statement for	the year	ended 31	August 2014
	•	,		

	\$		\$	
Revenue (95 000 + 9500)			104 500	(1)
Less Cost of production (60 000 – 4000)	56 000	(1)		
Depreciation of equipment (10% × 80 000)	8 000	(1)	64 000	
Gross profit			40 500	
Less Other costs	25 000			
Loan interest (4% × 80 000)	3 200	(1)	<u> 28 200</u>	
Profit for the year (1)			<u>12 300</u>	(1)CF

Alternative presentation

Amina

Revised Income Statement for the year ended 31 August 2014

·	\$	\$
Original profit		10 000
Add Increase in selling price	9 500 (1)	
Decrease in repairs	<u>4 000</u> (1)	<u>13 500</u>
		23 500
Less Interest on loan	3 200 (1)	
Depreciation	<u>8 000</u> (1)	<u>11 200</u>
Revised profit for the year (1)		<u>12 300</u> (1)CF

[6]

(b) Advice – Purchase the equipment (1) Reason – Profit for the year is increased (1)

Or suitable advice and reason based on OF answer to (a)

[2]

(c) Any one from -

May not be able to obtain the loan Interest must be paid irrespective of profit Loan has to be re-paid at a future date May not want the commitment of a liability Estimated costs may be too low Loan interest may increase

Or other appropriate comment

Any 1 comment (2) marks

[2]

(d) (i)
$$\frac{10\,000}{64\,000} \times \frac{100}{1} = 15.62\%$$
 (1)

(ii)
$$\frac{(12\,300\,(1)\text{OF} + 3\,200\,(1))}{(64\,000 + 80\,000)\,(1)} \times \frac{100}{1} = 10.76\%\,(1)\,\text{OF}$$
 [5]

[Total: 15]