CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2013 series

0452 ACCOUNTING

0452/12

Paper 1, maximum raw mark 120

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

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Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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- 1 (a) D
 - (b) D
 - (c) D
 - (d) B
 - (e) A
 - (f) B
 - (g) C
 - (h) A
 - (i) A
 - (j) C (1) mark each

[Total: 10]

Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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2 (a) Dividends (1)

Transfer to general reserve (1)

[2]

(b) Shareholders have a legally separate identity from that of the company in which they hold shares

OR

Shareholders are only responsible for the debts of the company up to the amount they agreed to pay for their shares [2]

(c) Maximum (1)

Called up (1)

Money/cash/payment (1)

[3]

(d)
$$\frac{8}{100} \times \frac{500\,000}{1000\,000} = \$0.04$$

(e) To spread the cost of a non-current asset over its useful life

[1]

(f) (i)
$$8000 - 1600 = 6400$$
 (1) $- 1600$ = 4800 (1)

[2]

(ii)
$$8000 - 2000 = 6000$$
 (1) -1500) = 4500 (1)

[2]

(g) Revaluation (1)

Packing cases/loose tools/other appropriate example (1)

[2]

(h) Disposal account

[1]

[Total: 16]

Page 4	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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3 (a) Any two from –

To see the return on his investment

To see if he is generating funds for re-investment

To decide whether to continue in business or close the business

To compare the profit with previous years

To compare the profit with that of other businesses

To ensure that drawings do not exceed profit

To plan for the future/assist decision-making

To know if expenses can be controlled better/if improvements can be made

To calculate ratios/calculate profitability/measure performance

To compare profit with the salary if he worked elsewhere

For legal or tax purposes

Any 2 reasons (1) each

[2]

(b)

Account	Trial balance Debit or credit		Balance sheet section	
Drawings	Debit	(1)	Capital	(1)
Provision for doubtful debts	Credit	(1)	Current assets	(1)
Credit supplier	Credit	(1)	Current liabilities	(1)
Bank overdraft	Credit	(1)	Current liabilities	(1)
Long term bank loan	Credit	(1)	Non-current liabilities	(1)
Provision for depreciation	Credit	(1)	Non-current assets	(1)

[12]

(c) Any two from –

Omission	(1)	example of transaction totally omitted from the books	(1)
Commission	(1)	example of transaction posted to correct side of wrong account of right class	(1)
Principle	(1)	example of transaction posted to correct side of wrong	(4)
Original entry	(1)	account of wrong class example of transaction incorrectly recorded in book of	(1)
Reversal	(1)	prime entry example of debit entry posted on credit side and vice versa	(1) (1)
Compensating	(1)	example of two or more errors cancelling each other out	(1)

Naming any 2 errors (1) each

+ (1) each for appropriate example

[4]

[Total: 18]

Page 5	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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4 (a)

Document	Alan	Vicky
Invoice	√ (1)	
Credit note	√ (1)	
Debit note		√ (1)
Statement of account	√ (1)	

[4]

(b)

			Ins \$	suran	ce account		\$	
2012			Ψ		2013		Ψ	
July 1	Balance	b/d	200	(1)	June 30	Income statement	1300	(1)OF
Sept 1	Bank/cash	า	<u>1320</u> <u>1520</u>	(1)		Balance c/d	<u>220</u> 1520	
2013								
July 1	Balance	b/d	220	(1)				
+ (1) date	s							

[5]

(c)

			\$ \$	atione	ery account		\$	
2012			•		2013		•	
July 1 2013	Balance	b/d	60	(1)	June 30	Income statement Balance c/d	760 110	(1)OF
June 30	Bank/cash	1	810 870	(1)			870	
2013 July 1	Balance	b/d	110	(1)				

+ (1) dates

[5]

Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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(d) One from –

Sales ledger control account Purchases ledger control account Trial balance

Any one (1)	[1]

,	•	
ı	Δ1	
ı	C,	

		C	Cash Bo \$	ok (Bank	columns	only)	\$	
2013					2013			
Aug 1	Balance Diga Howat	b/d	1690 658 512 	(1) (1) (1)	Aug 1	Bank charges Water rates Rent Balance c/d	61 205 1000 <u>1594</u> 2860	(1) (1) (1)
2013							<u></u>	
Aug 1	Balance	b/d	1594	(1) OF				

[7]

•	£	•
	т	
ı		,
•		,

Bank Reconciliatio	n Statement at 1 A	ugust 20	113		
		\$		\$	
Balance shown in cash book				1594	(1)OF
Add Cheques not yet presented	Nash	701	(1)		. ,
	Zamir	<u>451</u>	(1)	<u>1152</u>	
		<u> </u>	` ,	2746	
Less Amounts not yet credited	Cash sales			<u>1112</u>	(1)
Balance shown on bank statement				1634	(1)

Alternative presentation Bank Reconciliation St	atement at 1 Au	aust 20)13		
		\$		\$	
Balance shown on bank statement		,		1634	(1)
Add Amounts not yet credited	Cash sales			<u>1112</u>	(1)
•				2746	` '
Less Cheques not yet presented	Nash	701	(1)		
	Zamir	<u>451</u>	(1)	<u>1152</u>	
Balance shown in cash book				<u>1594</u>	(1)OF

[5]

[Total: 27]

					•	2215			-	
		IGCS	SE - Oct	tober/No	vember	2013	0452	<u> </u>	12	
5 (a))									
	•				scription	ns account				
				\$					\$	
	2012					2012				
	Aug 1 2013	Balance	b/d	60 00	(1)	Aug 1 2013	Balance	b/d	70	(1)
	July 31	Income a	nd			July 31	Bank		3100	(1)
	•	Expenditu	ıre	3190	(1)OF	•	Bad debts	;	50	
		Balance	c/d	10			Balance	c/d	40	
				<u>3260</u>					<u>3260</u>	
	2013			4.0		2013		. , .	4.0	
	Aug 1	Balance	b/d	40	(1)	Aug 1	Balance	b/d	10	(1)
										[7]
										[7]
(b))									
	,			Top S	Shot Bad	minton Club				
		I	ncome S	Statement	t for the	year ended 3	31 July 2013	3		
							\$		\$	
	Revenue								5200 (1)
		st of sales					400			
		ntory 1 Augu					400	(1)		
	Purc	hases (2800	150)				<u>2650</u> 3050	(1)		
	Loca	Inventory 3	1 July 20	112			480	(1)	<u>2570</u>	
	Profit	inventory 5	i July 20	713			400	(1)		1)OF
	1 TOIL								<u>2000</u> (.,0.
										[5]
										• •
(c))									
						minton Club			4.0	
		Income	and Exp	enditure <i>i</i>	Account	for the year	_	uly 201		
	Cubaaria	tiono					\$		\$	1\0E
	Subscrip	refreshment	c						•	1)OF 1)OF
	1 TOILL OIL	renesiment	3						5820	1,01
	Rent						1400}		0020	
	Wages						1200}	(1)		
	Other co	sts					370	(1)		
	Bad debt	s					50	(1)		
		ition – equipi	ment (62	200 + 380	0 – 8100	0)	<u>1900</u>	(2)	<u>4920</u>	
	Surplus f	or the year							<u>900</u> (1)OF
										[8]

Mark Scheme

Syllabus

Paper

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(d)

Top Shot Badminton Club Balance Sheet at 31 July 2013

\$ \$

Non-current Assets Equipment at valuation

8 100 **(1)**

Current Assets

 Inventory
 480 (1)

 Subscriptions accrued
 40 (1)

 Bank
 1 420 (1)

1 940

Current Liabilities

Net current assets <u>1 930</u> 10 030

Accumulated Fund Opening balance Plus Surplus for the year

9 130 (1)

900 (1)**OF**

[7]

(e)

Bank balance	Income and expenditure account
No adjustments made for accruals and prepayments	Items are adjusted for accruals and prepayments
Includes all money received and paid	Includes only revenue receipts and expenditures
Includes only monetary items	Includes non-monetary items

Any four reasons (1) each

[4]

[Total: 31]

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6 (a)

Amina

Revised Income	Statement for	the year	ended 31	August 2014
	•			

	\$	\$
Revenue (95 000 + 9500)		104 500 (1)
Less Cost of production (60 000 – 4000)	56 000 (1)	
Depreciation of equipment (10% × 80 000)	<u>8 000</u> (1)	<u>64 000</u>
Gross profit		40 500
Less Other costs	25 000	
Loan interest (4% × 80 000)	<u>3 200</u> (1)	<u>28 200</u>
Profit for the year (1)		<u>12 300</u> (1)CF

Alternative presentation

Amina

Revised Income Statement for the year ended 31 August 2014

	\$	\$
Original profit		10 000
Add Increase in selling price	9 500 (1)	
Decrease in repairs	<u>4 000</u> (1)	<u>13 500</u>
		23 500
Less Interest on loan	3 200 (1)	
Depreciation	<u>8 000</u> (1)	<u>11 200</u>
Revised profit for the year (1)		<u>12 300</u> (1)CF

[6]

(b) Advice – Purchase the equipment (1) Reason – Profit for the year is increased (1)

Or suitable advice and reason based on OF answer to (a)

[2]

(c) Any one from -

May not be able to obtain the loan Interest must be paid irrespective of profit Loan has to be re-paid at a future date May not want the commitment of a liability Estimated costs may be too low Loan interest may increase

Or other appropriate comment

Any 1 comment (2) marks

[2]

(d) (i)
$$\frac{10\,000}{64\,000} \times \frac{100}{1} = 15.62\%$$
 (1)

(ii)
$$\frac{(12\,300\,(1)\text{OF} + 3\,200\,(1))}{(64\,000 + 80\,000)\,(1)} \times \frac{100}{1} = 10.76\%\,(1)\,\text{OF}$$
 [5]

[Total: 15]