### MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2012 series

## 0452 ACCOUNTING

0452/21

Paper 2, maximum raw mark 120

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2012 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



Page 2		Mark Scheme	Syllab	
		IGCSE – October/November 2	012 0452	2 21
(a)		Zabeel		10
		Manufacturing Account for the year	•	
	Costof	mataviala aprovincial	\$	\$
		materials consumed	E4 200 (4)	
		es of raw materials	54 300 <b>(1)</b>	
	Less Pu	rchases returns	<u>2 100</u> (1) 52 200	
	Corrigo	an nurchagag		
	Camaye	e on purchases	<u>480</u> (1) 52 680	
		osing inventory of raw materials	<u>4 300</u> (1)	48 380
		actory wages (46 000 + 2150)	<u>4 300</u> (1)	<u>48 150</u> (1)
	Prime co			96 530 (1) O/F
		overheads		
	Indirect		11 210 <b>(1)</b>	
		expenses (21 660 – 370)	21 290 <b>(1)</b>	
		nd insurance (60% x 6000)	3 600 (1)	
		ation – Machinery (20% x 64 500)	12 900 <b>(1)</b>	
	•	Loose tools (980 + 130 – 820)	<u> </u>	49 290
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	( /	145 820 (1) O/F
	Less Clo	osing work in progress		<u>10 200</u> (1)
	Producti	on cost of goods completed		<u>135 620</u> (1) O/
				F
				[
(b)		Zabeel		
		Income Statement for the year en	ded 31 October 2012	
		moonio otatomont for the your on		<u> </u>
	_		\$	\$
	Revenue	e	\$ 183 400 <b>(1)</b>	
	Less Sa	e les returns	\$	\$ 180 800
	Less Sa Less Co	e les returns ist of sales	\$ 183 400 <b>(1)</b> <u>2 600</u> <b>(1)</b>	180 800
	Less Sa Less Co Producti	e les returns ist of sales ion cost of goods completed	\$ 183 400 <b>(1)</b> <u>2 600</u> <b>(1)</b> 135 620 <b>(1) C</b>	180 800
	Less Sa Less Co Producti	e les returns ist of sales	\$ 183 400 (1) <u>2 600</u> (1) 135 620 (1) C <u>9 200</u> (1)	180 800
	Less Sa Less Co Producti Purchas	e les returns ost of sales ion cost of goods completed ses of finished goods	\$ 183 400 (1) <u>2 600</u> (1) 135 620 (1) C <u>9 200</u> (1) 144 820	180 800 D/F
	Less Sa Less Co Producti Purchas Less Clo	e les returns ost of sales ion cost of goods completed ses of finished goods osing inventory of finished goods	\$ 183 400 (1) <u>2 600</u> (1) 135 620 (1) C <u>9 200</u> (1)	180 800 D/F <u>132 200</u>
	Less Sa Less Co Producti Purchas	e les returns ost of sales ion cost of goods completed ses of finished goods osing inventory of finished goods	\$ 183 400 (1) <u>2 600</u> (1) 135 620 (1) C <u>9 200</u> (1) 144 820	180 800 D/F
	Less Sa Less Co Producti Purchas Less Clo	e les returns ost of sales ion cost of goods completed ses of finished goods osing inventory of finished goods	\$ 183 400 (1) <u>2 600</u> (1) 135 620 (1) C <u>9 200</u> (1) 144 820	180 800 D/F <u>132 200</u>
(c)	Less Sa Less Co Producti Purchas Less Clo Gross p	e les returns ist of sales ion cost of goods completed ses of finished goods osing inventory of finished goods rofit	\$ 183 400 (1) <u>2 600</u> (1) 135 620 (1) C <u>9 200</u> (1) 144 820	180 800 D/F <u>132 200</u> <u>48 600</u> (1) O/F
(c)	Less Sa Less Co Producti Purchas Less Clo Gross p	e les returns ost of sales ion cost of goods completed ses of finished goods osing inventory of finished goods	\$ 183 400 (1) <u>2 600</u> (1) 135 620 (1) C <u>9 200</u> (1) 144 820	180 800 D/F <u>132 200</u> <u>48 600</u> (1) O/F
	Less Sa Less Co Producti Purchas Less Clo Gross pr (i) Low	e les returns ist of sales ion cost of goods completed ses of finished goods osing inventory of finished goods rofit	\$ 183 400 (1) <u>2 600</u> (1) 135 620 (1) C <u>9 200</u> (1) 144 820	180 800 D/F <u>132 200</u> <u>48 600</u> (1) O/F

# (d) (i) Realisation

(ii) Business entity

[Total: 24]

[1]

[1]

Page 3		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – O	ctober/November 2012	0452	21
		Nonov Tonwin		
(a)		Nancy Tanwin		
		Rent received account		
2012		\$ 2011		\$
Oct 31 In	ncome	Nov 1 Bala	nce/bank/cash	432 <b>(1)</b>
	statement	2592 (2)C/F 2012		
		(1)O/F Jan 1 Banl	κ	1296 <b>} (1)</b>
Oct 31 B	alance c/d	_ <u>216</u> July 1 Banl	٢	<u>1080</u> }
		<u>2808</u>		2808
		2012		
		Nov 1 Balance	o/d	216 <b>(1) O/F</b>
+ (1) Dat				
+ (1) Dat	.62			

(b) Current liabilities (1)

Nancy Tanwin has a liability to provide a benefit for which she has already been paid. (1) [2]

(c)			Nancy Advertising	/ Tanwin expense			
	2011		\$	2011			\$
	Nov 15 Cash		74}	Nov 1	Balance	b/d	74 (1)
	2012		} (1)	2012			
	June 1 Bank		1200}	Oct 31	Income		
					Statem	ent	500 (2)C/F (1)O/F
			1274		Balance	c/d	<u>700</u> <u>1274</u>
	2012						
	Nov 1 Balance	b/d	700 <b>(1) (</b>	D/F			

+ (1) Dates

[6]

(	d	)

Effect on capital employed	Tick
Overstate	
Understated	$\checkmark$

[1]

Page 4	Mark Scheme		Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – October/Noven	nber 2012	0452	21
(e) S	Nancy Ta tatement of corrected profit/loss f		31 October 2012	
Profit for	the year before corrections		\$ (550)	
	Increase in profit \$	Decrease in profit \$		
Error 1	¥	<sup>*</sup> 20		
Error 2	1100 <b>(2)</b>			
Error 3	No effect	(2)		
Error 4		310 <b>(2)</b>		
Error 5	260 <b>(2)</b>			
	<u>1360</u>	<u>330</u>	<u>1030</u>	
	Corrected pr	ofit for the year	<u>480</u> (1) O/F	

[9]

[2]

- **3 (a)** The liability of the ordinary shareholders for the debts of the company is limited to the amount they agree to pay the company for their shares.
  - (b) Ordinary shareholders are members (owners) of the company: debenture holders are lenders.
    Ordinary shares carry voting rights: debentures do not carry voting rights.
    Ordinary shareholders receive a dividend; debenture holders receive interest.
    Ordinary shareholders receive a variable return on their shares: debentures holders received a fixed interest rate.
    Ordinary share dividend is a share of profit and may not be paid if there is no profit: debenture interest is an expense and is payable irrespective of profits
    In the event of a winding-up, debentures are repaid before ordinary shares.
    Debentures have to be repaid but ordinary shares do not

#### Any 2 points (2) each

[4]

	Page 5		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
		IGCSE – C	October/November 2012	0452	21
	Profit for Less Tra Ordina	the year Insfer to general re ary share dividend	– paid <b>(1)</b> 5 25	\$ 36 0 00 <b>(1)</b> 50 <b>(1)</b> <u>22 2</u>	5 000 <b>(1)</b>
	Retained	I profit for the year I profit brought forv I profit carried forw		73	<u>300</u> (1) <u>050</u> (1) O/F
					[9]
(d)			White Rose Ltd From Balance Sheet at 31 August	: 2012 \$	;
		res of \$0.50 each rve (18 500 + 10 0	00)	28 5	000 (1) 500 (2) 50 (2) C/F (1) O/F [5]
(e)		Extract f	White Rose Ltd from Balance Sheet at 31 August		\$
	Non-current I 5% Debentur	iabilities es of \$100 each		100 (	000 <b>(2)</b>
	_ ,• _ • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
					[2]
					[Total: 22]

Page 6	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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 4 (a) Work can be shared amongst several people Easier for reference as the same type of accounts are kept together Easier to introduce checking procedures

#### Any 1 point (1)

(b)

[1]

		Ruth \	/an Zyl		
		Purchases Le	dger Control acco	unt	
2012		\$	2012		\$
Sept 1 Balance	b/d	210 <b>(1)</b>	Sept 1 Balance	b/d	9 530 <b>(1)</b>
30 Returns		1 160 <b>(1)</b>	30 Purchase	s	11 740 <b>(1)</b>
Bank		8 730 <b>(1)</b>	Interest		90 (1)
Discount		270 (1)	Balance	c/d	160
Balance	c/d	<u>11 150</u>			
		<u>21 520</u>			<u>21 520</u>
2012			2012		
Oct 1 Balance	b/d	160 <b>(1)</b>	Oct 1 Balance	b/d	11 150 <b>(2)C/F</b>
		O/F			(1)O/F

#### +(1) Dates

(c) Assist in the location of errors
 Provide instant total of trade payables
 Proves the arithmetical accuracy of the purchases ledger/the ledger they control
 Enables a balance sheet to be prepared quickly
 Provides a summary of the transactions relating to trade payables
 May reduce fraud

#### Any 2 points (1) each

[2]

[11]

Page 7	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – October/November 2012	0452	21

(d) Item	Entry in sales I	edger control account
(ii) Sales returns	Credit	(1)
(iii) Bad debt written off	Credit	(1)
(iv) Provision for doubtful debts	No entry	(1)
(v) Credit customer's cheque dishonoured	Debit	(1)

[4]

(e)

#### Ruth Van Zyl Journal

	Debit \$	Credit \$	
Wilhelm Interest receivable	15	15	(1) (1)
Interest charged on overdue account			(1)
Ansie (purchases ledger account) Ansie (sales ledger account) Transfer of balance of purchases ledger account to sales ledger account	500	500	(1) (1) (1)

[6]

[Total: 24]

	Ра	ge 8	Mark Scheme					Syllabus		Paper	
			IGCSE – October/November 2012					0452		21	
5	(a)			Тс	otal trade rece	ivables account					
Ū	(4)	2011			\$	2012		\$			
			Balance	b/d	4 950 <b>(1)</b>	Sept 30 Bank		56 360			
		2012 Sept 30	عمام	*	60 600 <b>(1)</b>	Discount Bad debts		1 640 1 260	• •		
		Sept 30 Sales * 60 6		00 000 (1)	Balance c/c			• •			
					<u>65 550</u>			<u>65 550</u>			
		Alternat									
		Calculati	on of sale	s for the	e year	\$					
		Receipts from customer 56 360						,			
			s allowed			1 640 ( 1 260 (					
		Bad deb Amount	owing 30 S	Septem	ber 2012		<u>90</u> (1	•			
		Less Am	ounts owi	ng 1 Au	igust 2011		50 <u>50</u> (1	I)			
		Sales for	the year			<u>60 6</u>	<u>00</u> (1	I)			
											[6]
	(b)			<b>F</b> = 1	2 120 <b>(2) O/F</b>						[2]
		125	1								
	(c)	Sales	60 6	600 <b>0/F</b>	=						
(0)		Gross pr	ofit <u>12 1</u>	<u>120</u> O/F	:						
		Cost of s	ales <u>48 4</u>	<u>480</u> (2)	O/F						[2]
	<i>(</i> <b>)</b>	40.400		00.1							
	(d)	<u>48 480</u> <b>C</b> 6 000	<b>D/F</b> = 8.	.08 time	es (2) C/F (1) O/F						[2]
		0 000			(1) 0/1						[-]
	(e)	Reduce i	inventory l	evels							
	(•)		e more sal		vity						
		Only rep	lace inven	tory wh	en needed						
		Any 2 po	oints (2) e	ach							[4]
					6150 + 1240)						
			0 (1) C/F	: 7390	0 <b>(1) C/F</b>						
		= 1.649 = 1.65	: 1 : 1 (1) C/	/F							
											[3]

Page 9	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – October/November 2012	0452	21

(g) (6290 + 100) : (6150 + 1240) = 6390 (1) C/F : 7390 (1) C/F = 0.864 : 1 = 0.86 : 1 (1) C/F

[3]

(h) Inventory is not included in the calculation of the quick ratio (1)

Either

Inventory is not regarded as a liquid asset – a buyer has to be found and then the money collected. (1)

#### Or

The quick ratio shows whether the business would have any surplus liquid funds if all the current liabilities were paid immediately from the liquid assets. (1)

[2]

(i) Introduce additional capital Reduce drawings Sell surplus non-current assets Obtain long-term loan

Any 1 point (2)

[2]

[Total: 26]