MARK SCHEME for the March 2015 series

0452 ACCOUNTING

0452/12

Paper 12, maximum raw mark 120

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Glossary for Q1

- (a) A 29 500 18 100 + 11 300 15 000 = 7700
 B 29 500 + 18 100 11 300 15 000 = 21 300
 C 29 500 18 100 + 11 300 + 15 000 = 37 700
 D 29 500 + 18 100 11 300 + 15 000 = 51 300
- (d) A $(750/15) \times 4$ months
 - B (750/12) × 4 months
 - C $(750/12) \times 8$ months
 - D (750/15) × 11 months
- (e) A 78-22-6
 - B 78–22
 - C from question
 - D from question

Mark scheme

- **1 (a)** B
 - **(b)** C
 - **(c)** D
 - **(d)** D
 - (e) A
 - **(f)** B
 - **(g)** A
 - (h) C
 - (i) C
 - (j) A

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- 2 (a) An item which an organisation owns/which is owed to the organisation (1)
- [1]

[4]

(b) A statement of financial position is a statement of all the assets and liabilities of an organisation (1) at a specific date (1). An income statement is a statement of all the revenues and costs of an organisation (1) for a specific period (1).

(c)			
		Debit	Credit
	Cash	~	
	Capital		√ (1)
	Bonnie – a credit customer	✓ (1)	
	Loan from the bank		√ (1)
	Other operating expenses	✓ (1)	
	Purchases returns		√ (1)

(d)

I)					
	Feb	Account to be debited	\$	Account to be credited	\$
	1	Purchases	600	Abdul	600
	2	Cash	150 (1)	Sales	150 (1)
	3	Bank	100 (1)	Cash	100 (1)
	4	Drawings	50 (1)	Cash	50 (1)
	5	Sara	510 (1)	Sales	510 (1)
	6	Abdul	600 (1)	Bank	600 (1)

(e)

	Jo Cash book (b	ohn bank colu	mns)	
Date Details Feb 1 Balance b/d 3 Cash 7 Balance c/d	\$ 450 (1) 100 (1) 50	Date Feb 6	Details Abdul	\$ 600 (1)
	600			600
+1 for dates	I	Feb 8	Balance b/d	50 (1of)

[5]

[10]

[5]

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(f) Drawings (1)

[Total: 26]

[1]

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3 (a) (i)

	Pr	ovision for de	Alex epreciation	account	
Date 2014	Details	\$	Date 2014	Details	\$
Apr 1	Disposal account	6 800 (1)	Jan 1	Balance b/d	6 800 (1)
Dec 31	Balance c/d	9 600 `	Dec 31	Income statement	9 600 (1)
		 16 400			16 400
			2015		
			Jan 1	Balance b/d	9 600 (1of)
+1 for da	tes				[

(ii)

			Alex		
		Dispos	al accour	nt	
Date 2014	Details	\$	Date 2014	Details	\$
Apr 1	Motor vehicle	17 000 (1)	Apr 1	Prov depreciation	6 800 (1 OF)
				Bank	9 400 (1)
				Income statement	800 (1of)
		47.000			47.000
		17 000			17 000
					[4]

(b)

Alex Statement of Financial Position (extract) at 31 December 2014 Non-current assets **(1)**

		Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Net book value	
		\$	\$	\$	
	Motor vehicles	24 000 (1)	9 600 (1of)	14 400 (1of)	
					[4]
(c)	14 400 (1of) × 40% =	5 760 (1of)			[2]
. ,	ζ, γ	· · /			
(d)	general journal (1)	cash book (1)			[2]
(u)	general journal (1)				[4]
(e)		to day running expense	es (1)		[0]
	Suitable example (1)				[2]
				[]	[otal: 19]
				-	-

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4	(a)	Cost of sa	s = 165 600 + 44 ales = 210 000 × s = 140 000 – 21	2/3 (1) = 14	000 04	(1of)	7 200 (1of)		[6]
	(b)								
						Kriti			
					s ledge		account		
		2014		\$		2014		\$	
		Jan 1	Balance b/d	13 400 (1 for both)		Jan 1	Balance b/d	1:	20
		Dec 31	Credit sales	165 600	(1)	Dec 31	Bad debts	28	00 (1)
			Bank	90	(1)		Bank	155 0	· · ·
			Balance c/d	200	. ,		Discount allowed	4 5	
							PLCA	1 3	00 (1)
			_		_		Balance c/d	15 5	
		2015		179 290	-	2015		179 2	
		Jan 1	Balance b/d	15 500	(1of)	Jan 1	Balance b/d	2	00 (1)
		+1 for dat	tes						[40]
									[10]
	(c)	May reduce Provides of Provides s	errors in sales loce fraud quick total of trac summary of trad easons (1) each	de receivabl		sactions			[2]
	(d)		returns goods a						
		Customer Any one r	did not deduct o eason (1)	liscount bef	ore pa	yment			[1]
	(e)	A provisio	n for doubtful de	bts does no	ot affec	t an indi	vidual debtor's acc	ount (1)	[1]
	•••								
									[Total: 20]

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5 (a)

Cost	Overhead section of the manufacturing account	Income statement	
Office rent		✓	
Factory rent	✓ (1)		
Carriage outwards		✓ (1)	
Depreciation of machinery	✓ (1)		
Depreciation of office equipment		✓ (1)	
Discount allowed		✓ (1)	
Salesman's salary		✓ (1)	
Administration costs		√ (1)	

(b)

Harrington Manufacturing Account (extract) for the year ended 31 December 2014			
manalaotaning / coodant (oxt	\$	o your c	\$
Inventory of raw materials at	Ŧ		Ŧ
1 January 2014			5 600
Purchases of raw materials	71 100		
Less purchases returns	1 000	(1)	
	70 100		
Less drawings	2 000	(1)	
	68 100		
Carriage inwards	2 100	(1)	
			70 200
			75 800
Inventory of raw materials at			
31 December 2014			<u>4 200</u> (1) for both
Cost of raw materials consumed (1)			71 600 (10F)
Direct labour			<u> </u>
Prime cost (1)			<u> 124 150 </u> (1of)

(c) To set prices OR to compare the cost of manufacturing with the cost of buying the goods in. (1)

(d) 4200 (1) + 1800 (1) + 5500 (1) = 11 500

[Total: 20]

[3]

[9]

[7]

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6 (a)

	Increase \$	Decrease \$	\$
Draft profit			26 200
Error 1	400 (1)		
Error 2		600 (1)	
Error 3	2 000 (1)		
Error 4	<u>50 (1)</u>		
	<u>2 450</u>	600	<u> 1 850 </u>
Corrected profit			<u>28 050 (1of)</u>

(b)

Arun Statement of Financial Position at 31 Jan	uary 2015 \$	
Non-current assets Fixtures and fittings Motor vehicles	20 800 12 100	(4)
Current assets Inventory Trade receivables (8700 – 600) Other receivables Cash and cash equivalents (1100 + 50)	32 900 15 900 8 100 400 1 150 25 550	(1) (1) (1) (1) (1)
Total assets Capital at 1 February 2014 Profit for the year	58 450 28 400 28 050 56 450	(1) (1of)
Drawings 10 000 (1) + 2000 (1) Capital at 31 January 2015 Current liabilities	12 000 44 450	
Trade payables Total liabilities	14 000 58 450	(1)

[5]

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(c) Accruals (matching)

Costs and revenues should be matched (1) within an accounting period (1) Any suitable example (1)

Business entity

The business is treated as being separate from the owner (1). The business records are from the viewpoint of the business (1). Any suitable example (1)

[6]

(d)

	Increase	Decrease
Gross profit margin	√ (1)	
Rate of inventory turnover (in days)	√ (1)	
Net profit margin	√ (1)	
Return on capital employed	√ (1)	

[4]

[Total: 25]